

PLANNING COMMISSION Agenda

DATE:

November 7, 2016

LOCATION:

Council Chambers, 2212 Beach Boulevard

TIME:

7:00 PM

ROLL CALL:

SALUTE TO FLAG:

ADMINISTRATIVE BUSINESS:

Approval of Order of Agenda

Approval of Minutes: October 3, 2016; October 17, 2016

Designation of Liaison to City Council Meeting: None

Oral Communications:

This portion of the agenda is available to the public to address the Planning Commission on any issue within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Commission that is not on the agenda. The time allowed for any speaker will be three minutes.

CONSENT ITEMS:

None

STUDY SESSION:

1.

CONCEPTUAL PLAN FOR 570 CRESPI DRIVE, filed by Stuart Welte of EID Architects, agent for owner Brendan Murphy. The plan includes a proposal for two buildings including a two story commercial building with 3,191 square feet of commercial floor space and a three story residential building including 9 residential townhomes totaling 16,219 square feet, located at 570 Crespi Drive (APN: 022-162-310) in Pacifica. Recommended Action: The Planning Commission takes no formal action at Study Sessions. Staff is requesting that the Planning Commission provide feedback on the conceptual plan and hear public comments.

PUBLIC HEARINGS:

2. PSD-812-16

COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT CDP-373-16 and SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT PSD-812-16, filed by applicant Marc Dimalanta of D-Scheme Studio, to remove an existing 988-square foot single family residence with two detached garages totaling 836 square feet and construct a 5,309-square foot three-story, single-family residence on a 8,568-square foot lot located at 263 Kent Road (APN: 023-031-300) in Pacifica. The project site is located within the Coastal Zone. Recommended California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) status: Class 1 and Class 3 Categorical Exemptions, Sections 15301(I)(1) and 15303(a). Recommended Action: Approve as conditioned.

3. CDP-256-05 UP-947-05 AMENDMENT OF COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT CDP-256-05 and USE PERMIT UP-947-05, filed by applicant Doina Frentescu of Ericsson, to replace three of the existing six roof mounted antennas located within two mock chimneys with three new larger antennas; to add three remote radio units (RRUs) and relocate three RRUs to the roof top facilities; and, to replace the two existing mock chimneys, each 5' by 5' by 6' (length by width by height; 150 ft³) with one 5' x 8' x 9' (360 ft³) mock chimney and one 8' x 10' by 9' (720 ft³) mock chimney located at 2580 Francisco Boulevard (APN: 016-400-060) in Pacifica. The purpose of the modification is to improve LTE 4G service capacity around the project site. The project is within the Coastal Zone. Recommended CEQA status: Class 1 Categorical Exemption, Section 15301(b).

Recommended Action: Approve as conditioned.

CONSIDERATION ITEMS: None

COMMUNICATIONS:

Commission Communications:

Staff Communications:

ADJOURNMENT

Anyone aggrieved by the action of the Planning Commission has 10 calendar days to appeal the decision in writing to the City Council. If any of the above actions are challenged in court, issues which may be raised are limited to those raised at the public hearing or in written correspondence delivered to the City at, or prior to, the public hearing. Judicial review of any City administrative decision may be had only if a petition is filed with the court not later than the 90th day following the date upon which the decision becomes final. Judicial review of environmental determinations may be subject to a shorter time period for litigation, in certain cases 30 days following the date of final decision.

The City of Pacifica will provide special assistance for persons with disabilities upon 24 hours advance notice to the City Manager's office at (650) 738-7301, including requests for sign language assistance, written material printed in a larger font, or audio recordings of written material. All meeting rooms are accessible to persons with disabilities.

NOTE: Off-street parking is allowed by permit for attendance at official public meetings. Vehicles parked without permits are subject to citation. You should obtain a permit from the rack in the lobby and place it on the dashboard of your vehicle in such a manner as is visible to law enforcement personnel.



PLANNING COMMISSION Study Session Staff Report

DATE:

November 7, 2016

ITEM:

1

PUBLIC NOTICE:

Courtesy notice mailed to property owners and occupants within 300 ft. on

October 27, 2016, and published in the Pacifica Tribune on October 19,

2016.

AGENT:

Stuart Welte

OWNER:

Brendon Murphy

EID Architects

P.O. Box 301

412 Olive Avenue

San Mateo, CA 94401

Palo Alto, CA 94306

PROJECT

LOCATION:

570 Crespi Drive, Pacifica, CA 94044 – West Linda Mar

DESCRIPTION:

Proposal for two buildings including a two story commercial building with 3,191 square feet of commercial floorspace and a three story residential building including nine residential townhomes comprising seven, two bedroom and two, three bedroom condominium units totaling 16,219 square feet, located at 570 Crespi Drive (APN 022-162-310) in Pacifica.

DESIGNATIONS:

General Plan:

Commercial

Zoning:

M-1 - Controlled Manufacturing District

CEQA STATUS:

To be determined upon further review.

REQUIRED

INPUT:

The applicant has submitted detailed site plans and information necessary to perform a project review. For the proposal to move forward, the applicant wishes to receive feedback on the built form of the proposed uses around the site, percentages of floorspace to commercial and residential land uses and how the existing proposal conforms with the specific goals and language of the General Plan.

November 7th, 2016 Study Session – 570 Crespi Drive Page 2 of 6

Based on the information provided, should the applicant wish to proceed with the current proposal, they would need to obtain amendments to the General Plan, requiring legislative approval, as part of a Planning Commission recommendation, with City Council approval of amendments, as well as project approvals that include but are not limited to:

- Site Development Permit;
- Use Permit;
- Re-zone;
- Subdivision Map.

RECOMMENDED

INPUT:

Is the form of separate commercial and residential buildings acceptable given the General Plan language; are floorspace percentages for individual land uses appropriate; and can the proposal be brought into conformance with General Plan and Zoning Code policies through policy amendments, in this site context.

PREPARED BY:

Robert Smith, Assistant Planner

PROJECT SUMMARY

1. <u>Project Description</u>: In preparing a comprehensive plan for redevelopment of the site, the Applicant has submitted a proposal for a mixed use scheme which includes commercial and residential uses with a portion of the site to the rear undeveloped and retained for landscaping, and stormwater retention.

The current proposal is for the development of a mixed use project of commercial and residential land uses. The arrangement of commercial and residential floorspace in separate buildings on the site is contrary to how the General Plan and Zoning Code requires mixed uses to be arranged. Specifically the General Plan states "Mixed residential and commercial uses are allowed when the dwelling units are located above the commercial uses." The rear building, with entirely residential uses on the ground floor does not conform to the General Plan requirement.

The General Plan does not give guidance on the proportion or percentages of floorspace that each land use should provide. The commercial building proposed at the front of the site represents a total of 15 percent of the overall proposed floorspace. The remaining 85 percent of the proposed floorspace is as nine (9) residential condominiums. The low proportion of commercial floorspace does not conform to the General Plan language about this area of West Linda Mar because the Land Use section makes reference to this site as "recommended for commercial uses...".

2. Background: Formerly the site of a single family home, due to its poor condition, the Applicant demolished the structure in October 2016.

The site is located within West Linda Mar, described in that section of the General Plan Land Use Element as follows:

"Vacant land opposite Roberts Road on Crespi is recommended for commercial uses to strengthen the existing commercial uses in the area. This is an appropriate location for a variety of general commercial uses."

Although not adopted, the Draft General Plan identifies this area as a 'Mixed Use Center'. The definition of the 'Mixed Use Center' is:

"...intended for high-density mixed use development, including public or community uses and hotels. Allowable uses include ground-floor retail, restaurants or service uses and housing or offices on upper levels."

The Draft General Plan continues the requirement from the current General Plan and Zoning Code to locate residential accommodation above ground floor commercial uses.

- **3.** Surrounding Land Uses: The site is bound to the west by the Pacifica Community Center and to the east by the 'Crespi Center' forming a collection of separate commercial units. The Ocean View senior apartments are located to the north of the site while the Linda Mar Beach lies beyond the site to the west. The site is bound on the south by a number of single family residential properties. The property is outside the Coastal Zone Combining District.
- **4. Examples of Alternative Development:** The Applicant has requested Staff review a number of other development projects throughout the City as part of this project analysis. The following sites have been identified for review:

	570 Crespi Drive	Site 1	Site 2	Site 3
Total Site Area				
	42,763	9,594	6,643	5,000
Residential floorspace				
	18,219 (85%)	5,208 (76%)	3,200 (64%)	3,200 (65%)
Commercial				
floorspace	3,191 (15%)	1,612 (24%)	1,821 (36%)	1,700 (35%)
Landscape area				
	14,900 (35%)	959 (10%)	730 (11%)	500 (10%)
Building height				
DΣ	35'	30'	33'7"	34'
Parking Spaces				
	26	16	8	5
Private Open Space				
	2812 (per dwelling)	750	596	0
		Table	4.1; Comparison tal	ole of approved site

Site 1 - Northwest corner of Monterey Road and Waterford Street;

Site 2 – 195 Carmel Avenue;

Site 3 – 411 Dondee Way.

Each of the identified schemes have entirely commercial uses (excluding areas for parking and circulation) on the ground floor with residential uses above.

<u>5. Planning Policy Context:</u> The conditions for development of residential floorspace in relation to commercial floorspace identified in the General Plan and Zoning Code is as follows:

General Plan Definition:

"...Mixed residential and commercial uses are allowed when the dwelling units are located above the commercial uses. Intensity of residential development shall be regulated with a minimum of 2,000 s.f. of lot area per unit."

Zoning Code C-2 Conditional Uses:

"One or more dwelling units in the same building as a commercial use when located entirely above the ground floor. Density shall be controlled by a minimum lot area per dwelling unit or 2,000 s.f."

The General Plan and Zoning code are clear in terms of the format which proposed development should take. In its current form with residential floorspace located at ground floor, the proposed development would require a General Plan text amendment and Rezoning. An amendment to the General Plan, would require legislative action by the City Council.

7. General Plan Text Amendment: Should the Applicant wish to continue with the proposal for separate residential and commercial buildings, a General Plan text amendment would have to be proposed as part of the application. Amendments to the General Plan text would be considered on a City-wide basis which would need legislative approval, as part of a Planning Commission recommendation, and City Council approval of that amendment. The amendment would affect all future development proposals, not just this specific project, and represent a significant departure in how the City has assessed development proposals in the past.

Amendments would need to be proposed to the following 'Commercial Land Use' definition:

"Indicates the variety of potential commercial uses the City might attract, including visitor-serving commercial, retail commercial, office, heavy commercial and light industrial. The type of commercial use recommended for a site is stated in the General Plan Land Use Description. Mixed residential and commercial uses are allowed when the dwelling units are located above the commercial uses. Intensity of residential development shall be regulated with a minimum of 2,000 s.f. of lot area per unit."

Amending the General Plan text to allow residential floorspace at ground floor in designated commercial areas would create a pattern of development that would be at odds with the priorities for commercial development. Not having commercial floorspace on the ground floor would limit street visibility, vibrancy, and accessibility which exists in defined commercial areas. This would undermine the City's ability to sustain commercial uses in many areas. Residential development represents the most desirable form of development at this time, which if a text amendment was approved, may lead to commercial floorspace being redirected to less appropriate, subordinate locations, away from the street, and jeopardizing the functional use of commercial units. Moving commercial floorspace away from the ground floor would erode the cohesion between commercial operators in these designated areas of the City.

Although the draft General Plan is not adopted, it continues to identify the project site as commercial in nature. The definition of how commercial floorspace should be delivered also remains the same, with a requirement for commercial uses to dominate at ground floor. A text amendment would not be consistent with the approach of the City in this 2014 published document.

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8. Land Use Proportion of residential floorspace: The City does not have a policy for determining how different land uses should be apportioned on mixed use sites. Development is evaluated on a case by case basis and considered in relation to the specific site context. The General Plan is clear on the commercial focus of this site "land opposite Roberts Road on Crespi is recommended for commercial uses to strengthen the existing commercial uses in the area." The focus is commercial land use with the General Plan emphasizing the dominant makeup of development as commercial in its focus.

The specific site circumstances at 570 Crespi Drive do not restrict the ability to provide a predominantly commercial land use. Although narrow, the site is large, with nothing preventing a reduction of residential floorspace in favor of accommodating significantly more commercial floorspace. Commercial use should be the dominant form of land use at this site.

The Applicant provided a number of examples of approved development on commercially designated land (table 4.1). The comparison sites provided situations where the proposed form of development was significantly more constrained in terms of the ability to provide ground floor commercial floorspace. Accommodating parking, circulation, and creating functional commercial units on these comparison sites restricted the ability to provide a higher proportion of commercial floorspace. The comparison sites indicate that even in these constrained situations, a reasonable proportion of commercial floorspace, at least one third of the built floorspace, can be provided.

The site at Monterey Road and Waterford Street represents a situation where additional commercial floorspace was difficult to accommodate due to the required circulation for parking and the General Plan language also focused on multifamily residential development in this area.

6. <u>Planning Commission Feedback</u>: Is the form of separate commercial and residential buildings acceptable given the General Plan language; are floorspace percentages for individual land uses appropriate; and can the proposal be brought into conformance with General Plan and Zoning Code policies through policy amendments, in this site context.

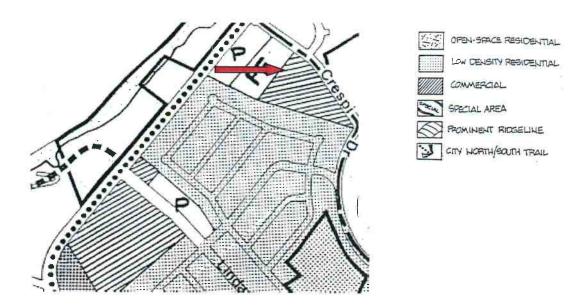
Attachments:

- A. Land Use and Zoning Exhibit;
- B. Plans (hard copy to Planning Commission, public review document available at Planning Department and with online agenda packet);
- C. Zoning Code Section for C-1 and C-2;
- D. General Plan Sections: Commercial Definition; West Linda Mar Land Use Section; (Draft General Plan) Mixed Used Definition.

Land Use & Zoning Exhibit City of Pacifica Planning Department

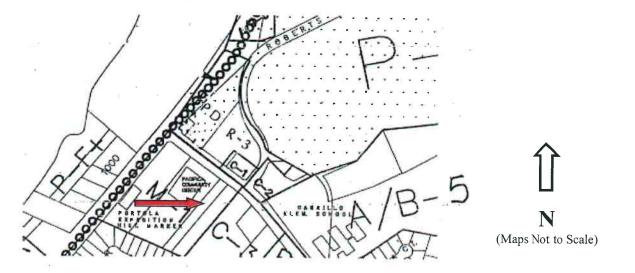
General Plan Diagram

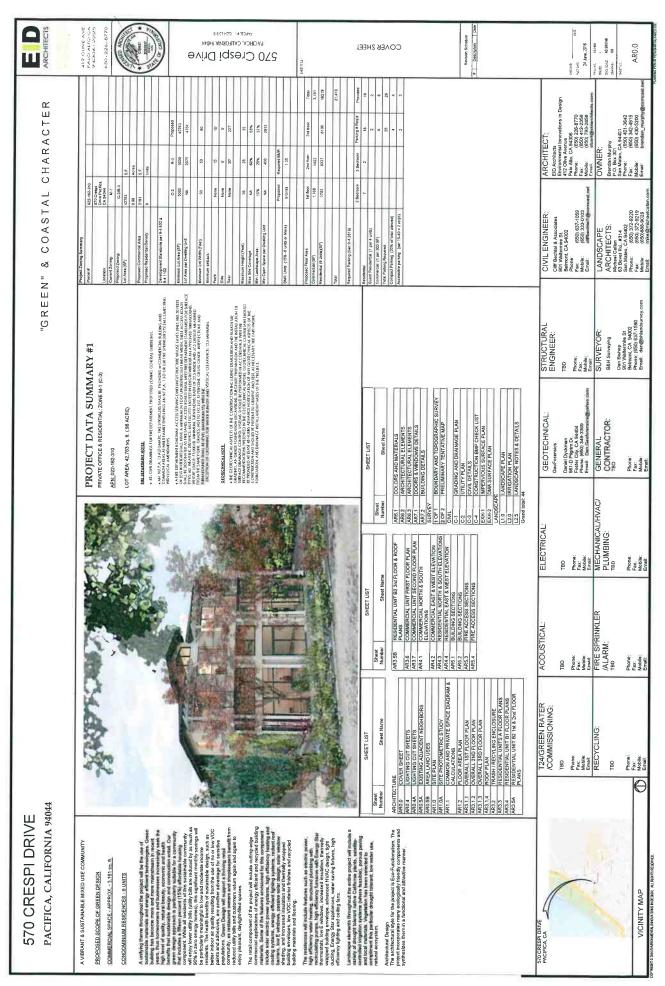
Neighborhood: West Sharp Park Land Use Designation: Commercial



Zoning Map Diagram

Zoning District: R-1 (Single-family Residential) and CZ (Coastal Zone Combining)









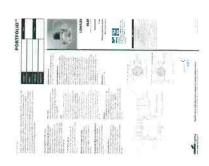
ARCHITECTS

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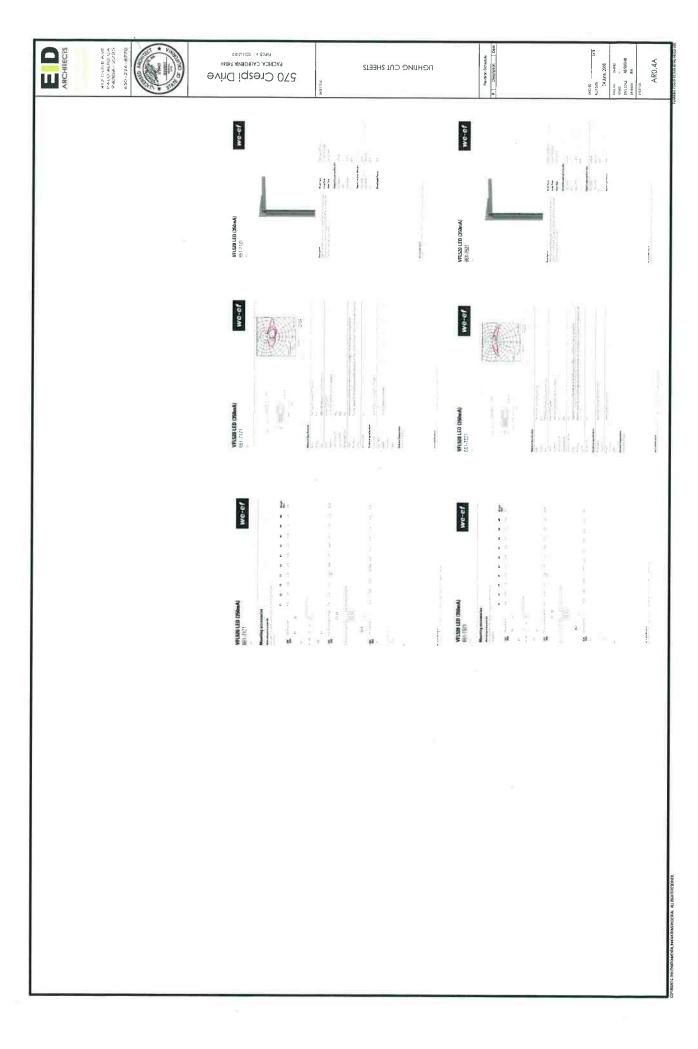




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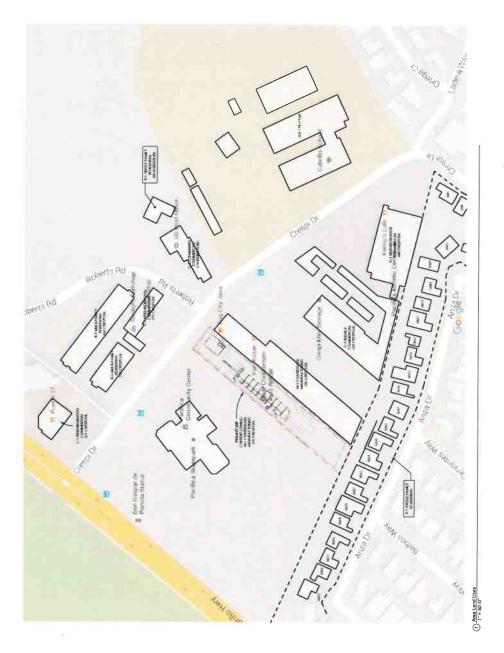
STREET VIEW @ 570 Crespi Drive

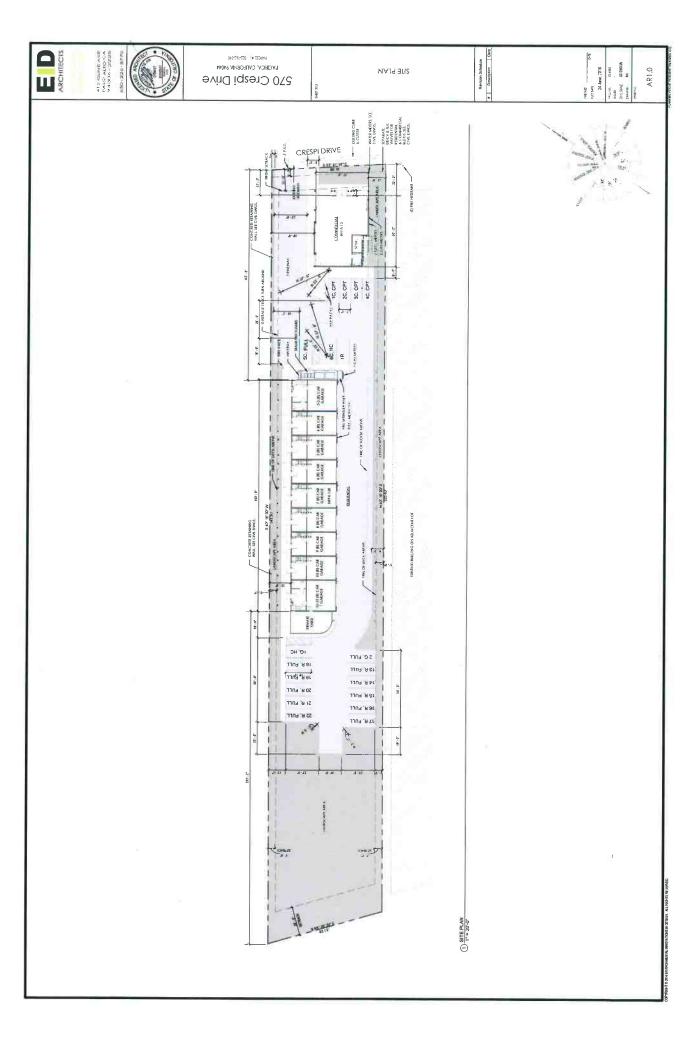


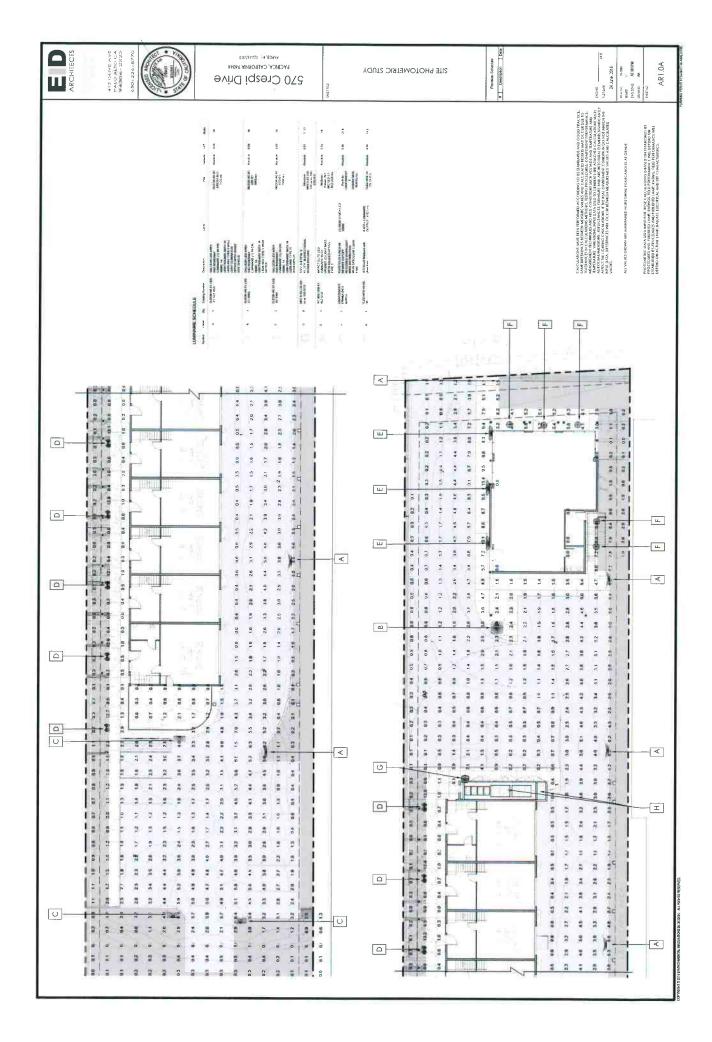


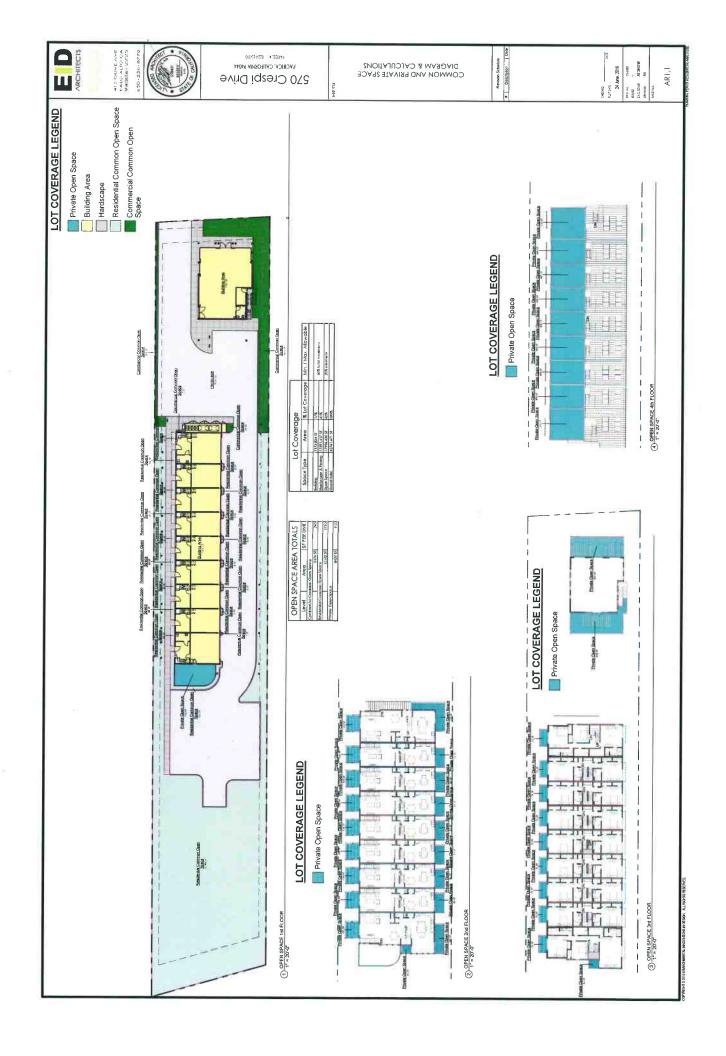


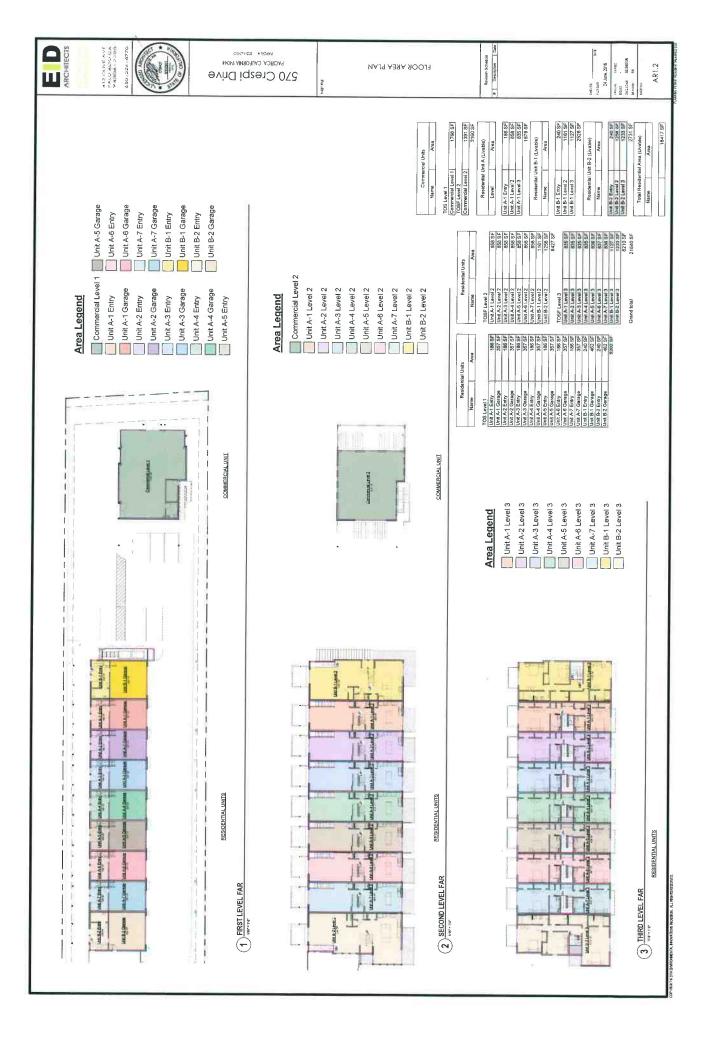
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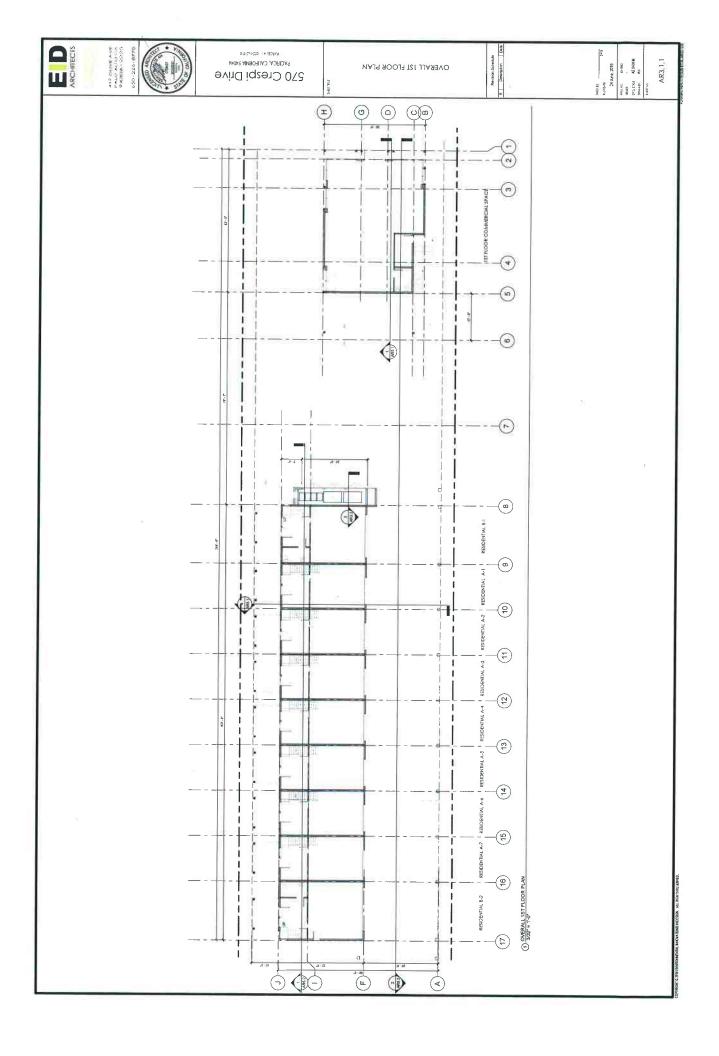


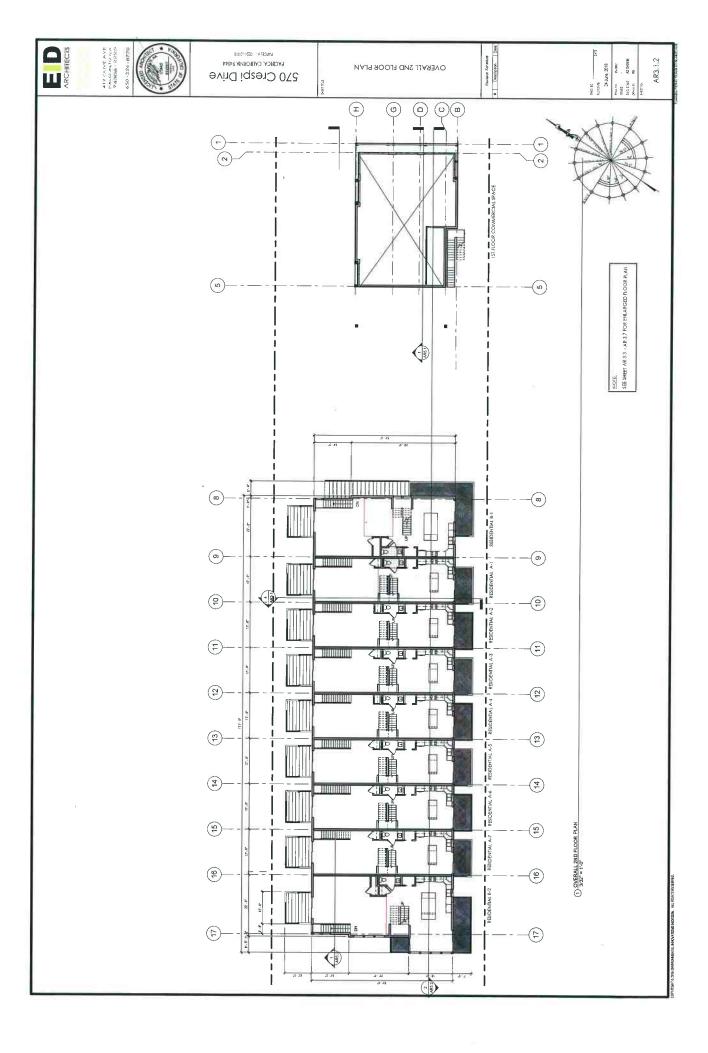


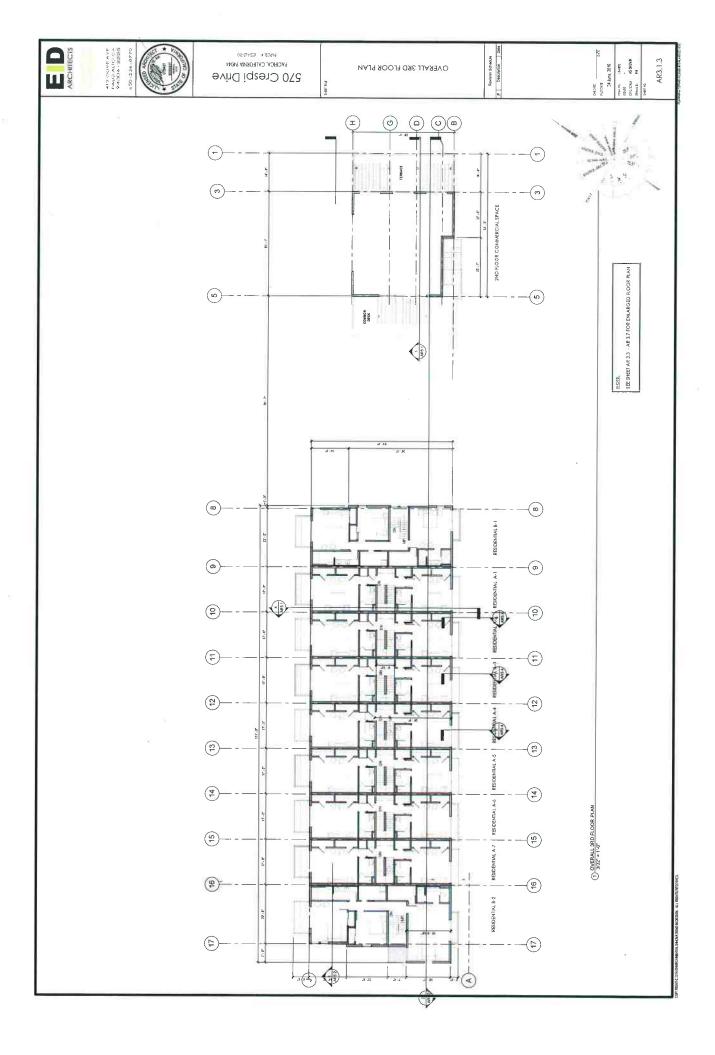


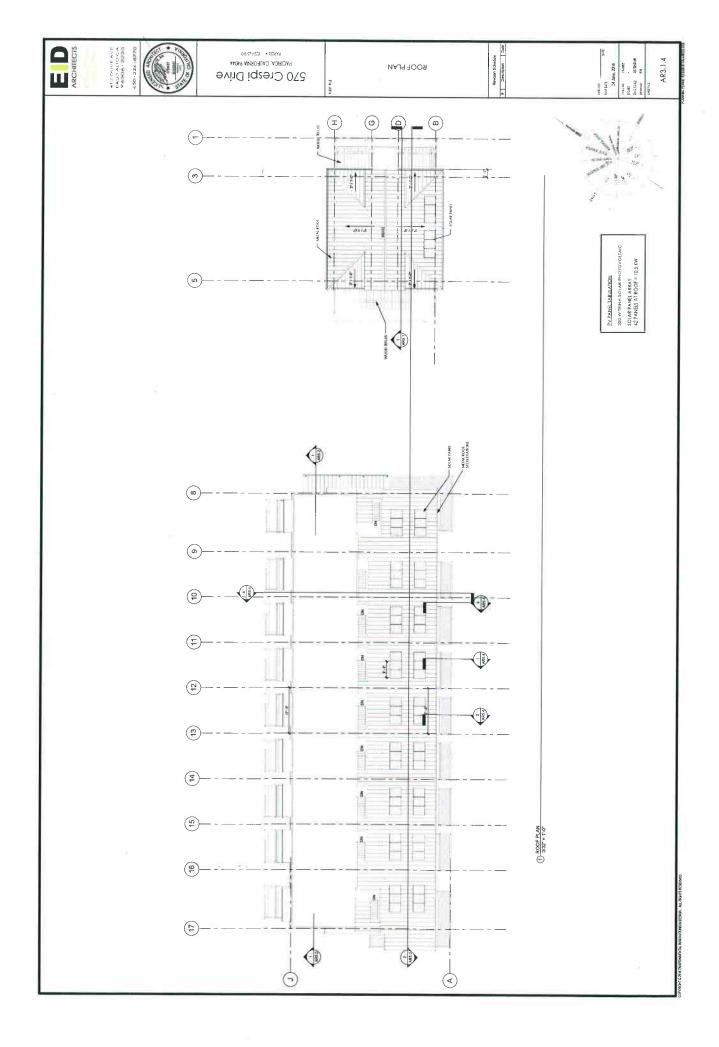


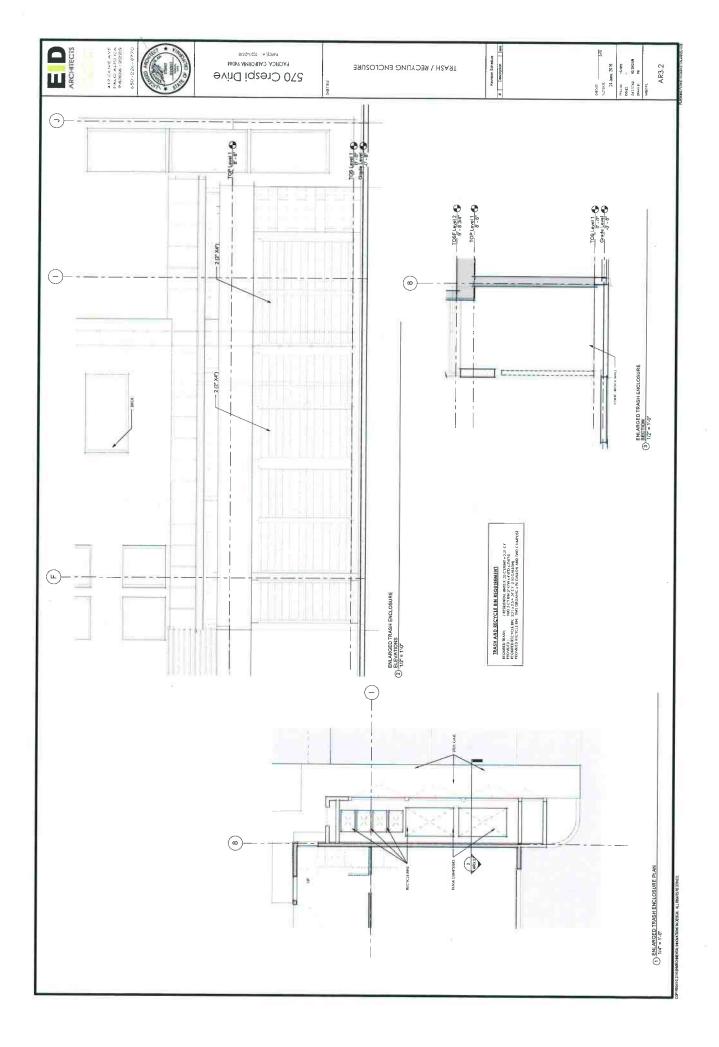


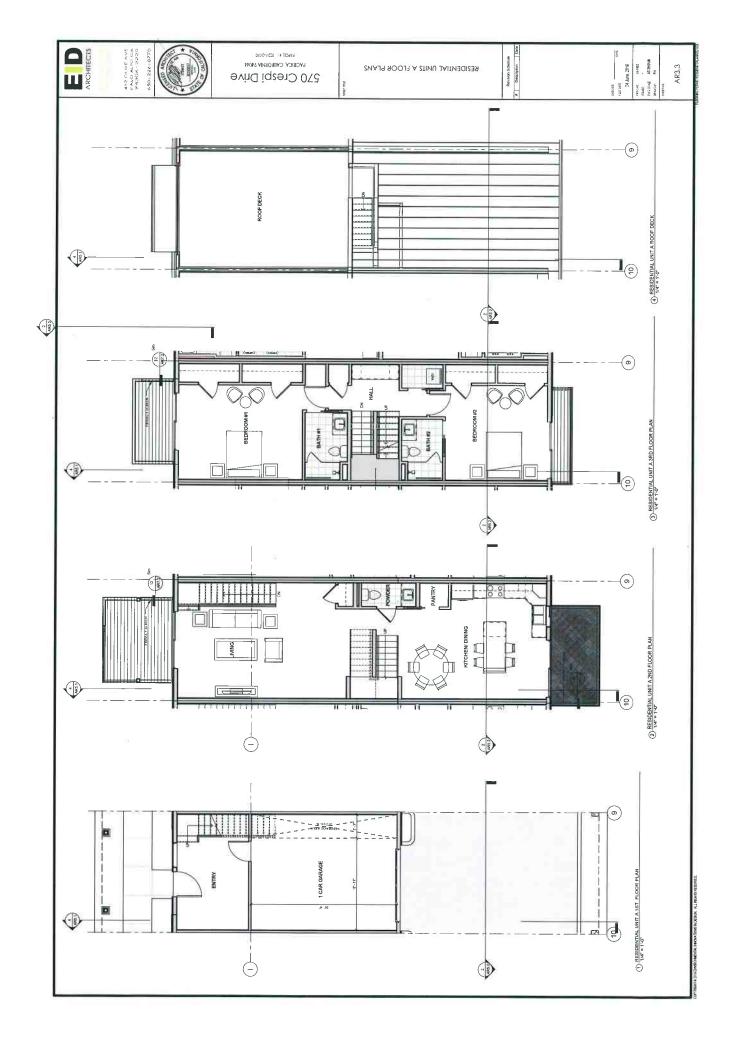


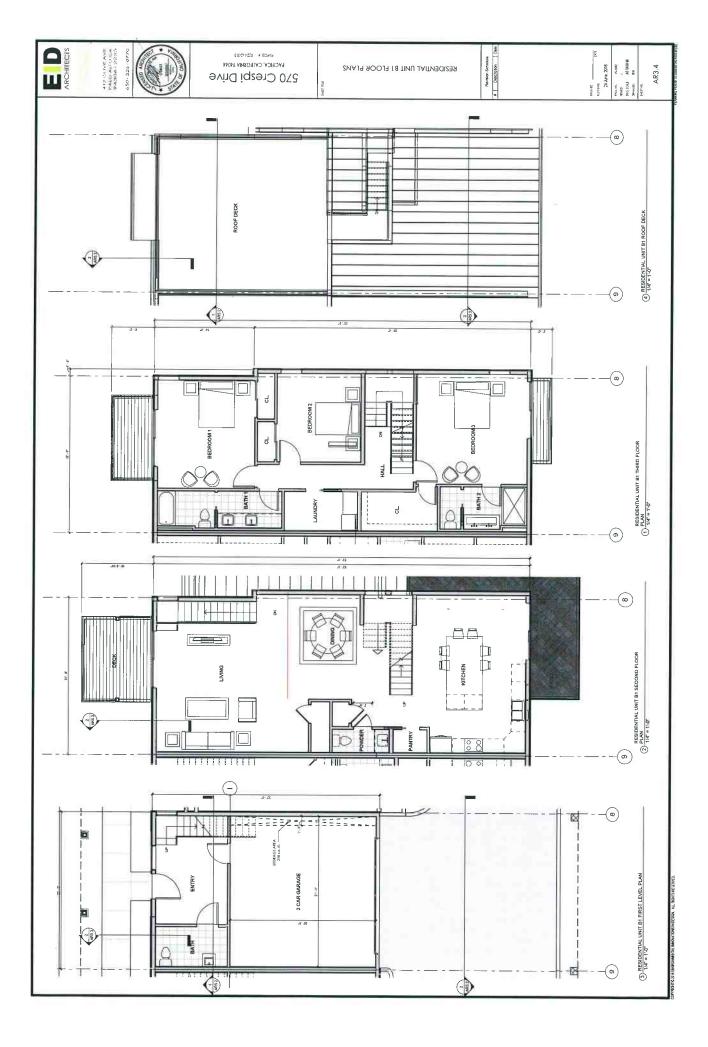


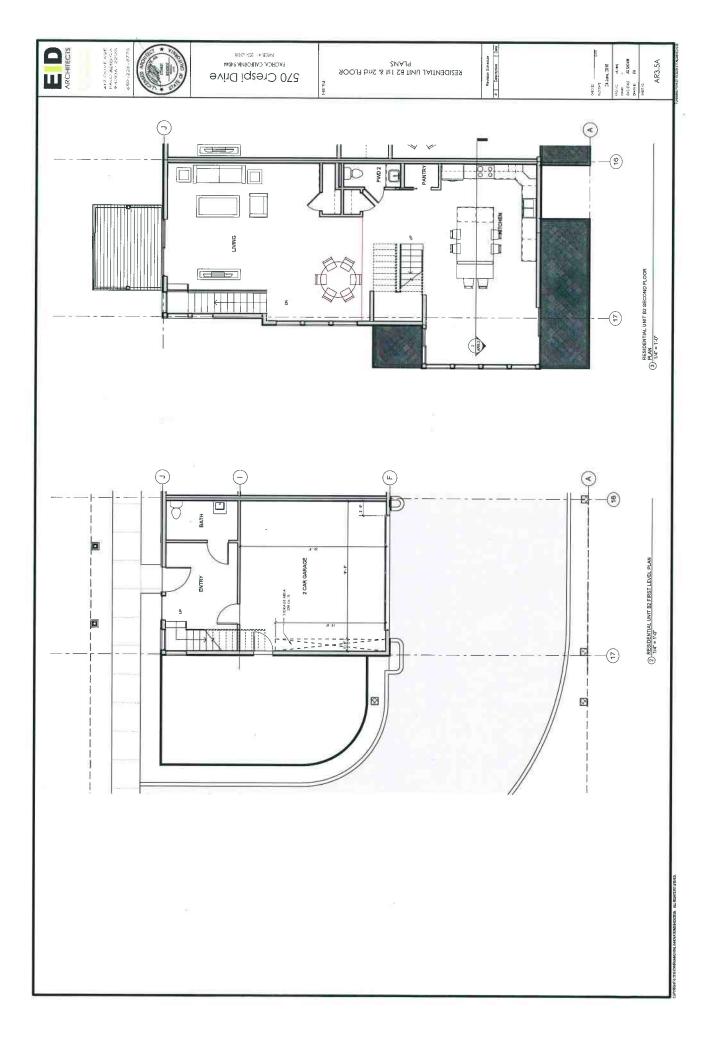


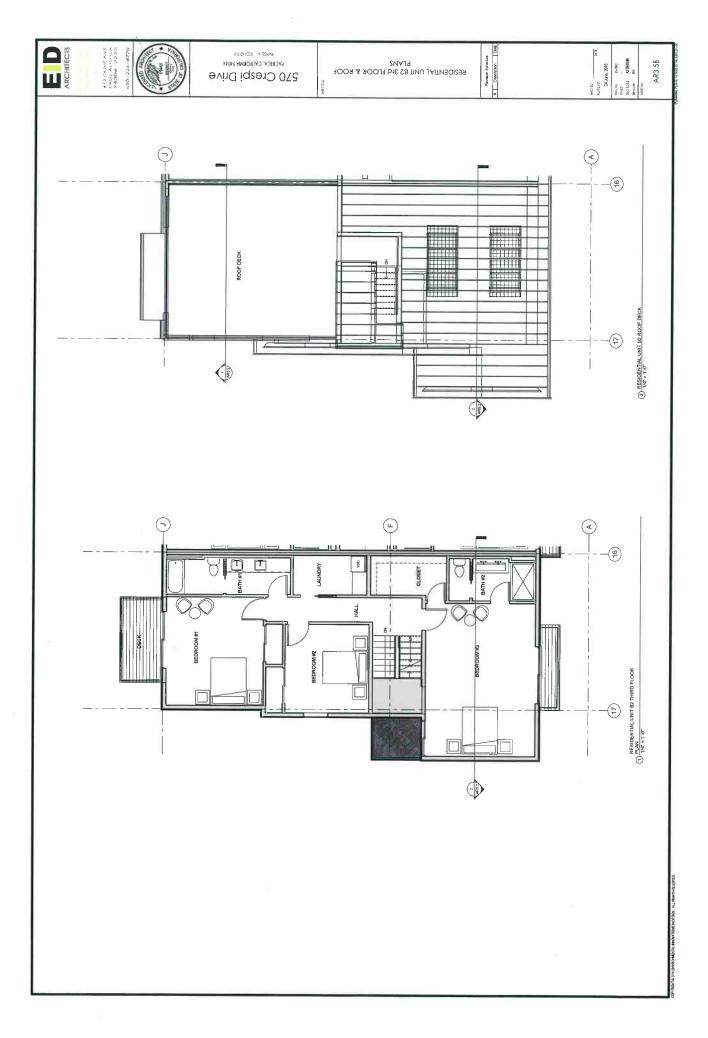


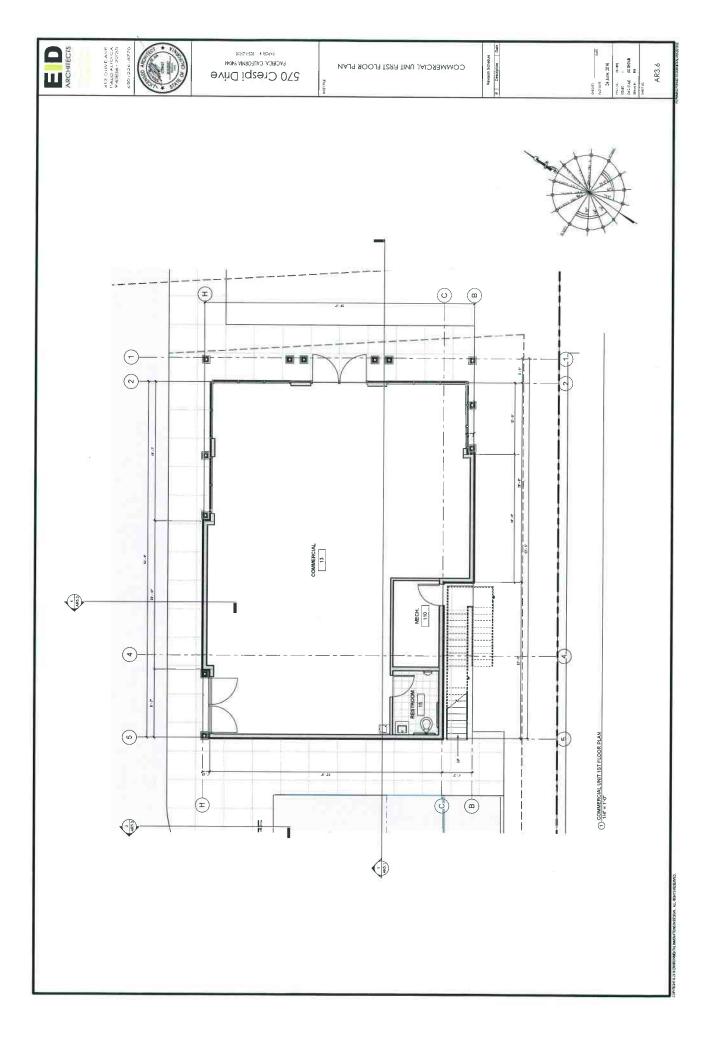


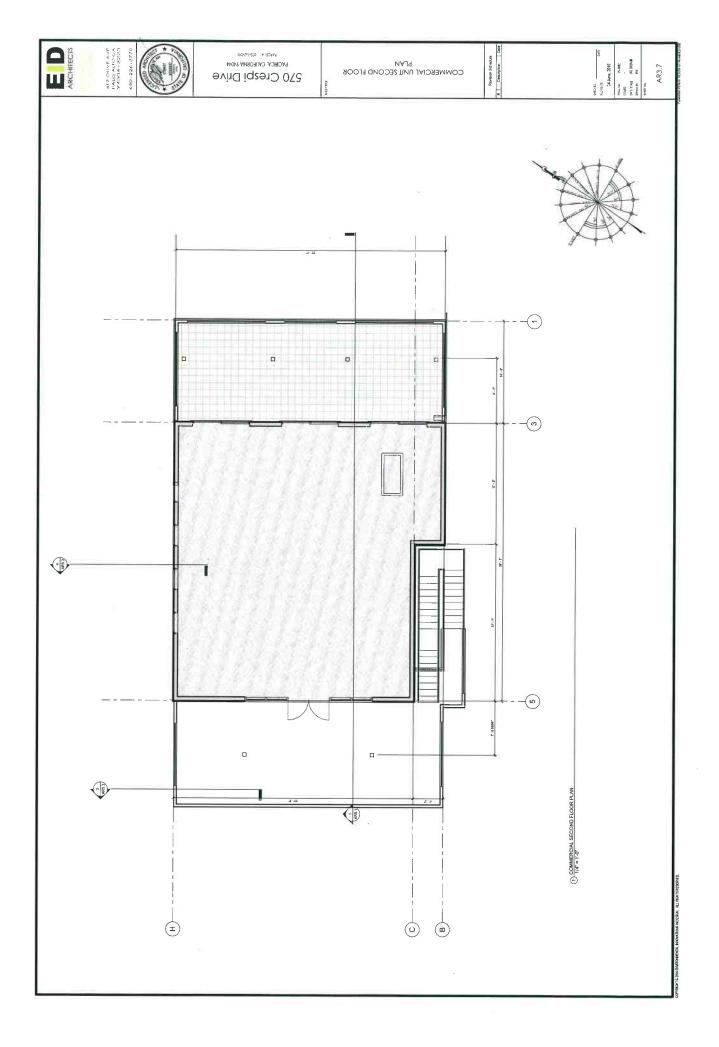
















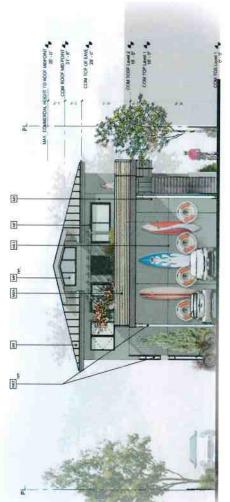






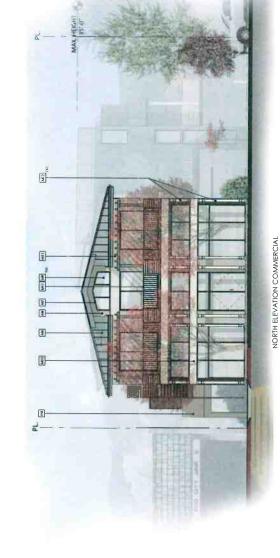






SOUTH ELEVATION COMMERCIAL

NORTH ELEVATION COMMERCIAL STREET VIEW PERSPECTIVE































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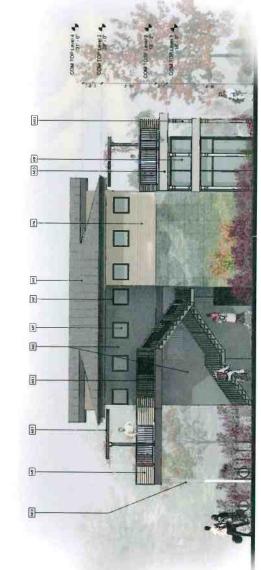




570 Crespi Drive



WEST ELEVATION COMMERCIAL



EAST ELEVATION COMMERCIAL



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570 Crespi Drive

RESIDENTIAL NORTH & SOUTH

SOUTH ELEVATION RESIDENTIAL



NORTH ELEVATION RESIDENTIAL

AR4.4

EAST ELEVATION RESIDENTIAL

PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA 94044 570 Crespi Drive



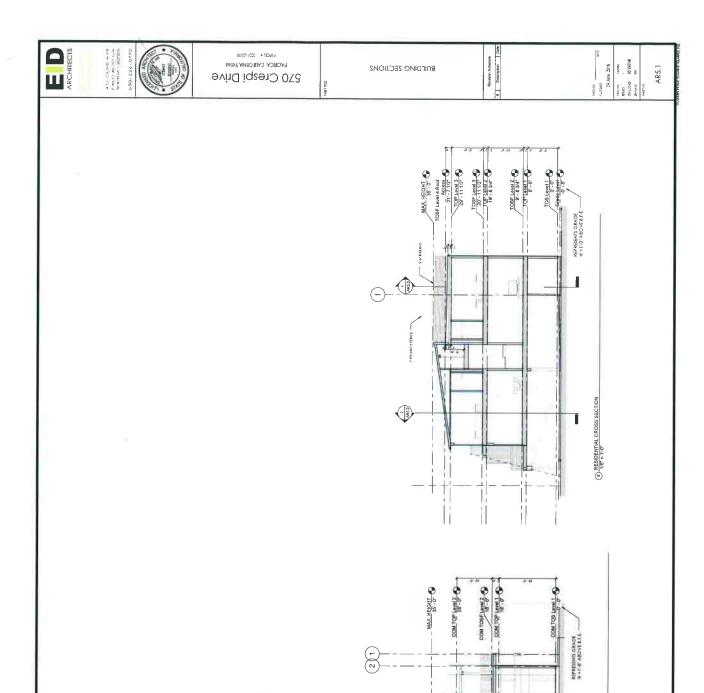




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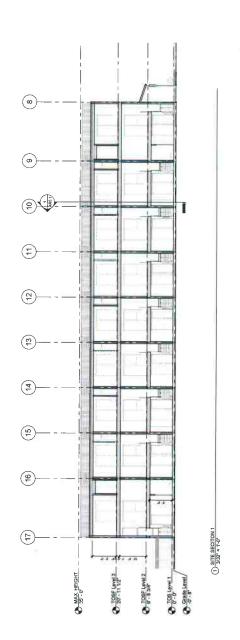


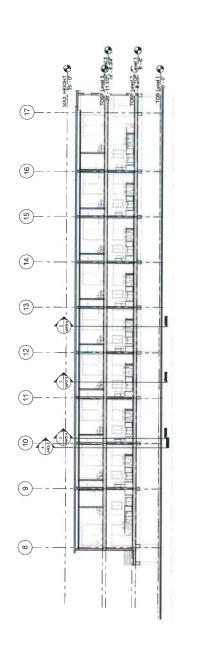




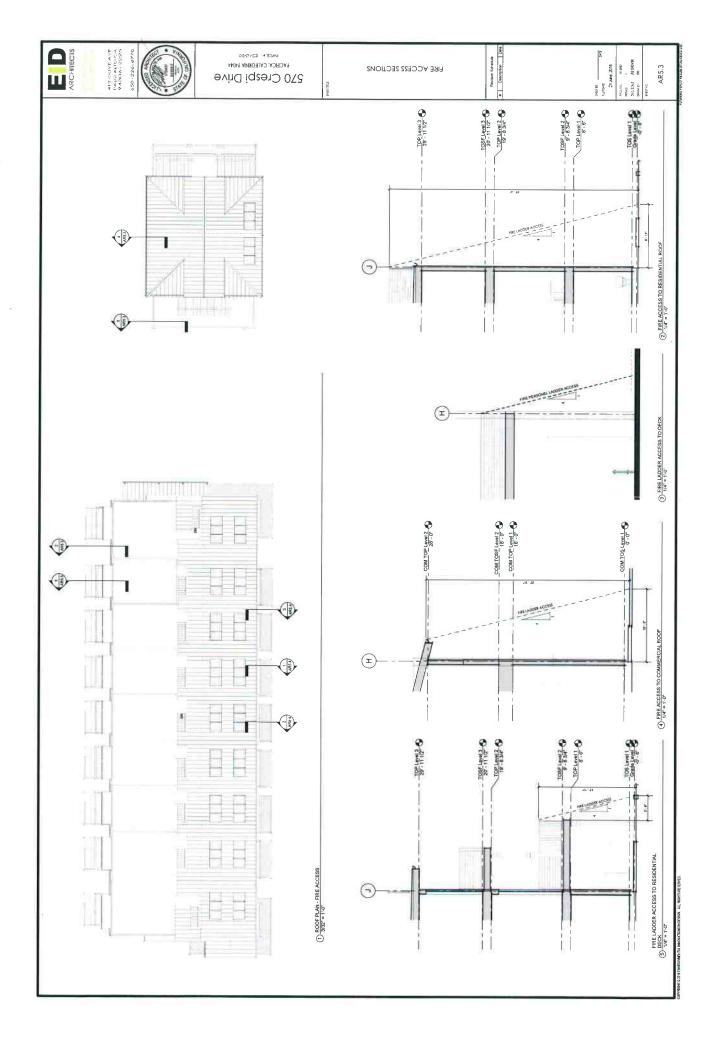
(1) COMMERCIAL CROSS SECTION



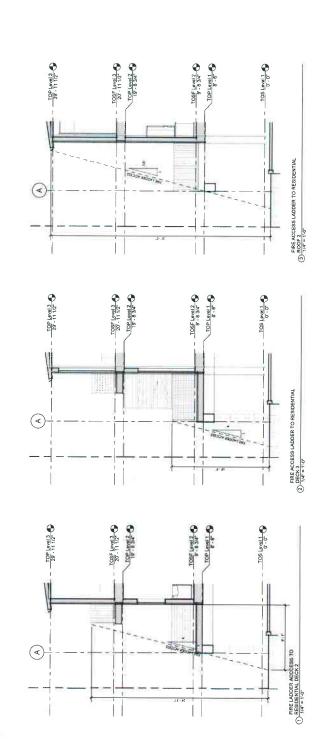




(2) LONGITUDINAL BUILDING SECTION
3/32" n. 1-0"



MRCHITECTS











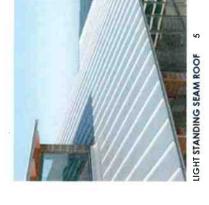


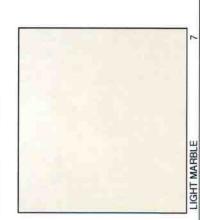
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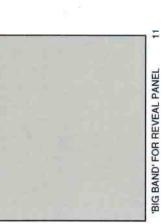
PLUME GRASS' FOR REVEAL PANEL





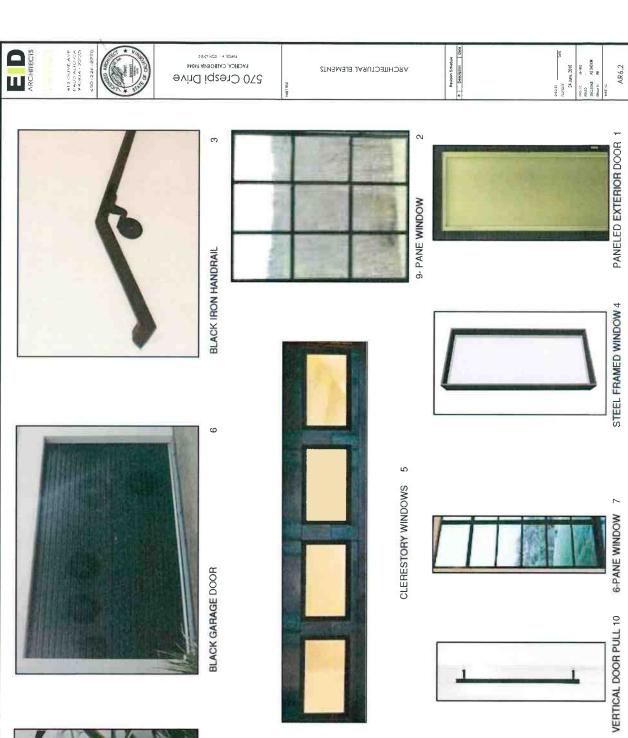








'MISSISSIPPI RIVER' FOR SIDING 10







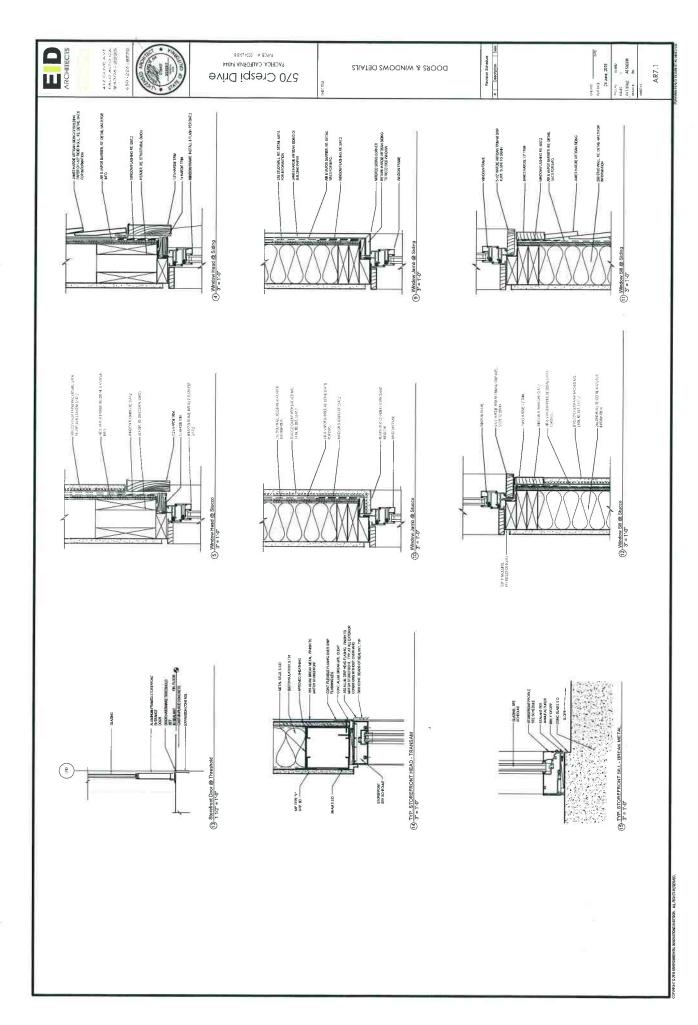
LED ADDRESS NUMBER

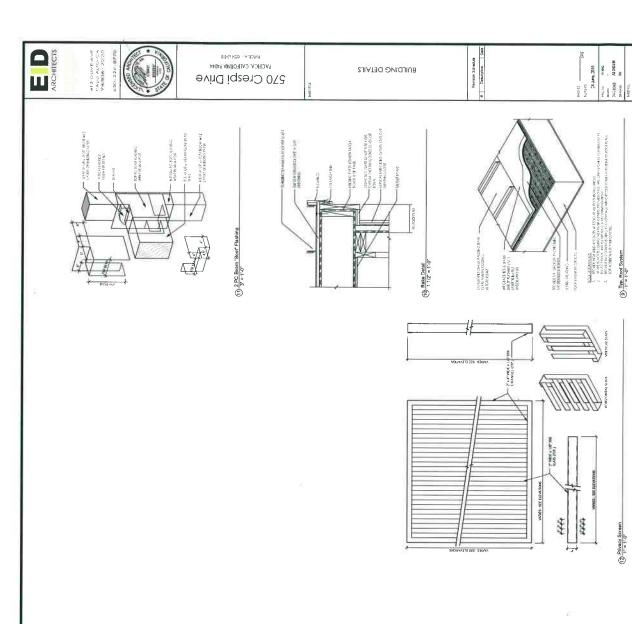


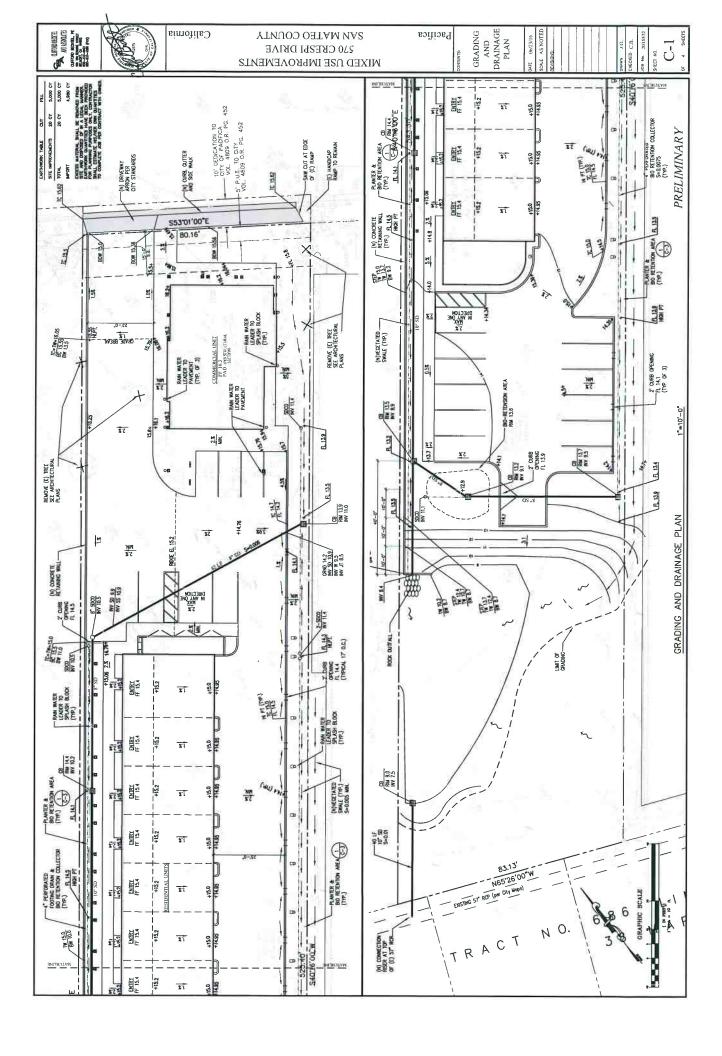


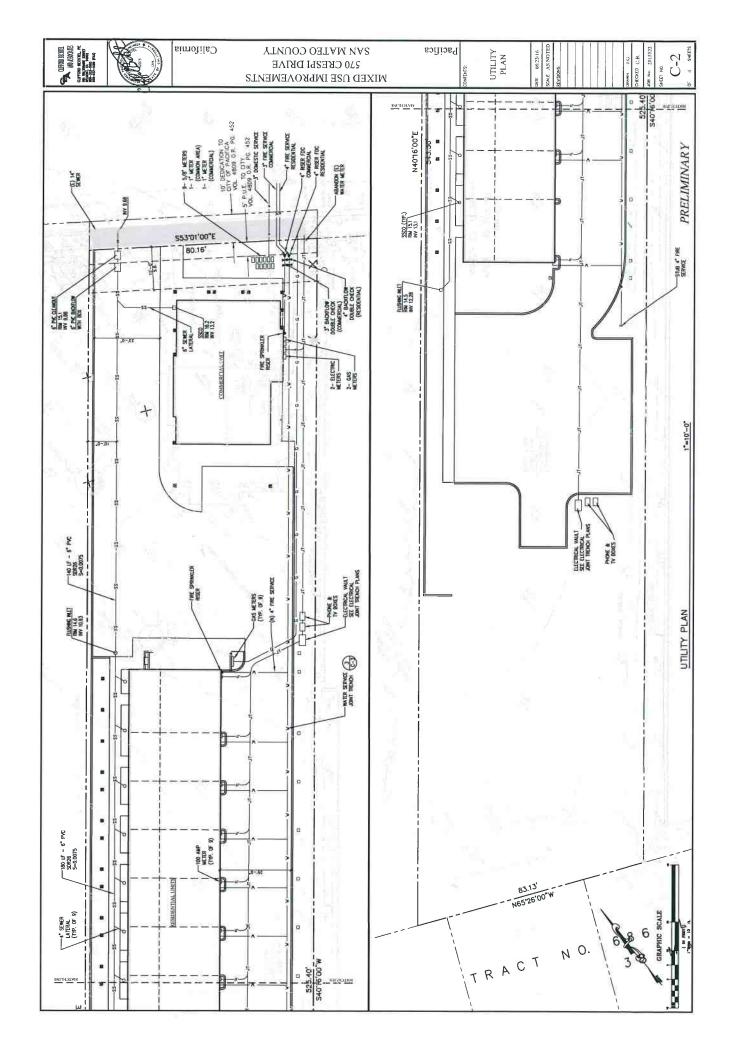


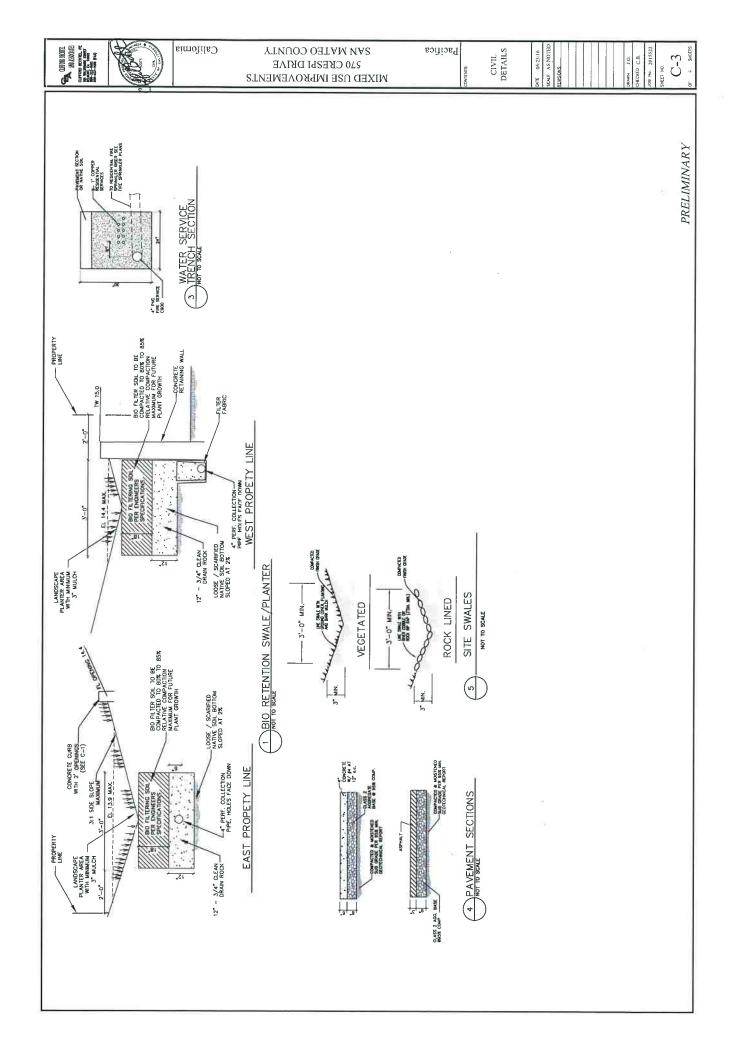












Prevention Program Water Pollution SAN MATEO COUNTYWIDE

Clean Water. Healthy Community.

Materials & Waste Management

Equipment Management & Spill Control



Maintenance and Parking

 Designate an area, fitted with appropriate BMPs, for vehicle and equipment parking and storage. ☐ Perform major maintenance, repair jobs, and vehicle and equipment washing off site.

Bern and cover stockpiles of sand, dirt or other construction material with turps when rain is forecast or if not actively being used within

☐ Use (but don't overuse) reclaimed water for dust control

Hazardous Materials

- ☐ If refueling or vehicle maintenance must be done onsite, work in a bermed area away from storm drains and over a drip pan or drop cloths big enough to collect fluids. Recycle or dispose of fluids as bazardous waste
 - ☐ If vehicle or equipment cleaning must be done ousibe, clean with water only in a berned area that will not allow rinse water to run into gutters, streets, storm drains, or surface waters,
 - Do not clean vehicle or equipment onsite using soaps, solvents, degreusers, or steam cleaning equipment.

Store hazardous materials and wastes in water light containers, store in appropriate secondary containment, and cover them at the end of every work day or during wet weather or when rain is forecast.

materials and be careful not to use more than necessary. Do not apply chemicals outdoors when rain is forecast within 24 hours. ☐ Follow manufacturer's application instructions for hazardous ☐ Arrange for appropriate disposal of all hazardous wastes.

☐ Label all hazardous materials and hazardous wastes (such as pesticides, paints, thinners, solvents, fuel, oil, and antifreaze) in accordance with city, county, state and federal regulations.

Spill Prevention and Control

- ☐ Keep spill eleanup materials (e.g., rags, absorbents and carl litter) available at the construction site at all times. Inspect vehicles and equipment frequently for and repair leaks promptly. Use drip pans to eateh leaks until repairs are made. а
 - Clean up spills or leaks immediately and dispose of eleanup materials property.

☐ Cover waste disposal containers securely with tarps at the end of every work day and during wet weather. ☐ Check waste disposal containers frequently for leaks and to make sure they are not overfilled. Never hose down a dumpster on the

☐ Do not hose down surfaces where fluids have spilled Use dry cleanup methods (absorbent materials, cat litter, and/or rags).

Unusual soil conditions, discoloration

Abandoned underground tanks, Buried barrels, debris, or trash,

☐ If any of the following conditions are observed, test for contamination and contact the Regional Water Quality Control Board:

- ☐ Sweep up spilled dry materials immediately, Do not try to wash them away with water, or bury them ☐ Clean up spills on dirt areas by digging up and properly disposing of contaminated soil.
- Report significant spills immediately. You are required by haw to report all significant releases of hazardous materials including oil. To report a spill; 1) Dial 911 or you local amergancy response mather, 2) Call the Governor's Office of Phragenoty Services Warning Center, (800) 852-7550 (24 hours).

☐ Dispose of liquid residues from paints, thinners, solvents, glues, and cleaning fluids as hazardous waste.

☐ Dispose of all wastes and debris properly. Recycle materials and wastes that can be recycled (such as asphalt, concrete, aggregate ba materials, wood, gyp board, pipe, etc.)

Clean or replace portable toilets, and inspect them frequently for leaks and spills.

construction site.

Sweep or vacuum any street tracking immediately and secure sediment source to prevent further tracking. Never hose down streets to clean up tracking.

☐ Establish and maintain effective perimeter controls and stabilize all construction entrances and exits to sufficiently control crossion and sediment discharges from site and tracking off site.

Construction Entrances and Perimeter

Paving/Asphalt Work

Earthmoving



Concrete, Grout & Mortar Application



- Store concrete, grout, and mortar away from storm drains or waterways, and or paliets under cover to protect them from ram, runoff, and wind.
- lemporary waste pit, and in a manner that will prevent leaching into the underlying soil or onto surrounding areas. Let concrete harden and dispose of as ■ Wash out concrete equipment/trucks area, where the water will flow into a
- prevent washwater from entering storm drains. Block any inlets and vacuum gutters, hose washwater onto diri areus, or drain onto a benned surface to be pumped garbage





D If sawcut slurry enters a catch basin, clean it up immediately.

- Stack bagged material on pallets and under cover.

Painting & Paint Removal

Construction projects are required to implement the stormwater best management practices (BMP) on this page, as

they apply to your project, all year long.

Construction Best Management Practices (BMPs)



☐ Never clean brushes or rinse paint containers into a street, gutter, storm Painting Cleanup and Removal drain, or stream.

- ☐ For oil-based paints, paint out brushes to the extent possible and clean with fittiner or solvent in a proper container, lifter and reuse thimpers and solvents. Dispose of excess liquids as hazardous waste. ☐ For water-based paints, paint out brusl to the extent possible, and rinse into a drain that goes to the sanitary sewer. Never pour paint down a storm drain,
 - ☐ Paint chips and dust from non-hazardou dry stripping and sand biasting may be swept up or collected in plastic drop cloths and disposed of as trash.
- ☐ Chemical paint stripping residue and chips and dust from marine paints or paints containing lead, mercury, or tributyltin must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Lead based paint removal requires a state



Pacifica

runoff from dewatering operations must be properly managed and disposed. When possible send dewatering discharge to landscaped area or sanitary sewer. If discharging to the sanitary sewer call your local wastewater treatment plant. ☐ Discharges of groundwater or captured

CONSTRUCTION CHECKLIST

BMP

Divert ran-on water from offsite away.
 Irom all disturbed areas.

MTE 06/23/16

CALE AS NO.

- When dewatering, notify and obtain approval from the local municipality before discharging water to a street gutter or storm drain, Fillention to diversion through a basin, tank, or sediment trap through a basin, tank, or sediment trap
 - ☐ In areas of brown or suspected contamination, call your local agency to deforming whether the ground marker must be tested, Pumpod groundwarter may need to be collected and handet off-sife for treatment and proper disposal.



dispose of excess abrasive gravel or sand.

Do MOT sweep or wash it into guthers.

Do not use water to wash down fresh asphalt concrete pavenent.

☐ Collect and recycle or appropriately seal, log seal, etc.

☐ Stabilize all denuded areas, install and maintain temponary erosion controls (such as erosion control fabric or honded fiber malrix) until vegetation is established,

☐ Schedule grading and exeavation work

during dry weather.

Cover storm drain inlets and manholes when applying seal cout, tack coat, sturry

☐ Avoid paving and seal coating in wet weather or when rain is forecast, to prevent materials that have not cared from contacting storm water runoff.

□ When washing exposed aggregate.

☐ Protect nearby storm drain inlets when saw cutting. Use filter labric, eatch basin inlet filters, or gravel bags to keep slurry, out of the storm drain system.

□ Provent sodiment from migrating offsite, and protest storm drain indets, guiters, direttes, and drainage convexs by installing, and maintaining appropriate BMPs, such as fiber reals, sail denses, sodiment basins,

vegetation for crosson control on slopes or where construction is not immediately

☐ Remove existing vegetation only when absolutely necessary, and seed or plant

Sawcutting & Asphalt/Concrete Removal



☐ Shovel, aboxorb, or vacuum saw-cut slurry and dispose of all waste as soon as you are finished in one location or at the end of each work day (whichever is

Keep excavated soil on site and transfer it to dump trucks on site, not in the streets.

gravel bags, berms, etc.



- ☐ Proteet stockpiled landscaping materials from wind and ram by storing them under larps all year-round.
- ☐ Discontinue application of any credible indscape material within 2 days before a forecast rain event or during wet weather

Storm drain polluters may be liable for fines of up to \$10,000 per day!



No. 20155.

HECKED C.B.





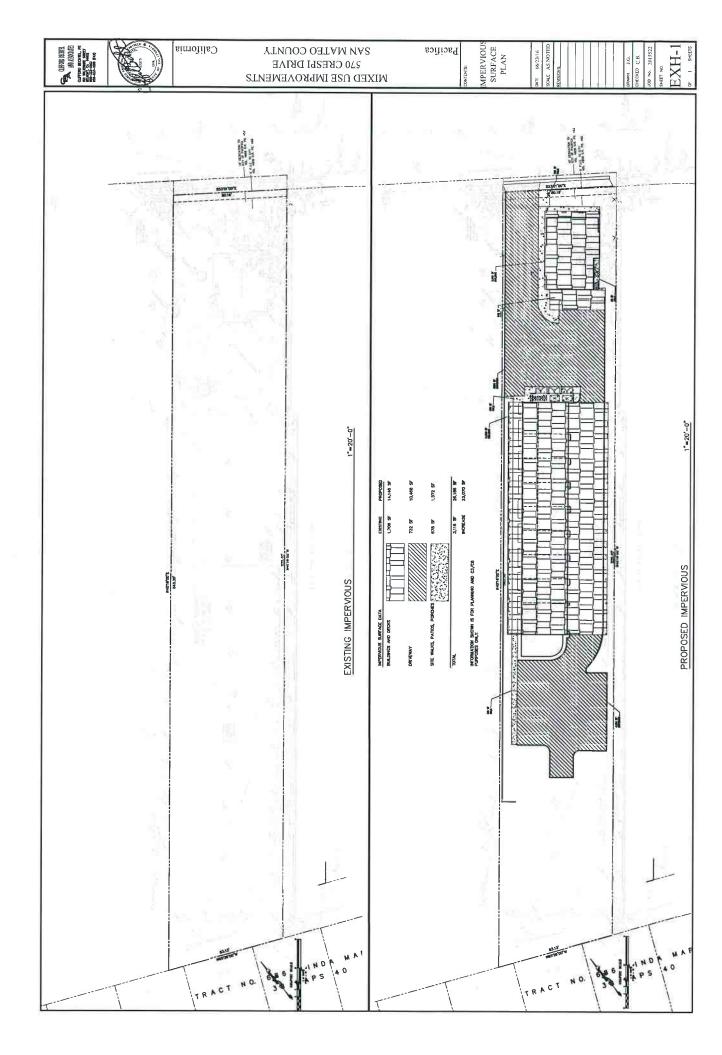


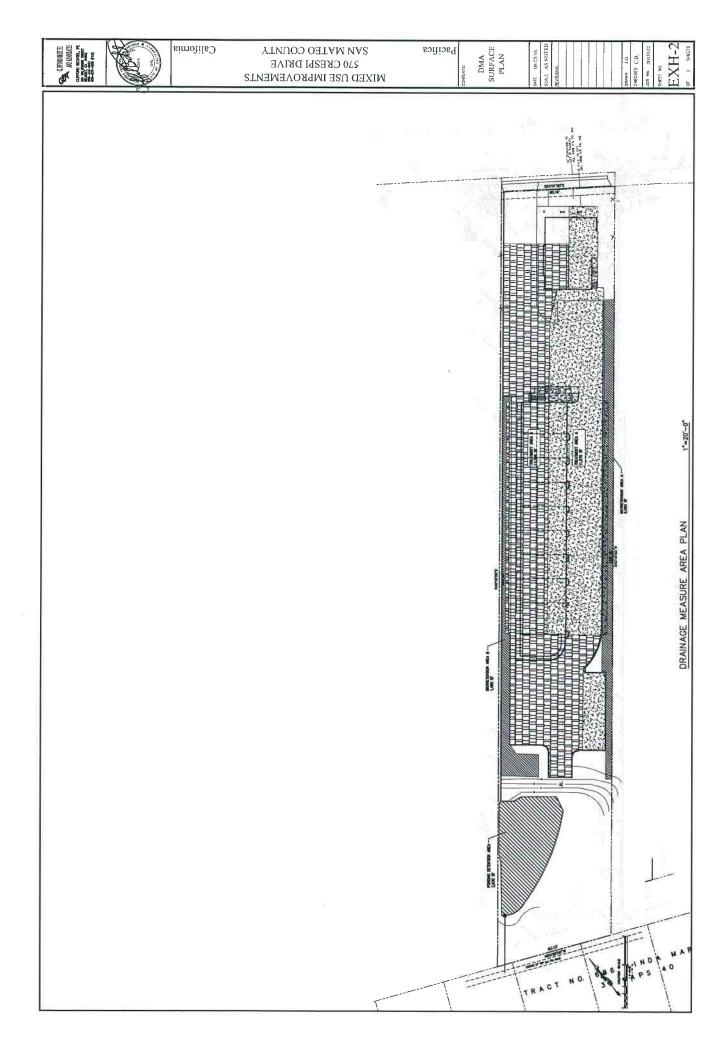


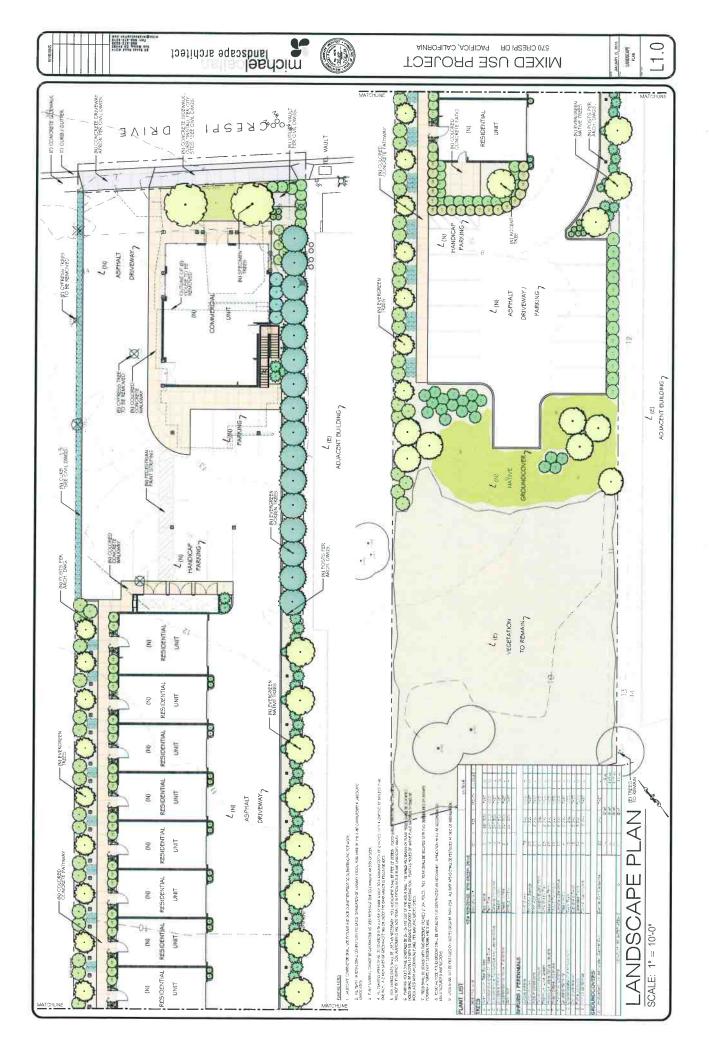


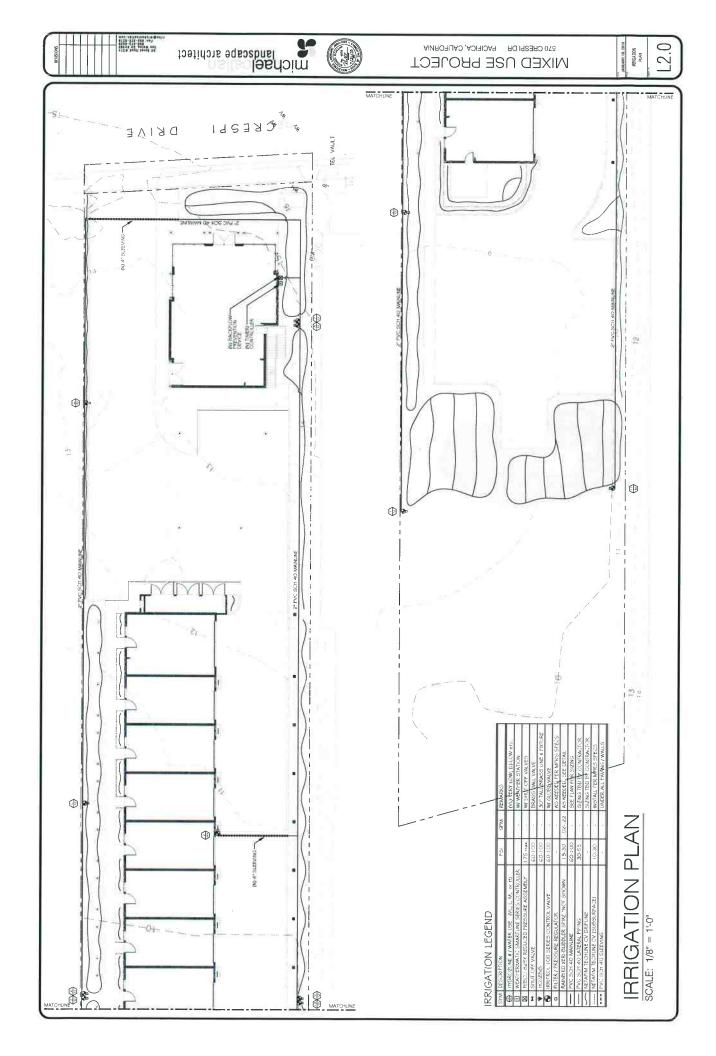
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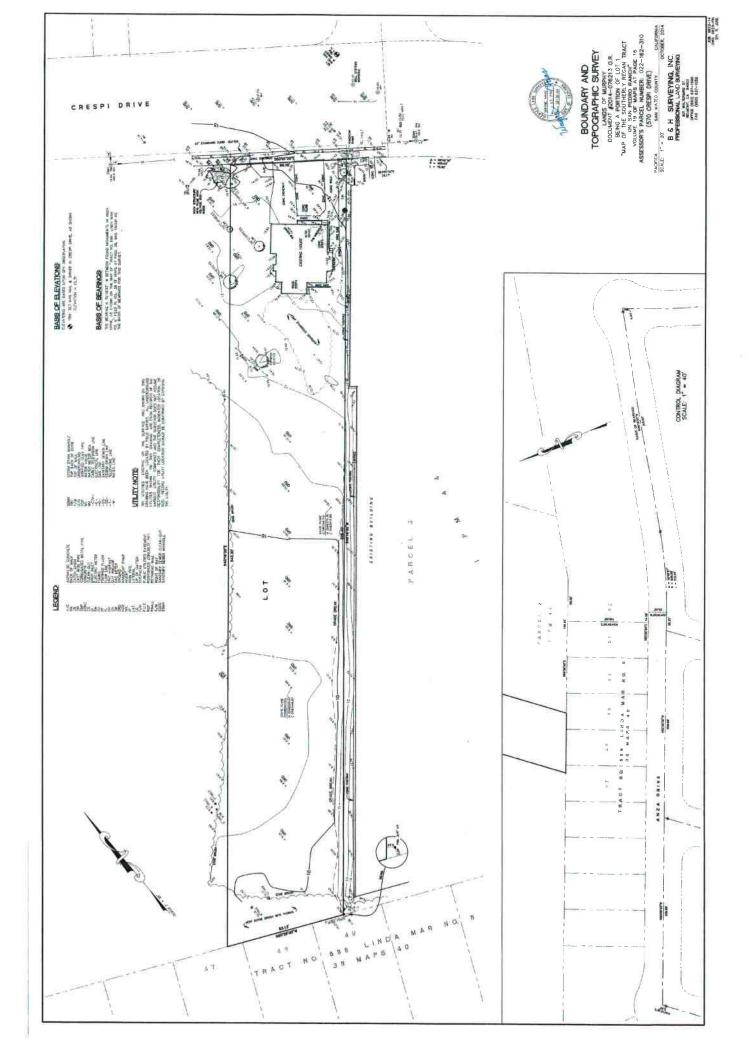
California











Article 10. - C-1 Neighborhood Commercial District*

* Sections 9-4.1001 through 9-4.1003, codified from Ordinance No. 363, as amended by Ordinance Nos. 382, 419, 425, and 137-C.S., effective December 12, 1974, repealed by Ord. No. 350-C.S., effective November 10, 1982.

Sec. 9-4.1001. - Permitted and conditional uses.

- (a) Permitted uses. The following uses shall be permitted in the C-1 District:
 - (1) Retail uses, including but not limited to, food markets, drug stores, liquor stores and retail restaurants, but excluding firearms sales;
 - (2) Personal services, such as professional offices, shoe repair, barber and beauty shops, laundries and dry cleaning establishments, and banks and financial institutions;
 - (3) Business and administrative offices when located entirely above the ground floor of any commercial structure;
 - (4) Art galleries and instructional studios for dance and arts or crafts and craft production shops; and
 - (5) In the Coastal Zone, visitor-serving commercial uses, as defined in <u>Section 9-4.4302(av)</u> of <u>Article 43</u> of this chapter.
- (b) *Conditional uses.* Conditional uses allowed in the C-1 District, subject to obtaining a use permit, shall be as follows:
 - (1) Service stations;
 - (2) Retail alcohol sales in conjunction with service stations;
 - (3) Mini-markets and similar retail uses in conjunction with service stations;
 - (4) Conversion of service stations from full-service to self-service:
 - (5) Motels and drive-in restaurants:
 - (6) Veterinary hospitals and clinics (small animals);
 - (7) Special care and child care facilities;
 - (8) Business and administrative offices, if located on the ground floor;
 - (9) Amusement machine arcades as a new or a part of an existing use;
 - (10) Massage, health, or bathing establishments;
 - (11) One or more dwelling units in the same building as a commercial use when located entirely above the ground floor. Density shall be controlled by a minimum lot area per dwelling unit of 2,000 square feet; and
 - (12) Restaurants and fast food restaurants.
 - (13) Pet care and sales establishments, including boarding and grooming.

(§ II, Ord. 350-C.S., eff. November 10, 1982, as amended by § V, Ord. 440-85, eff. March 13, 1985, § VI (A), Ord. 491-C.S., eff. October 28, 1987, § 3, Ord. 538-C.S., eff. December 27, 1989, § III (A), Ord. 610-C.S., eff. March 16, 1994, §§ VI and VII, Ord. 641-C.S., eff. May 8, 1996 and § 1, Ord. 723-C.S., eff. February 24, 2005; Ord. No. 769-C.S., § 6, eff. December 23, 2009)

Sec. 9-4.1002. - Development regulations.

Development regulations in the C-1 District shall be as follows:

- (a) Minimum building site: 5,000 square feet;
- (b) Minimum lot dimensions: fifty (50') foot width;
- (c) Setbacks: none, unless established by the site development permit;
- (d) Minimum landscape area: ten (10%) percent;
- (e) Maximum height: thirty-five (35') feet;
- (f) Parking: as set forth in Article 28 of this chapter;
- (g) Permits for site development: as set forth in Article 32 of this chapter;
- (h) All uses shall be conducted entirely within an enclosed structure, except as otherwise provided in <u>Article 23</u> of this chapter;
- (i) A use permit shall be required for all new construction projects abutting an R District. A use permit may be required for any change of use when the site abuts an R District. The use permit determination process described below may be utilized for any change of use when a site abuts an R District if the use is a permitted use in the district and when hours are limited to 8:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m. Within five (5) working days after the submittal of a written request for any new use set forth in this subsection, the Planning Administrator shall determine in writing whether a use permit shall be required. Such determination shall be based on an analysis of the compatibility of the proposed use with adjacent residential development, including, but not limited to, noise, traffic, circulation, odors, hours of operations, site design and improvements. In the event the Planning Administrator determines that no use permit is required, the decision shall be placed on the next Commission agenda as an administrative calendar item, and any two (2) Commissioners may request that a use permit be obtained. Existing individual shopping centers may apply for a use permit for a master list of uses permitted without further use permits; and
- (j) In the Coastal Zone, when a new use or a change of use is proposed, a use permit determination shall be required for all permitted uses other than visitor-serving commercial uses. The process for a use permit determination shall be as set forth in <u>Section 9-4.1002(i)</u>. The determination of the Planning Administrator shall be based on an analysis of the balance of visitor-serving commercial uses with other commercial uses, and consistency with the individual neighborhood narratives and the plan conclusions and other relevant policies of the LCP Land Use Plan. The provisions of <u>Section 9-4.4410</u> shall also apply.

(§ II, Ord. 350-C.S., eff. November 10, 1982, as amended by § 3 Ord. 554-C.S., eff. June 13, 1990, and § III (B) and (C), Ord. 610-C.S., eff. March 16, 1994)

Article 11. - C-2 Community Commercial District*

* Article 11 entitled "Commercial Apartment District (C-1-A)", consisting of Section 9-4.1101, codified from Ordinance No. 363, as amended by Ordinance No. 419, repealed by Section I, Ordinance No. 350-C.S., effective November 10, 1982.

Sec. 9-4.1101. - Permitted and conditional uses.

- (a) Permitted uses. The following uses shall be permitted in the C-2 District:
 - (1) Retail stores and shops;
 - (2) Personal and business service establishments, including financial institutions;
 - (3) Offices;
 - (4) Newspaper, printing, and lithography plants not exceeding 5,000 square feet in net usable area;
 - (5) Retail restaurants, fast food restaurants, restaurants and bars;
 - (6) Household appliance and furniture sales and service in conjunction with sales;
 - (7) Veterinary hospitals and clinics; and
 - (8) In the Coastal Zone, visitor-serving commercial uses, as defined in <u>Section 9-4.4302(av)</u> of <u>Article 43</u> of this chapter.
- (b) Conditional uses. Conditional uses allowed in the C-2 District, subject to obtaining a use permit, shall be as follows:
 - (1) Social halls, clubs, theaters, and nightclubs;
 - (2) Pet care and sales establishments, including boarding and grooming;
 - (3) Vehicle and boat sales and service in conjunction with sales;
 - (4) Plumbing, heating, electrical, and appliance repair, service, and supply shops;
 - (5) Specialty auto service, such as oil changing facilities, not in conjunction with service stations;
 - (6) Car washes;
 - (7) All uses allowed as either a permitted or conditional use in the C-1 District and which are not listed as permitted uses in the C-2 District; and
 - (8) Firearms sales, subject to the provisions of <u>Section 9-4.2316</u>.

(§ II, Ord. 350-C.S., eff. November 10, 1982, as amended by § 4, Ord. 538-C.S., eff. December 27, 1989, § IV (A), Ord. 610-C.S., eff. March 16, 1994, § VIII, Ord. 641-C.S., eff. May 8, 1996 and § 2, Ord. 723-C.S., eff. February 24, 2005)

Sec. 9-4.1102. - Development regulations.

Development regulations in the C-2 District shall be as follows:

- (a) Minimum building site: 5,000 square feet;
- (b) Minimum lot dimensions: fifty (50') foot width;
- (c) Required minimum setback: none, unless established by the site development permit;
- (d) Minimum landscaped area: ten (10%) percent;
- (e) Maximum allowable height: thirty-five (35') feet;
- (f) Parking: as set forth in Article 28 of this chapter;
- (g) Permits for site development: as set forth in Article 32 of this chapter;
- (h) All uses shall be conducted entirely within an enclosed structure, except as otherwise provided in Article 23 of this chapter;
- (i) A use permit may be required pursuant to the provisions of subsection (i) of <u>Section 9-4.1002</u> of Article 10 of this chapter; and
- (j) In the Coastal Zone, when a new use or a change of use is proposed, a use permit determination shall be required for all permitted uses other than visitor-serving commercial uses. The process for a use permit determination shall be as set forth in Sections 9-4.1002(i) and (j).

(§ II, Ord. 350-C.S., eff. November 10, 1982, as amended by § IV (B), Ord. 610-C.S., eff. March 16, 1994)

Article 12. - C-3 Service Commercial District*

* Article 12 entitled "General Commercial District (C-2)", consisting of Sections 9-4.1201 through 9-4.1203, codified from Ordinance No. 363, as amended by Ordinance Nos. 382, 419, 425, 453, and 466, repealed by Section I, Ordinance No. 350-C.S., effective November 10, 1982.

Sec. 9-4.1201. - Permitted and conditional uses.

- (a) Permitted uses. The following uses shall be permitted in title C-3 District:
 - (1) Warehouses and storage facilities;
 - (2) Shops, such as glass, welding, cabinetry, sheet metal work, paint mixing, upholstery, machine shops, and sign shops;
 - (3) Large-scale crafts production, including the use of a heating source or chemicals for the production of goods;
 - (4) Car washes and service stations; and
 - (5) Retail sales in conjunction with any of the uses set forth in this subsection.
- (b) *Conditional uses.* Conditional uses allowed in the C-3 District, subject to obtaining a use permit, shall be as follows:
 - (1) Processing, manufacture, or assembly plants or plants for the production of goods or the performance of services for wholesale distribution;
 - (2) Auto body repair, paint, and upholstery;
 - (3) Auto wrecking;
 - (4) Refuse operations and recycling centers;
 - (5) Full service or specialty auto repair not in conjunction with service stations;
 - (6) Wholesale nurseries and lumber yards; and
 - (7) All uses allowed as permitted or conditional uses in the C-1 and C-2 Districts, unless otherwise permitted in the C-3 District, and except residential uses.

(§ II, Ord. 350-C.S., eff. November 10, 1982, as amended by § V, Ord. 440-85, eff. March 13, 1985)

Sec. 9-4.1202. - Development regulations.

Development regulations in the C-3 District shall be as follows:

- (a) Minimum building site: 5,000 square feet;
- (b) Minimum lot dimensions: fifty (50') foot width;
- (c) Required minimum setback: none, unless required by the site development permit;
- (d) Minimum landscaped area: ten (10%) percent;

- (e) Maximum allowable height: thirty-five (35') feet;
- (f) Parking: as set forth in Article 28 of this chapter;
- (g) Permits for site development: as set forth in Article 32 of this chapter;
- (h) All uses shall be conducted entirely within an enclosed structure, unless otherwise specified in an approved use permit or pursuant to <u>Article 23</u> of this chapter;
- (i) All uses abutting an R District shall require a use permit; and
- (j) Marine oriented or coastal dependent industrial uses shall be permitted in the coastal area, except where such uses abut an R District, in which case a use permit shall be required.

(§ II, Ord. 350-C.S., eff. November 10, 1982)

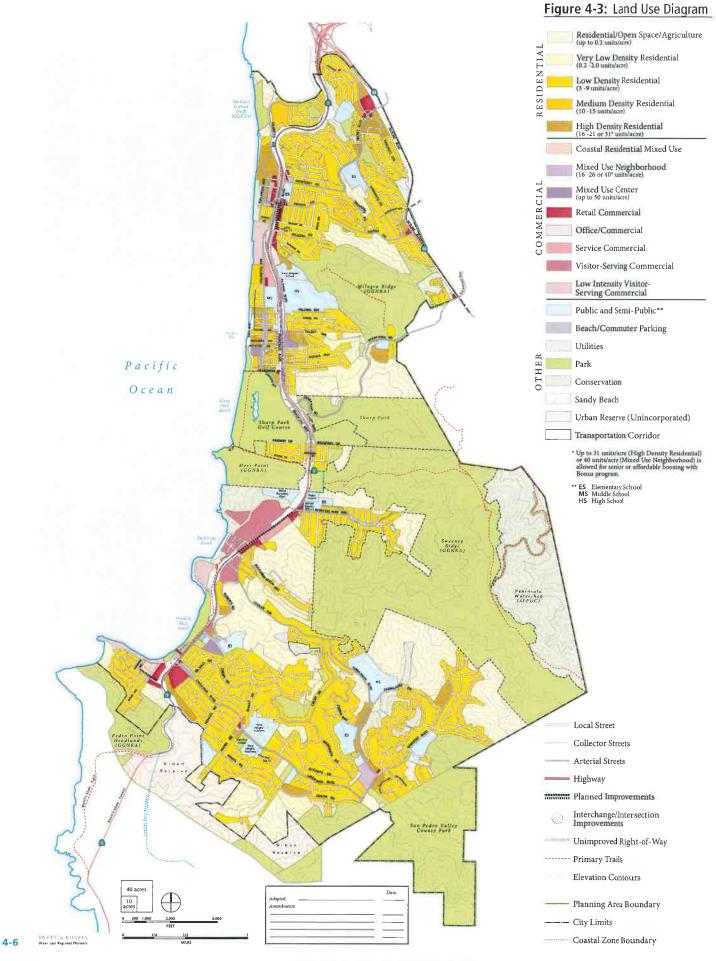
Article 16. - M-1 Controlled Manufacturing District*

* Sections 9-4.1601 and 9-4.1602, codified from Ordinance No. 363, as amended by Ordinance No. 419, repealed by Section I, Ordinance No. 350-C.S., effective November 10, 1982.

Sec. 9-4.1601. - Permitted and conditional uses and development regulations.

The permitted uses in the M-1 District and the development regulations therefor shall be as set forth in Article 12 of this chapter for the C-3 District.

(§ II, Ord. 354-C.S., eff. December 8, 1982)



or site conditions may reduce development potential within the stated ranges. Table 4-1 shows gross density standards for residential categories and FAR standards for the other uses.

Residential

The five residential classifications provide for a range of densities, consistent with neighborhood character and planned land use.

In the Residential/Open Space/Agriculture (ROSA) classification, residential, agriculture, and recreation uses are allowed at a gross density of up to one unit per five acres (or 0.2 acres per unit). The allowable density on a site will be determined by slope, geology, soils, access, availability of utilities, public safety, and open space values. The density assumed for buildout calculations is 0.15 units per gross acre.

VERY LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

The Very Low Density Residential (VLDR) classification provides for clustered development of up to two units per gross acre. Residential care facilities, schools, and community uses are permitted. The density assumed for buildout calculations is 1.5 units per gross acre.

LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

The Low Density Residential (LDR) designation is intended for single-family housing development ranging from three to nine dwelling units per gross acre. Residential care facilities, schools, and community uses are permitted. Clusters of small-lot development as well as standard subdivisions will be allowed. Buildout is calculated at 6.5 units per gross acre.

Medium Density Residential (MDR) is intended for a mix of housing types, including small-lot single family, attached single family, apartments, duplexes, townhomes and mobile home parks at densities of up to 15 units per gross acre. Residential care facilities, schools, and community uses are permitted. Buildout is calculated at 12.5 units per gross acre.

High Density Residential (HDR) is intended for multifamily apartments, condominiums and townhomes, in two to three story buildings located near shopping areas and transit. The density will be up to 21 dwelling units per gross acre. Residential care facilities, schools, and community uses are permitted. Buildout is calculated at 25 units per gross acre.

Mixed Use

The General Plan provides three mixed use classifications to create areas where housing and active commercial uses may be integrated. Visitor-oriented commercial uses are allowed as-of-right in all mixed use areas within the Coastal Zone.

COASTAL RESIDENTIAL MIXED USE

The Coastal Residential Mixed Use (CRMU) designation is intended for sites in the Coastal Zone with residential mixed use development potential, including housing at a range of densities, mixed use with housing over retail, and/or small-scale visitor-oriented commercial uses such as vacation rental or time-share units. Hotels are not permitted. Coastal access and public open space must also be provided, and environmental resources must be evaluated and protected. Sites may be developed up to an overall density of up to 15 units per gross acre, with clustering and sensitive site planning. Non-residential development may have an FAR up to 0.5 FAR. The total FAR (residential and non-residential) cannot exceed 1.0. Buildout is calculated at 15 units per gross acre and 0.10 FAR of nonresidential use.

In the Mixed Use Neighborhood (MUN) classification, new development may include multi-family housing and building with ground-floor retail, restaurant or service uses and housing or offices above. Public or community uses and hotels may be permitted at appropriate locations. The MUN classification allows up to 26 units per acre and non-residential development with an FAR up to 1.0. The total FAR (residential and non-residential) cannot exceed 2.0. Buildout







New development in Mixed Use Neighborhood areas should include multi-family housing or ground-floor commercial uses with housing above (top). The Mixed Use Center classification is intended for high-density mixed use development, hotels, or community uses (middle). The Visitor-Serving Commercial classification promotes concentrated development of commercial uses with visitor appeal (bottom).

is calculated based on a 0.25 FAR for non-residential uses and 25 residential units per gross acre.

MIXED USE CENTER

TThe Mixed Use Center (MUC) classification is intended for high-density mixed use development, including public or community uses and hotels. Allowable uses include ground-floor retail, restaurant or service uses and housing or offices on upper levels. The MUC classification permits housing up to 50 units per acre and a 2.5 FAR of non-residential development provide the overall FAR not to exceed 2.5. Buildout is calculated at an FAR of 0.35 for non-residential uses and 25 units per gross acre for housing.

Commercial Uses

The General Plan establishes five commercial classifications to accommodate a variety of potential commercial activities. Visitor-oriented commercial uses are allowed as-of-right in all commercial areas within the Coastal Zone.

RETAIL COMMERCIAL

The Retail Commercial (RC) classification is intended for retail, restaurant, and service uses, typically in single-or two-story buildings within shopping centers or on sites in the Highway I corridor. New development will be pedestrian-oriented. Offices may be located above the ground floor. The maximum FAR is 1.0 FAR. Buildout is calculated with an FAR of 0.25.

OFFICE/COMMERCIAL

The Office/Commercial (OC) classification permits offices as well as retail and service uses in buildings of two to three stories. The maximum FAR is 1.5; buildout is calculated with an FAR of 0.35.

SERVICE COMMERCIA

The Service Commercial (SC) classification is for industrial and heavy commercial uses, such as auto repair, equipment rental, storage, and materials salvage. The maximum FAR is 0.6; buildout is calculated with an FAR of 0.25.

use of Sweeney Ridge. Should the ridge be purchased for park use, a two-lane road along the ridge between East Fairway Park and Vallemar would be adequate. Should residential development occur on Sweeney Ridge, then both the suggested park access road and an additional road from the end of Fassler to Sweeney Ridge would be preferable. The roadway on the ridge between East Fairway Park and Vallemar presents a particular access problem at Highway 1. Because of high traffic volumes, limited capacity, and the characters of the existing four-lane road, CalTrans is reluctant to permit additional access to Highway 1. Several possible alternatives should receive detailed study before an intersection decision is made.

WEST LINDA MAR

Although West Linda Mar has access to considerable beach frontage, its orientation is clearly inland. Residents of the neighborhood are served by Pedro Valley and Linda Mar Schools and their playgrounds. A branch post office is located at the Linda Mar Shopping Center. The primary land use is Low Density Residential. The southeast corner of Linda Mar Boulevard and Highway 1 is the site of Linda Mar Shopping Center which serves both the neighborhood and the entire community. A SamTrans commuter bus stop is on the north side of Linda Mar Boulevard, opposite the shopping center. Commercial uses interspersed with homes and vacant land are also located between Highway 1 and Cabrillo School on the north side of Crespi Drive. A convalescent home is located in the neighborhood adjacent to the San Pedro Creek floodplain.

Since this area was developed at about the same time, the existing residential uses in this area should be the subject of housing conservation in order to avoid mass deterioration. The programs might include voluntary inspection, clean-up, paint-up and planting of street trees.

There are several major vacant parcels in this area. Properties on Highway 1, south of Crespi, and on the north side of Linda Mar Boulevard (opposite the Linda Mar Shopping Center and adjacent to the commuter bus stop), are ideally suited for parking to serve both commuters and beach users. parcels are owned by CalTrans. The Linda Mar site was acquired years ago The Crespi site was purchased when CalTrans and was never developed. anticipated converting the southern half of Highway 1 to a freeway. CalTrans is working with SamTrans to develop the Linda Mar site for commuter-beach parking. SamTrans will maintain the lot. Part of the Crespi be used for proposed improvements to Highway 1. improvements will also correct drainage problems on the site and make the remaining land better suited for parking. Unless the State provides additional funding for beach and/or commuter parking, the City will have to seek funding to develop and maintain this lot.

Vacant land opposite Roberts Road on Crespi is recommended for commercial uses to strengthen the existing commercial uses in the area. This is an appropriate location for a variety of general commercial uses.

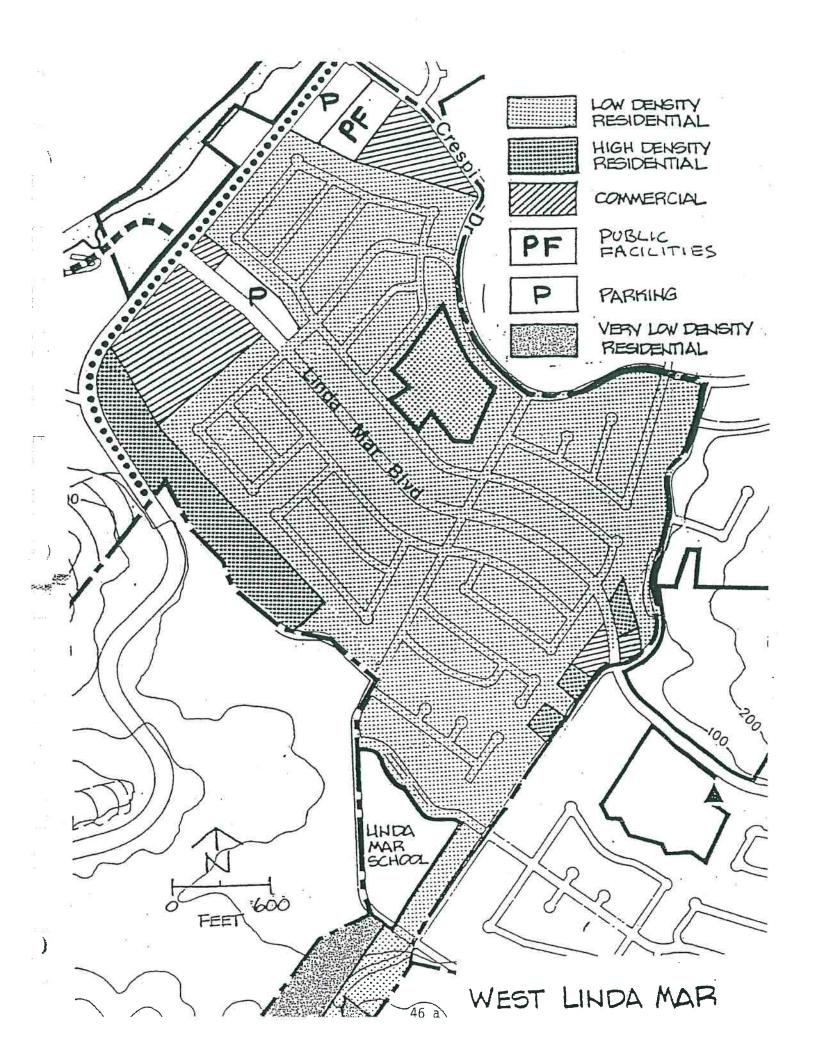
In the southwest corner of the neighborhood, two large vacant parcels are almost completely within the designated San Pedro Creek flood plain. Future use of these sites also would be affected by the Highway 1/Devil's Slide bypass. HUD's flood zone requirements and the environmental impact on the San Pedro Creek habitat should be factors to consider with development

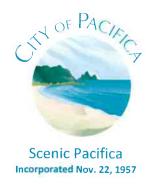
proposals. Of particular sensitivity is the riparian habitat which protects resident steelhead trout. An undisturbed riparian setback is suggested for the entire length of the creek to the diversion dam on the middle fork and to the San Pedro Valley Park on the south fork. High Density Residential land use is appropriate in the flood plain area so long as development meets the constraints of the area and the appropriate level of public safety and access is provided. Low density residential use, with density limited to the low end of the range, is appropriate for the southern parcel provided that no development should be approved without adequate protection from flooding. Flood control improvements should be designed to protect the subject property and the surrounding area to withstand a minimum of a 100-year flood.

Low density residential use, with density limited to the low end of the range, is appropriate for the southern parcel provided that no development should be approved without adequate protection from flooding. Flood control improvements should be designed to protect the subject property and the surrounding area to withstand a minimum of a 100-year flood.

Adobe Drive, in the southern portion of the neighborhood south of Higgins Way, is a cul-de-sac. Properties immediately adjacent to Adobe Drive, south of Higgins Way, form a peninsula surrounded on three sides by unincorporated lands within the City's sphere of influence. The majority of properties in this area are undeveloped hillside areas with slopes ranging from 22% -Gently sloping, vacant property on the west side of the cul-de-sac should be developed with very low density residential land uses in order to provide the greatest flexibility in site design sufficient to minimize the effect of development on adjacent, existing agricultural uses and maintain adequate access to southerly County recreation areas. Developers of this property should provide an adequate buffer between developable areas within the City boundary and adjacent agricultural uses within unincorporated lands and the City's sphere of influence. The density of development should decrease as it approaches the City's southern boundary to provide a transition to the undeveloped unincorporated lands. unincorporated County recreation areas to the south should be maintained. Based on proper geotechnical studies, other properties adjacent to the Adobe Drive cul-de-sac could be developed at very low residential densities. order to assure compatibility with surrounding lower density land uses, development in this area should be undertaken in a manner which is subordinate to existing topography and the general character of the To achieve this end and to provide an additional buffer area between developed incorporated and undeveloped, unincorporated recreation developers should be encouraged to establish and dedicate a conservation easement over those portions of any property in this area containing an existing tree planting easement.

Internal circulation in West Linda Mar is adequate for existing and proposed development. Recent improvements to the Linda Mar and Crespi intersections have facilitated local access to and from Highway 1, but the peak hour capacity of the highway will continue to be a factor in the level of service to this neighborhood.





PLANNING COMMISSION Staff Report

DATE: November 7, 2016

FILE: PSD-812-16

CDP-373-16

ITEM: 2

PUBLIC NOTICE: Notice of Public Hearing was published in Pacifica Tribune on October 26, 2016, and mailed to 86 surrounding property owners and occupants.

APPLICANT

Marc Dimalanta

OWNER:

Darlene Lee & Brandon Ooi

D-Scheme Studio 222 8th Street

263 Kent Road

Pacifica, CA 94044

San Francisco, CA 94030

PROJECT LOCATION: 263 Kent Road (APN 023-031-300)

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Remove an existing 988-square foot (sf) single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf and construct a 5,309-sf three-story, single family residence including a 494-sf attached garage on an 8,568-sf lot located at 263 Kent Road in Pacifica. It should be noted that the project site originally consisted of two separate parcels identified as APNs 023-031-050 and 023-031-180, which were combined in early 2016 for tax simplification, resulting in the new combined APN 023-031-300.

SITE DESIGNATIONS: General Plan: Low Density Residential (LDR)

Zoning: R-1 (Single-Family Residential) / CZ (Coastal Zone Combining)

RECOMMENDED CEQA STATUS: Class 3 Categorical Exemption, Section 15303(a) and Class 1 Categorical Exemption, Section 15301(I)(1).

ADDITIONAL REQUIRED APPROVALS: None. Subject to appeal to the City Council and California Coastal Commission.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Approve as conditioned.

PREPARED BY: Kevin Valente, Contract Planner

PROJECT DESCRIPTION, FINDINGS, AND RECOMMENDATION

Table 1. Zoning Standards Conformance

Major Standards	Required	Existing	Proposed
Lot Size	5,000 sf min	8,568 sf	No Change
Lot Coverage	40% max	21.28%	38.74 %
Dwelling Unit Size	850 sf min	988 sf	5,309 sf
Building Height	35'-0" max	~20'	35'-0"
Landscaping	20% min	34%	21.56%
Setbacks			***************************************
Front	15'-0" min	13'-0"	40'-0"
Side	5'-0" min	1'-0"	5'-0"
Rear	20'-0" min	2'-4"	26'-0"
Rear Decks Parking	14 ft from rear lot line	N/A	16 ft. from rear lot line
Dwelling Unit	2 garage spaces per unit (18' x19')	3 garage spaces	2 garage spaces (20'-5" x 23')
Guest	One space on driveway or on-street	Driveway	Driveway

1. Project Description

The proposed project includes the development of a three-story, 5,309 -sf single-family dwelling including a 494-sf attached garage on an 8,568-sf lot located at 263 Kent Road. The project site includes an existing 988-sf single-family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf, which would be removed as part of the proposed project. An elevator would service all three floors. In addition, five existing trees are proposed to be removed as part of the project. The proposed 35-ft high residence would be setback from the front lot line by approximately 40 feet. Details of the project are further detailed below.

Floor Plan

The first floor of the residence would include an attached 496 sf two car garage, a mud room, one bedroom, one bathroom, wine cellar, family room with a wet bar, and an indoor swimming pool. The swimming pool would be located along the western side of the residence. The first floor would be 1791 sf.

The front door and entry way would be located on the second floor. The second floor would also include one bedroom, one and one-half bathrooms, family room, office, living room, pantry, and kitchen and dining room. The second floor would be 1,946 sf. Additionally, a 463-sf deck would project off the second floor of north elevation of the residence.

The third floor would include two bedrooms, one bathroom, laundry room, and a master bedroom with two walk-in closets, a nursery, and a master bathroom. The two non-master

bedrooms on this floor would each have access to their own small (approximately 25 sf) private deck. The third floor would be 1572 sf.

Exterior Features

The proposed project architectural style is Modern. Consistent with typical characteristics of this style, the proposed project includes features such as strong linear elements and bold horizontal and vertical features. Modern designs include an open living/dining/kitchen area, often accented with a fireplace as a focal point. Modern architecture incorporates the topography of the land within the home's design. The use of large expanses of glass in effect brings the building's surrounding into the building, taking advantage of dramatic views and natural landscaping. Modern architectural designs often include low sloping flat roofs and glass and steel exterior building materials.

The proposed project would include the use of several exterior materials including glass windows, stucco, painted fascia, wood paneling, stone paneling, and glass guardrails. Each elevation would include a mix of all of the materials. Four recessed lighting fixtures would be used to accent the exterior materials and large glass windows along the front elevation. The front and rear elevations would include additional sconce lighting. A six foot tall wood fence and driveway gate would be located along the 15-ft front yard setback.

Landscaping

The proposed project includes 1,848 sf of landscaping. Areas not landscaped on the ground level will consist of permeable stone pavers to allow additional rain and irrigation water to permeate the ground and assist in stormwater drainage. In addition, the incorporation of automatic irrigation system controllers for landscaping that automatically adjust irrigation in response to weather and soil moisture will assist in water conservation. The proposed project is subject to the San Mateo Countywide Water Pollution Prevention Program and would be regulated by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) C.3 requirements.

The development of the proposed project includes the removal of the following five existing onsite trees:

- 46-inch diameter at breast height (DBH)" Pine;
- 27-inch DBH Pine;
- 32-inch DBH Pine;
- 26-inch DBH Juniper; and
- 12-inch DBH tree of unknown species (not considered a heritage tree because of size).

Four of the five trees listed above are identified as heritage trees, as defined by PMC Section 4-12.02(c). It should be noted that all on-site heritage trees are proposed to be removed. All trees proposed for removal look to be in good health; therefore, staff has included condition of

approval #8 and #9, requiring the project applicant to obtain tree removal permits prior to the removal of a heritage tree or engaging in demolition or new construction within the dripline of a heritage tree. The project applicant shall also prepare and submit a tree protection plan prior to the approval of tree removal permits in accordance with PMC Sections 4-12.02 through 4-12.11.

Neighborhood Context

The proposed project design incorporates numerous elements of the City of Pacifica's adopted Design Guidelines, which will complement, enhance, and reinforce many of the positive architectural characteristics of the neighborhood while raising the standard and quality of the architecture. As a result the proposed project will have a positive impact on the surrounding neighborhood as a whole.

The Pedro Point neighborhood is predominately single-family residential coastal development that includes a wide variety of designs of various sizes and scale. Buildings vary in height from one- to three-stories. Lot width and depths range from 25 to 50 feet and 100 to 120 feet respectively. The proposed project includes the removal of the existing 988-sf single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf; therefore, staff has included condition of approval #11 and #14 to require the review and approval of a demolition permit, including approval of haul routes, by the City's Engineering Division, and roadways shall be maintained clear of construction materials, equipment, storage, and debris.

2. General Plan, Zoning, and Surrounding Land Uses

The subject site's General Plan land use designation is Low Density Residential (LDR). The LDR land use designation permits residential development at an average density of three to nine units per acre. The project site is 0.20 acres and therefore the proposed single residence is compatible with the LDR designation. The subject site's location is within the R-1 (Single-Family Residential) and CZ (Coastal Zone Combining) zoning districts. The R-1 zone allows development of single-family dwellings and the CZ zone supplements the underlying zoning district (R-1) with additional standards. Land uses surrounding the project site consist of single-family residences in the R-1/CZ zoning districts.

3. Municipal Code

The new construction of the single family dwelling would result in a floor area that exceeds the maximum under the formula specified in PMC Section 9-4.3201(d); therefore, the project requires Planning Commission approval of a Site Development Permit (PSD-812-16).

$$T + F(\sqrt{(L-S)}) = M$$

2,800 + 12 $(\sqrt{8,568-5,000})$ = 3,516 sf

- "M" shall mean the maximum floor area that is permitted under this subsection without triggering Planning Commission approval of a site development permit;
- "T" shall mean the floor area threshold for a standard lot, and shall always be two thousand eight hundred (2,800') square feet;
- "S" shall mean a standard lot size, and shall always be five thousand (5,000') square feet;
- "F" shall mean the factor representing the multiplier, and shall always be twelve (12);
- "L" shall mean the actual lot size in square feet.
- The Planning Commission shall not issue a Site Development Permit if the Commission makes any of the following findings [PMC Sec. 9-4.3204(a)]:
 - That the location, size, and intensity of the proposed operation will create a hazardous or inconvenient vehicular or pedestrian traffic pattern, taking into account the proposed use as compared with the general character and intensity of the neighborhood;
 - ii. That the accessibility of off-street parking areas and the relation of parking areas with respect to traffic on adjacent streets will create a hazardous or inconvenient condition to adjacent or surrounding uses;
 - iii. That insufficient landscaped areas have been reserved for the purposes of separating or screening service and storage areas from the street and adjoining building sites, breaking up large expanses of paved areas, and separating or screening parking lots from the street and adjoining building areas from paved areas to provide access from buildings to open areas;
 - iv. That the proposed development, as set forth on the plans, will unreasonably restrict or cut out light and air on the property and on other property in the neighborhood, or will hinder or discourage the appropriate development and use of land and buildings in the neighborhood, or impair the value thereof;
 - v. That the improvement of any commercial or industrial structure, as shown on the elevations as submitted, is substantially detrimental to the character or value of an adjacent R District area;
 - vi. That the proposed development will excessively damage or destroy natural features, including trees, shrubs, creeks, and rocks, and the natural grade of the site, except as provided in the subdivision regulations as set forth in Chapter 1 of Title 10 of this Code;
 - vii. That there is insufficient variety in the design of the structure and grounds to avoid monotony in the external appearance;
 - viii. That the proposed development is inconsistent with the City's adopted Design Guidelines; or
 - ix. That the proposed development is inconsistent with the General Plan, Local Coastal Plan, or other applicable laws of the City.

In addition, the project site is located in Coastal Zone (Pedro Point); thus, Planning Commission approval of a Coastal Development Permit (CDP-373-16) is required.

The Planning Commission must make two findings in order to approve a CDP application [PMC Sec. 9-4.4304(k)]:

- The proposed development is in conformity with the City's certified Local Coastal Program; and
- ii. Where the Coastal Development Permit is issued for any development between the nearest public road and the shoreline, the development is in conformity with the public recreation policies of Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act.

Four of the five trees proposed for removal are identified as heritage trees, as defined by PMC Section 4-12.02(c). Therefore, in conformance with PMC Section 4-12.04, the project applicant is required to obtain tree removal permits prior to tree removal.

4. Required Findings

- A. In order to approve the subject Site Development Permit (PSD-812-16), the Planning Commission must not make any of the nine findings required by PMC Section 9-4.3.204(a). The following discussion supports the Commission's findings in this regard.
 - i. Required Finding: That the location, size, and intensity of the proposed operation will create a hazardous or inconvenient vehicular or pedestrian traffic pattern, taking into account the proposed use as compared with the general character and intensity of the neighborhood.
 - <u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project includes the removal of an existing 988-sf single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf and construction of a 5,309-sf three-story, single family residence within an existing neighborhood. The proposed project includes a total 5,309 sf of gross living floor area. The proposed project is setback from the front lot line approximately 40 feet. The segment of Kent Road along the proposed project does not have any existing pedestrian facilities and the proposed project would not include any modifications to the existing roadway that could create a hazardous traffic pattern.
 - ii. Required Finding: That the accessibility of off-street parking areas and the relation of parking areas with respect to traffic on adjacent streets will create a hazardous or inconvenient condition to adjacent or surrounding uses.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project includes the removal of an existing 988-sf single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf and construction of a 5,309-sf three-story, single family residence within an existing neighborhood.

The existing residence currently includes two detached garages with separate driveways, which currently limits the amount of potential on-street parking. The proposed project includes one attached two-car garage and only one driveway, which would increase the amount of street parking in the neighborhood. The proposed project includes an automated driveway gate along the 15-ft front yard setback. The automated gate would be remote controlled. Kent Road is a local street and vehicle traffic levels and speeds are low; therefore, any impact for a vehicle waiting for the driveway gate to open would not be hazardous.

iii. Required Finding: That insufficient landscaped areas have been reserved for the purposes of separating or screening service and storage areas from the street and adjoining building sites, breaking up large expanses of paved areas, and separating or screening parking lots from the street and adjoining building areas from paved areas to provide access from buildings to open areas.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project includes the incorporation of a new 600-sf landscaped area in the front of the property and approximately 1,848 sf of total landscaping on-site. The proposed project's landscaping exceeds the minimum 20 percent amount of landscaping required for residential development in the R-1 zoning district, and would break up large expanses of paved areas.

iv. Required Finding: That the proposed development, as set forth on the plans, will unreasonably restrict or cut out light and air on the property and on other property in the neighborhood, or will hinder or discourage the appropriate development and use of land and buildings in the neighborhood, or impair the value thereof.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project includes the removal of an existing 988-sf single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf and construction of a high quality 5,309-sf three-story, single family residence within an existing developed coastal area. The proposed project would increase the height of the structure on-site from a single-story residence (approximately 20' tall) to a three-story residence (35' tall); however, the proposed residence would not block the all-day southern exposure to adjacent properties as there is no private property to the north of the proposed residence. The proposed project would significantly improve the appearance of the site and the surrounding neighborhood. Setbacks of five feet from the interior side property lines — the sides of the site closest to adjacent buildings — will provide adequate building separation so as not to unreasonably restrict or cut out light and air on the property and on other property in the neighborhood.

Because the project will upgrade the aesthetic condition of the existing site and not crowd surrounding properties, the proposed project will not unreasonably restrict or cut out light and air on the property and on other property in the neighborhood.

Furthermore, for the same reasons, the project will not hinder or discourage the appropriate development and use of land and buildings in the neighborhood, or impair the value thereof.

v. Required Finding: That the improvement of any commercial or industrial structure, as shown on the elevations as submitted, is substantially detrimental to the character or value of an adjacent R District area.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project does not include any commercial or industrial uses. Therefore, this finding is not applicable to the subject project.

vi. Required Finding: That the proposed development will excessively damage or destroy natural features, including trees, shrubs, creeks, and rocks, and the natural grade of the site, except as provided in the subdivision regulations as set forth in Chapter 1 of Title 10 of this Code.

<u>Discussion</u>: Per PMC Section 4-12.02(c)(1), four of the five trees proposed for removal as part of the proposed project are identified as heritage trees. Therefore, in conformance with PMC Title 4, Chapter 12. – Preservation of Heritage Trees, the project applicant is required to obtain tree removal permits prior to tree removal.

vii. Required Finding: That there is insufficient variety in the design of the structure and grounds to avoid monotony in the external appearance.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project will incorporate variety in the type of materials and roof lines while maintaining a cohesive style that will be compatible with the mixed development in the Pedro Point neighborhood. Each elevation of the proposed project consists of multiple projections and materials, such as roof overhangs, balconies, painted stucco, fascia, wood paneling, stone veneer, glass guardrails and windows. Therefore, the project will result in sufficient variety in the design of the structure and grounds to avoid monotony in the external appearance.

viii. Required Finding: That the proposed development is inconsistent with the City's adopted Design Guidelines.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project would overall be consistent Design Guidelines. The following discussions provide further details of its compatibility with some of the various elements:

1. Site Planning

• Site Improvements. Locate site improvement such as buildings, parking area, and walkways to take advantage of desirable site features.

The proposed project includes the removal of an existing single family residence and construction of a new single family residence at the same location taking advantage of existing ocean views.

• Lighting. Exterior Lighting should be subdued, and should enhance building design as well as provide for safety and security.

The proposed project includes downward facing recessed exterior lighting fixtures that accent the exterior materials and large glass windows along the front elevation that enhances the modern design of the building. The front and rear elevations would include additional sconce lighting.

2. Building Design

• Design. The Style and design of new building should be in character with that of the surrounding neighborhood.

The Modern architectural style and design of the proposed project is consistent with the surrounding neighborhood, including the proposed building materials to be used. In particular, the proposed architecture is consistent with features found in the single-family homes located at 228 Kent Road and 266 Kent Road.

• Scale. Scale is the measure of the relationship of the relative overall size of one structure with one or more other structures.

The proposed project includes the removal of an existing single family residence and construction of a three-story, single family residence within the existing Pedro Point neighborhood. Consistent with the proposed project, the Pedro Point neighborhood is predominately single-family residential coastal development of various sizes and scale that varies in height from one- to three-stories.

 Materials. Compatibility of materials is an essential ingredient in design quality.

Consistent with the surrounding neighborhood, the proposed project would include the use of several exterior materials including glass windows, stucco, painted fascia, wood paneling, stone paneling, and glass guardrails. Each elevation would include a mix of all of the materials. Four recessed lighting fixtures would be used to accent the exterior materials and large glass windows along the front elevation.

3. Landscaping

 Amount and Variety. Applicants are encouraged to exceed the minimum amount of landscaping required by the Zoning Ordinance and landscape plans should incorporate a variety of plant species.

The proposed project includes 1,848 sf of landscaping exceeding the minimum 20 percent. The proposed landscape plans incorporates 13 different plant species offering a wide variety in site landscaping.

4. Coastal Development

• Views. New development within the coastal view shed should not impair views to the sea from public roads, trails, and vista points.

The proposed project will be located on a site with existing single-family residential development in an area substantially developed with residential units, and will be setback approximately 150 feet from the sea. Therefore the proposed project would not disrupt existing views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas, and would continue to be visually compatible with the character of surrounding areas.

- Geotechnical Hazards. The shoreline is subject to erosion, landslides, and other geotechnical problems of varying intensity.
 - a) A geotechnical report shall be prepared for all new coastal development on bluff-tops or steep parcels.

A geotechnical report was prepared by Earth Investigations Consultants, dated August 17, 2014. The report concluded the proposed project is feasible and included design and construction recommendations. Staff has included Condition No. 10 requiring the applicant to have the 2014 geotechnical report reviewed 2014 to ensure that conditions are unchanged and that recommendations identified are sufficient to support the proposed project prior to issuance of building permit. All recommendations identified in the geotechnical investigation report prepared by Earth Investigations Consultants, dated August 17, 2014, shall be implemented as specified in the report unless determined no longer applicable as a result of the review of the 2014 geotechnical report. Additionally, any new recommendations that are identified as a result of the review of the 2014 geotechnical report shall be implemented.

b) Buildings shall be setback an adequate distance from bluff edges to ensure the safety of the structures during their design life.

The proposed project will be setback approximately 150 feet from the sea and is increasing the existing rear setback from the bluff by an additional six feet. A geotechnical report was prepared by Earth Investigations Consultants, dated August 17, 2014. The report states that there have been no landslides reported on site and the 100 year railroad cut backing the property has sustained only localized surficial erosion. The report concluded the proposed project is feasible and included design and construction recommendations. Staff has included Condition No. 10 requiring all recommendations identified in the geotechnical investigation report shall be implemented as specified in the report.

c) Proper drainage controls shall be incorporated into site design to minimize the potential for runoff and erosion.

The proposed project includes storm drain lines along the east, west, and south edges of the project site to minimize the potential for runoff and erosion. In addition, the proposed project is subject to the San Mateo Countywide Water Pollution Prevention Program and would be regulated by the NPDES C.3 requirements.

d) Excessive grading should be avoided. Structures should be designed to work with the natural slope of the site.

The proposed project includes the removal of an existing single family residence with two detached garages and construction of a three-story, single family residence; therefore, grading would be minimal during construction.

e) Choice of plant materials should give consideration to the need for erosion control and bluff stability.

The proposed project includes 1,848 sf of landscaping exceeding the minimum 20 percent and incorporates 13 different plant species, which will contribute to erosion control and bluff stability. In addition, the proposed project is subject to the updated 2015 Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELO).

ix. Required Finding: That the proposed development is inconsistent with the General Plan, Local Coastal Plan, or other applicable laws of the City.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project would be consistent with the City of Pacifica's General Plan, Local Coastal Plan, or other applicable laws of the City. The LDR land use designation permits residential development at an average density of three to nine units per acre. The project site is 0.20 acres and therefore the proposed single residence is compatible with the LDR designation. It will also be consistent with following General Plan policies:

• Circulation Element Policy No. 12: Employ individualized street improvement standards without violating the safety or character of the existing neighborhood.

The proposed project includes the removal of an existing 988-sf single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf and construction of a high quality 5,309-sf three-story, single family residence within an existing neighborhood. As a result of the proposed project on-street parking would be increased with the removal of one existing on-site driveway. The development of proposed project would be considered an improvement to the existing neighborhood.

• Community Design Element Policy No. 2: *Encourage the upgrading and maintenance of existing neighborhoods*.

The proposed project includes the removal of an existing 988-sf single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf and construction of a high quality 5,309-sf three-story, single family residence within an existing neighborhood. In addition, the proposed project includes increased landscaping along the front property lines as well as approximately 600 sf of increased landscaping in front of the residence. Therefore, because the proposed project's existing on-street parking and front yard landscaping would be increased on the project site with the removal of one existing driveway, the development of proposed project would be considered an improvement to the existing neighborhood.

• Land Use Element Policy No. 8: Land use and development shall protect and enhance the individual character of each neighborhood.

The proposed project includes the development of a three-story single-family dwelling with an attached garage. The style and design of the proposed project is consistent with the surrounding neighborhood, including the proposed building materials to be used. In particular, the proposed architecture is

consistent with features found in the single-family homes located at 228 Kent Road and 266 Kent Road.

The proposed project would also be consistent with the Local Coastal Plan as further discussed in Section 4.B.ii of this staff report, and other applicable laws of the City, as further discussed in Section 2 of this staff report.

- B In order to approve the subject Coastal Development Permit (CDP-373-16), the Planning Commission must make the two findings required by PMC Section 9-4.4304(k). The following discussion supports the Commission's findings in this regard.
 - i. Required Finding: *The proposed development is in conformity with the City's certified Local Coastal Program.*

<u>Discussion</u>: The City's certified Local Coastal Program includes a Local Coastal Land Use Plan (LCLUP) that contains policies to further the City's coastal planning activities. The proposed project is consistent with many of these policies, as discussed below.

 Coastal Act Policy No. 2: Development shall not interfere with the public's right of access to the sea where acquired through use or legislative authorization, including, but not limited to, the use of dry sand and rock coastal beaches to the first line of terrestrial vegetation.

The proposed project will not interfere with the public's right of access to the sea. The proposed project is located on the opposite side of Kent Road and is located atop cliffs that overlook the coast. Therefore, the project will not impact or otherwise interfere with the public's right of access to the sea.

• Coastal Act Policy No. 23: New development, except as otherwise provided in this policy, shall be located within, contiguous with, or in close proximity to, existing developed areas able to accommodate it or, where such areas are not able to accommodate it, in other areas with adequate public services and where it will not have significant adverse effects, either individually or cumulatively, on coastal resources... [the remainder of this policy pertains to major land divisions other than condominiums and to visitor-serving facilities, neither of which are part of the subject project.]

The proposed project is not new development as the proposed single family residence would replace an existing single family residence. Nonetheless, development proposed with this project is located within an existing developed area. The surrounding neighborhood is a substantially developed suburban neighborhood with subdivided lots, most of which have already been developed

with residential units. Therefore, development will not occur outside of existing developed areas.

Because the proposed project will be located in an existing area substantially developed with residential units, and will be setback approximately 150 feet from the sea, substantial evidence exists to support a Planning Commission finding that the proposed development is in conformity with the City's certified Local Coastal Program.

• Coastal Act Policy No. 24: The scenic and visual qualities of coastal areas shall be considered and protected as a resource of public importance. Permitted development shall be sited and designed to protect views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas, to minimize the alteration of natural landforms, to be visually compatible with the character of surrounding areas, and, where feasible, to restore and enhance visual quality in visually degraded areas. New development in highly scenic areas such as those designated in the California Coastline Preservation and Recreation Plan, prepared by the Department of Parks and Recreation and by local government, shall be subordinate to the character of its setting.

The proposed project will be located on a site with existing single-family residential development in an area substantially developed with residential units, and will be setback approximately 150 feet from the sea. Therefore the proposed project would not disrupt existing views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas, and will continue to be visually compatible with the character of surrounding areas.

ii. Required Finding: Where the Coastal Development Permit is issued for any development between the nearest public road and the shoreline, the development is in conformity with the public recreation policies of Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act.

<u>Discussion</u>: The project site is separated from the coast by a private roadway, Shelter Cove; however, because Shelter Cove is a private roadway, the proposed project would be located between the nearest public road (Kent Road) and the shoreline. Therefore, Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act pertains to protecting public access to the sea. The project site is located atop the bluff overlooking Linda Mar Beach and is setback approximately 150 feet from the sea. The northern boundary of the project site consists of steep cliffs and does not currently serve as public access to the sea. As a result, the development of the proposed project would not disrupt or block public access to the sea.

5. CEQA Recommendation

Staff analysis of the proposed project supports a Planning Commission finding that it qualifies for a categorical exemption from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The project qualifies as a Class 1 and 3 exemption under CEQA Guidelines Section 15301(i)(1) and 15303(a), as described below, applies to the project:

15301. Existing Facilities

Class 1 consists of the operation, repair, maintenance, permitting, leasing, licensing, or minor alteration of existing public or private structures, facilities, mechanical equipment, or topographical features, involving negligible or no expansion of use beyond that existing at the time of the lead agency's determination. The types of "existing facilities" itemized below are not intended to be all inclusive of the types of projects which might fall within Class 1. The key consideration is whether the project involves negligible or no expansion of an existing use. Examples include but are not limited to:

- i) Demolition and removal of individual small structures listed in this subdivision:
 - 1) One single-family residence. In urbanized areas, up to three single-family residences may be demolished under this exemption.

15303. New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures

Class 3 consists of construction and location of limited numbers of new, small facilities or structures; installation of small new equipment and facilities in small structures; and the conversion of existing small structures from one use to another where only minor modifications are made in the exterior of the structure. The numbers of structures described in this section are the maximum allowable on any legal parcel. Examples of this exemption include, but are not limited to:

a) One single-family residence, or a second dwelling unit in a residential zone. In urbanized areas, up to three single-family residences may be constructed or converted under this exemption.

The proposal to demolish one single family residence and construct one single family residence in a residential zone is within the scope of a Class 3 categorical exemption. Additionally, none of the exceptions to application of a categorical Class 3 exemption in Section 15300.2 of the CEQA Guidelines apply, as described below.

- Sec. 15300.2(a): There is no evidence in the record that the project would impact an environmental resource of hazardous or critical concern in an area designated, precisely mapped, and officially adopted pursuant to law by federal, State, or local agencies.
- Sec. 15300.2(b): There is no evidence in the record that cumulative projects of the same type would occur within the same place to create a significant cumulative impact.

- Sec. 15300.2(c): There is no evidence that the activity would have a significant effect on the environment due to unusual circumstances. .
- Sec. 15300.2(d) through (f): The project is not proposed near an officially designated scenic highway, does not involve a current or former hazardous waste site, and, does not affect any historical resources. Therefore, the provisions of subsections (d) through (f) are not applicable to this project.

Because the project is consistent with the requirements for a Class 1 and Class 3 exemption and none of the exceptions to applying to a Class 3 exemption in Section 15300.2 apply; therefore, there is substantial evidence in the record to support a finding that the project is categorically exempt from CEQA.

6. Staff Analysis

In staff's opinion, as conditioned, the project is consistent with the General Plan, Local Coastal Land Use Plan, and the City's adopted Design Guidelines. The project is consistent with General Plan density standards, the uses permitted in the zoning standards, and all zoning development standards. Thus, staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the proposed project subject to the conditions attached.

COMMISSION ACTION

MOTION FOR APPROVAL:

Move that the Planning Commission finds the project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act; **APPROVE** Site Development Permit PSD-812-16 and Coastal Development Permit CDP-373-16, by adopting the resolution included as Attachment B to the staff report, including conditions of approval in Exhibit A to the resolution; and, incorporate all maps and testimony into the record by reference.

Attachments:

- A. Land Use and Zoning Exhibit
- B. Draft Resolution and Conditions of Approval
- C. Proposed project plans

ATTACHMENT A

RESOL	UTION	NO.	

A RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF PACIFICA APPROVING SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT PSD-812-16 AND COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT CDP-373-16, SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS, FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A THREE-STORY, 5,309-SQUARE FOOT SINGLE-FAMILY DWELLING INCLUDING A 494-SQUARE FOOT ATTACHED GARAGE AT 263 KENT ROAD (APN 023-031-300), AND FINDING THE PROJECT EXEMPT FROM THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT (CEQA).

Initiated by: Marc Dimalanta ("Applicant").

WHEREAS, an application has been submitted to remove an existing 988-square foot single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 square feet and construct a 5,309- square foot three-story, single family residence on an 8,568- square foot lot located at 263 Kent Road in Pacifica (APN 023-031-300); and

WHEREAS, the project requires approval of a Site Development Permit because new construction of the single family dwelling would result in a floor area that exceeds the maximum under the formula specified in PMC Section 9-4.3201(d); and

WHEREAS, the project requires approval of a Coastal Development Permit because the project involves development within the Coastal Zone; and, the project does not qualify as a category of exempted or excluded development; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica did hold a duly noticed public hearing on November 7, 2016, at which time it considered all oral and documentary evidence presented, and incorporated all testimony and documents into the record by reference.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica as follows:

- 1. The above recitals are true and correct and material to this Resolution.
- 2. In making its findings, the Planning Commission relied upon and hereby incorporates by reference all correspondence, staff reports, and other related materials.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica does hereby make the following findings pertaining to Site Development Permit PSD-812-16 for new construction which increases an existing structure's gross square footage by 50 percent or more within an R-1 zone:

i. Required Finding: That the location, size, and intensity of the proposed operation will create a hazardous or inconvenient vehicular or pedestrian traffic pattern, taking into

account the proposed use as compared with the general character and intensity of the neighborhood.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project includes the removal of an existing 988-sf single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf and construction of a 5,309-sf three-story, single family residence within an existing neighborhood. The proposed project includes a total 5,309 sf of gross living floor area. The proposed project is setback from the front lot line approximately 40 feet. The segment of Kent Road along the proposed project does not have any existing pedestrian facilities and the proposed project would not include any modifications to the existing roadway that could create a hazardous traffic pattern.

ii. Required Finding: That the accessibility of off-street parking areas and the relation of parking areas with respect to traffic on adjacent streets will create a hazardous or inconvenient condition to adjacent or surrounding uses.

Discussion: The proposed project includes the removal of an existing 988-sf single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf and construction of a 5,309-sf three-story, single family residence within an existing neighborhood. The existing residence currently includes two detached garages with separate driveways, which currently limits the amount of potential on-street parking. The proposed project includes one attached two-car garage and only one driveway, which would increase the amount of street parking in the neighborhood. The proposed project includes an automated driveway gate along the 15-ft front yard setback. The automated gate would be remote controlled. Kent Road is a local street and vehicle traffic levels and speeds are low; therefore, any impact for a vehicle waiting for the driveway gate to open would not be hazardous.

iii. Required Finding: That insufficient landscaped areas have been reserved for the purposes of separating or screening service and storage areas from the street and adjoining building sites, breaking up large expanses of paved areas, and separating or screening parking lots from the street and adjoining building areas from paved areas to provide access from buildings to open areas.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project includes the incorporation of a new 600-sf landscaped area in the front of the property and approximately 1,848 sf of total landscaping on-site. The proposed project's landscaping exceeds the minimum 20 percent amount of landscaping required for residential development in the R-1 zoning district, and would break up large expanses of paved areas.

iv. Required Finding: That the proposed development, as set forth on the plans, will unreasonably restrict or cut out light and air on the property and on other property in the neighborhood, or will hinder or discourage the appropriate development and use of land and buildings in the neighborhood, or impair the value thereof.

Discussion: The proposed project includes the removal of an existing 988-sf single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf and construction of a high quality 5,309-sf three-story, single family residence within an existing developed coastal area. The proposed project would increase the height of the structure on-site from a single-story residence (approximately 20' tall) to a three-story residence (35' tall); however, the proposed residence would not block the all-day southern exposure to adjacent properties as there is no private property to the north of the proposed residence. The proposed project would significantly improve the appearance of the site and the surrounding neighborhood. Setbacks of five feet from the interior side property lines – the sides of the site closest to adjacent buildings – will provide adequate building separation so as not to unreasonably restrict or cut out light and air on the property and on other property in the neighborhood.

Because the project will upgrade the aesthetic condition of the existing site and not crowd surrounding properties, the proposed project will not unreasonably restrict or cut out light and air on the property and on other property in the neighborhood. Furthermore, for the same reasons, the project will not hinder or discourage the appropriate development and use of land and buildings in the neighborhood, or impair the value thereof.

v. Required Finding: That the improvement of any commercial or industrial structure, as shown on the elevations as submitted, is substantially detrimental to the character or value of an adjacent R District area.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project does not include any commercial or industrial uses. Therefore, this finding is not applicable to the subject project.

vi. Required Finding: That the proposed development will excessively damage or destroy natural features, including trees, shrubs, creeks, and rocks, and the natural grade of the site, except as provided in the subdivision regulations as set forth in Chapter 1 of Title 10 of this Code.

<u>Discussion</u>: Per PMC Section 4-12.02(c)(1), four of the five trees proposed for removal as part of the proposed project are identified as heritage trees. Therefore, in conformance with PMC Title 4, Chapter 12. – Preservation of Heritage Trees, the project applicant is required to obtain tree removal permits prior to tree removal.

vii. Required Finding: That there is insufficient variety in the design of the structure and grounds to avoid monotony in the external appearance.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project will incorporate variety in the type of materials and roof lines while maintaining a cohesive style that will be compatible with the mixed development in the Pedro Point neighborhood. Each elevation of the proposed project consists of multiple projections and materials, such as roof overhangs, balconies, painted stucco, fascia, wood paneling, stone veneer, glass guardrails and

windows. Therefore, the project will result in sufficient variety in the design of the structure and grounds to avoid monotony in the external appearance.

viii. Required Finding: That the proposed development is inconsistent with the City's adopted Design Guidelines.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project would overall be consistent Design Guidelines. The following discussions provide further details of its compatibility with some of the various elements:

1. Site Planning

• Site Improvements. Locate site improvement such as buildings, parking area, and walkways to take advantage of desirable site features.

The proposed project includes the removal of an existing single family residence and construction of a new single family residence at the same location taking advantage of existing ocean views.

• Lighting. Exterior Lighting should be subdued, and should enhance building design as well as provide for safety and security.

The proposed project includes downward facing recessed exterior lighting fixtures that accent the exterior materials and large glass windows along the front elevation that enhances the modern design of the building. The front and rear elevations would include additional sconce lighting.

2 .Building Design

• Design. The Style and design of new building should be in character with that of the surrounding neighborhood.

The Modern architectural style and design of the proposed project is consistent with the surrounding neighborhood, including the proposed building materials to be used. In particular, the proposed architecture is consistent with features found in the single-family homes located at 228 Kent Road and 266 Kent Road.

• Scale. Scale is the measure of the relationship of the relative overall size of one structure with one or more other structures.

The proposed project includes the removal of an existing single family residence and construction of a three-story, single family residence within the existing Pedro Point neighborhood. Consistent with the proposed project, the Pedro Point neighborhood is predominately single-family residential coastal

development of various sizes and scale that varies in height from one- to three-stories.

• Materials. Compatibility of materials is an essential ingredient in design quality.

Consistent with the surrounding neighborhood, the proposed project would include the use of several exterior materials including glass windows, stucco, painted fascia, wood paneling, stone paneling, and glass guardrails. Each elevation would include a mix of all of the materials. Four recessed lighting fixtures would be used to accent the exterior materials and large glass windows along the front elevation.

3. Landscaping

• Amount and Variety. Applicants are encouraged to exceed the minimum amount of landscaping required by the Zoning Ordinance and landscape plans should incorporate a variety of plant species.

The proposed project includes 1,848 sf of landscaping exceeding the minimum 20 percent. The proposed landscape plans incorporates 13 different plant species offering a wide variety in site landscaping.

4. Coastal Development

• Views. New development within the coastal view shed should not impair views to the sea from public roads, trails, and vista points.

The proposed project will be located on a site with existing single-family residential development in an area substantially developed with residential units, and will be setback approximately 150 feet from the sea. Therefore the proposed project would not disrupt existing views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas, and would continue to be visually compatible with the character of surrounding areas.

- Geotechnical Hazards. The shoreline is subject to erosion, landslides, and other geotechnical problems of varying intensity.
 - a) A geotechnical report shall be prepared for all new coastal development on bluff-tops or steep parcels.

A geotechnical report was prepared by Earth Investigations Consultants, dated August 17, 2014. The report concluded the proposed project is feasible and included design and construction recommendations. Staff has included condition of approval #10 requiring all recommendations

identified in the geotechnical investigation report shall be implemented as specified in the report.

b) Buildings shall be setback an adequate distance from bluff edges to ensure the safety of the structures during their design life.

The proposed project will be setback approximately 150 feet from the sea and is increasing the existing rear setback from the bluff by an additional six feet. A geotechnical report was prepared by Earth Investigations Consultants, dated August 17, 2014. The report states that there have been no landslides reported on site and the 100 year railroad cut backing the property has sustained only localized surficial erosion. The report concluded the proposed project is feasible and included design and construction recommendations. Staff has included Condition No. 10 requiring all recommendations identified in the geotechnical investigation report shall be implemented as specified in the report.

c) Proper drainage controls shall be incorporated into site design to minimize the potential for runoff and erosion.

The proposed project includes storm drain lines along the east, west, and south edges of the project site to minimize the potential for runoff and erosion. In addition, the proposed project is subject to the San Mateo Countywide Water Pollution Prevention Program and would be regulated by the NPDES C.3 requirements.

d) Excessive grading should be avoided. Structures should be designed to work with the natural slope of the site.

The proposed project includes the removal of an existing single family residence with two detached garages and construction of a three-story, single family residence; therefore, grading would be minimal during construction.

e) Choice of plant materials should give consideration to the need for erosion control and bluff stability.

The proposed project includes 1,848 sf of landscaping exceeding the minimum 20 percent and incorporates 13 different plant species, which will contribute to erosion control and bluff stability. In addition, the proposed project is subject to the updated 2015 Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELO).

ix. Required Finding: That the proposed development is inconsistent with the General Plan, Local Coastal Plan, or other applicable laws of the City.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project would be consistent with the City of Pacifica's General Plan, Local Coastal Plan, or other applicable laws of the City. The LDR land use designation permits residential development at an average density of three to nine units per acre. The project site is 0.20 acres and therefore the proposed single residence is compatible with the LDR designation. It will also be consistent with following General Plan policies:

• Circulation Element Policy No. 12: *Employ individualized street improvement standards without violating the safety or character of the existing neighborhood.*

The proposed project includes the removal of an existing 988-sf single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf and construction of a high quality 5,309-sf three-story, single family residence within an existing neighborhood. As a result of the proposed project on-street parking would be increased with the removal of one existing on-site driveway. The development of proposed project would be considered an improvement to the existing neighborhood.

• Community Design Element Policy No. 2: Encourage the upgrading and maintenance of existing neighborhoods.

The proposed project includes the removal of an existing 988-sf single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sf and construction of a high quality 5,309-sf three-story, single family residence within an existing neighborhood. In addition, the proposed project includes increased landscaping along the front property lines as well as approximately 600 sf of increased landscaping in front of the residence. Therefore, because the proposed project's existing on-street parking and front yard landscaping would be increased on the project site with the removal of one existing driveway, the development of proposed project would be considered an improvement to the existing neighborhood.

• Land Use Element Policy No. 8: Land use and development shall protect and enhance the individual character of each neighborhood.

The proposed project includes the development of a three-story single-family dwelling with an attached garage. The style and design of the proposed project is consistent with the surrounding neighborhood, including the proposed building materials to be used. In particular, the proposed architecture is consistent with features found in the single-family homes located at 228 Kent Road and 266 Kent Road.

The proposed project would also be consistent with the Local Coastal Plan as further discussed in Section 4.B.ii of this staff report, and other applicable laws of the City, as further discussed in Section 2 of this staff report.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica does hereby make the following findings pertaining to Coastal Development Permit CDP-373-16 for development within the Coastal Zone:

Required Finding: The proposed development is in conformity with the City's certified Local Coastal Program.

<u>Discussion</u>: The City's certified Local Coastal Program includes a Local Coastal Land Use Plan (LCLUP) that contains policies to further the City's coastal planning activities. The proposed project is consistent with many of these policies, as discussed below.

i. Coastal Act Policy No. 2: Development shall not interfere with the public's right of access to the sea where acquired through use or legislative authorization, including, but not limited to, the use of dry sand and rock coastal beaches to the first line of terrestrial vegetation.

The proposed project will not interfere with the public's right of access to the sea. The proposed project is located on the opposite side of Kent Road and is located atop cliffs that overlook the coast. Therefore, the project will not impact or otherwise interfere with the public's right of access to the sea.

ii. Coastal Act Policy No. 23: New development, except as otherwise provided in this policy, shall be located within, contiguous with, or in close proximity to, existing developed areas able to accommodate it or, where such areas are not able to accommodate it, in other areas with adequate public services and where it will not have significant adverse effects, either individually or cumulatively, on coastal resources... [the remainder of this policy pertains to major land divisions other than condominiums and to visitor-serving facilities, neither of which are part of the subject project.]

The proposed project is not new development as the proposed single family residence would replace an existing single family residence. Nonetheless, development proposed with this project is located within an existing developed area. The surrounding neighborhood is a substantially developed suburban neighborhood with subdivided lots, most of which have already been developed with residential units. Therefore, development will not occur outside of existing developed areas.

Because the proposed project will be located in an existing area substantially developed with residential units, and will be setback approximately 150 feet from

the sea, substantial evidence exists to support a Planning Commission finding that the proposed development is in conformity with the City's certified Local Coastal Program.

iii. Coastal Act Policy No. 24: The scenic and visual qualities of coastal areas shall be considered and protected as a resource of public importance. Permitted development shall be sited and designed to protect views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas, to minimize the alteration of natural landforms, to be visually compatible with the character of surrounding areas, and, where feasible, to restore and enhance visual quality in visually degraded areas. New development in highly scenic areas such as those designated in the California Coastline Preservation and Recreation Plan, prepared by the Department of Parks and Recreation and by local government, shall be subordinate to the character of its setting.

The proposed project will be located on a site with existing single-family residential development in an area substantially developed with residential units, and will be setback approximately 150 feet from the sea. Therefore the proposed project would not disrupt existing views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas, and will continue to be visually compatible with the character of surrounding areas.

ii. Required Finding: Where the Coastal Development Permit is issued for any development between the nearest public road and the shoreline, the development is in conformity with the public recreation policies of Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act.

<u>Discussion</u>: The project site is separated from the coast by a private roadway, Shelter Cove; however, because Shelter Cove is a private roadway, the proposed project would be located between the nearest public road (Kent Road) and the shoreline. Therefore, Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act pertains to protecting public access to the sea. The project site is located atop the bluff overlooking Linda Mar Beach and is setback approximately 150 feet from the sea. The northern boundary of the project site consists of steep cliffs and does not currently serve as public access to the sea. As a result, the development of the proposed project would not disrupt or block public access to the sea.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica does hereby make the following findings pertaining to the project:

1. That the project is exempt from the CEQA as a Class 1 and 3 exemption provided in Section 15301(i)(1) and 15303(a) of the CEQA Guidelines.

15301. Existing Facilities

Class 1 consists of the operation, repair, maintenance, permitting, leasing, licensing, or minor alteration of existing public or private structures, facilities, mechanical equipment, or topographical features, involving negligible or no expansion of use beyond that existing at the time of the lead agency's determination. The types of "existing facilities" itemized below are not intended to be all inclusive of the types of projects which might fall within Class 1. The key consideration is whether the project involves negligible or no expansion of an existing use. Examples include but are not limited to:

- i) Demolition and removal of individual small structures listed in this subdivision:
 - 1) One single-family residence. In urbanized areas, up to three single-family residences may be demolished under this exemption.

15303. New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures

Class 3 consists of construction and location of limited numbers of new, small facilities or structures; installation of small new equipment and facilities in small structures; and the conversion of existing small structures from one use to another where only minor modifications are made in the exterior of the structure. The numbers of structures described in this section are the maximum allowable on any legal parcel. Examples of this exemption include, but are not limited to:

a) One single-family residence, or a second dwelling unit in a residential zone. In urbanized areas, up to three single-family residences may be constructed or converted under this exemption.

The proposal to demolish one single family residence and construct one single family residence in a residential zone is within the scope of a Class 1 and Class 3 categorical exemption. Additionally, none of the exceptions to application of a categorical Class 3 exemption in Section 15300.2 of the CEQA Guidelines apply, as described below.

- Sec. 15300.2(a): There is no evidence in the record that the project would impact an environmental resource of hazardous or critical concern in an area designated, precisely mapped, and officially adopted pursuant to law by federal, State, or local agencies.
- Sec. 15300.2(b): There is no evidence in the record that cumulative projects of the same type would occur within the same place to create a significant cumulative impact.

- Sec. 15300.2(c): There is no evidence that the activity would have a significant effect on the environment due to unusual circumstances.
- Sec. 15300.2(d) through (f): The project is not proposed near an officially designated scenic highway, does not involve a current or former hazardous waste site, and, does not affect any historical resources. Therefore, the provisions of subsections (d) through (f) are not applicable to this project.

Because the project is consistent with the requirements for a Class 1 and Class 3 exemption and none of the exceptions to applying to a Class 3 exemption in Section 15300.2 apply; therefore, there is substantial evidence in the record to support a finding that the project is categorically exempt from CEQA...

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica approves Site Development Permit (PSD-812-16) and Coastal Development Permit (CDP-373-16) for removal of an existing 988-sq. ft. single family residence with two detached garages that add up to 836 sq. ft. and construct a 5,309-sq. ft. three-story, single family residence on an 8,568-sq. ft. lot located at 263 Kent Road (APN 023-031-300), subject to conditions of approval included as Exhibit A to this resolution.

* * * * *

Passed and adopted at a regular meeting of the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica, California, held on the 7th day of November 2016.

NOES, Commissioners: ABSENT, Commissioners: ABSTAIN, Commissioners: Josh Gordon, Chair ATTEST: APPROVED AS TO FORM:	AYES, Commissioners:		
ABSTAIN, Commissioners: Josh Gordon, Chair	NOES, Commissioners:		
Josh Gordon, Chair	ABSENT, Commissioners:		
	· ·	·	
ATTEST: APPROVED AS TO FORM:		Josh Gordon, Chair	
	ATTEST:	APPROVED AS TO FORM:	
Cina Wehrmeister, Planning Director Michelle Kenvon, City Attorney	Γina Wehrmeister, Planning Director	Michelle Kenyon, City Attorney	
	ATTEST:		

Exhibit A

Conditions of Approval: Site Development Permit (PSD-812-16) and Coastal Development Permit (CDP-373-16) for construction of a three-story, 5,309-square foot single-family dwelling including a 494-square foot attached garage located at 263 Kent Road (APN 023-031-300)

Planning Commission Meeting of November 7, 2016

Planning Division of the Planning Department

- 1. Development shall be substantially in accord with the plans entitled "Single-Family Residence 263 Kent Road Pacifica, CA 94044," received by the City of Pacifica on June 15, 2016 and on August 18, 2016, except as modified by the following conditions.
- 2. That the approval or approvals is/are valid for a period of one year from the date of final determination. If the use or uses approved is/are not established within such period of time, the approval(s) shall expire unless Applicant submits a written request for an extension and applicable fee prior to the expiration date, and the Planning Director or Planning Commission approves the extension request as provided below. The Planning Director may administratively grant a single, one year extension provided, in the Planning Director's sole discretion, the circumstances considered during the initial project approval have not materially changed. Otherwise, the Planning Commission shall consider a request for a single, one year extension.
- 3. Applicant shall maintain its site in a fashion that does not constitute a public nuisance and that does not violate any provision of the Pacifica Municipal Code.
- 4. All outstanding and applicable fees associated with the processing of this project shall be paid prior to the issuance of a building permit.
- 5. Prior to issuance of a building permit, Applicant shall clearly indicate compliance with all conditions of approval on the plans and/or provide written explanations to the Planning Director's satisfaction.
- 6. The applicant shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the City, its Council, Planning Commission, advisory boards, officers, employees, consultants and agents (hereinafter "City") from any claim, action or proceeding (hereinafter "Proceeding") brought against the City to attack, set aside, void or annul the City's actions regarding any development or land use permit, application, license, denial, approval or authorization, including, but not limited to, variances, use permits, developments plans, specific plans, general plan amendments, zoning amendments, approvals and certifications pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act, and/or any mitigation monitoring program, or brought against the City due to actions or omissions in any way connected to the applicant's project, but excluding any approvals governed by California Government Code Section 66474.9. This indemnification shall include, but not be limited to, damages, fees and/or

costs awarded against the City, if any, and costs of suit, attorney fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by the applicant, City, and/or parties initiating or bringing such Proceeding. If the applicant is required to defend the City as set forth above, the City shall retain the right to select the counsel who shall defend the City.

- 7. Prior to the issuance of a building permit, Applicant shall submit a final landscape plan for approval by the Planning Director. The landscape plan shall show each type, size, and location of plant materials, as well as the irrigation system. Landscaping materials included on the plan shall be coastal compatible, drought tolerant and shall be predominantly native, and shall include an appropriate mix of trees, shrubs, and other plantings to soften the expanded structure. All landscaping shall be completed consistent with the final landscape plans prior to occupancy. In addition, the landscaping shall be maintained as shown on the landscape plan and shall be designed to incorporate efficient irrigation to reduce runoff, promote surface filtration, and minimize the use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides. Landscaping on the site shall be adequately maintained in a healthful condition and replaced when necessary as determined by the Planning Director.
- 8. The applicant shall submit a tree protection plan prepared by a qualified arborist, horticulturist, landscape architect or other qualified person, in accordance with PMC Section 4-12.07.
- 9. Prior to removing or engaging in demolition or new construction within the dripline of a heritage tree, as defined by PMC Section 4-12.02(c), the applicant shall obtain a tree removal permit in accordance with PMC Sections 4-12.02 through 4-12.11.
- 10. The applicant shall have a qualified engineer review the 2014 geotechnical investigation report prepared by Earth Investigations Consultants, dated August 17, 2014 to ensure that conditions are unchanged and that recommendations identified are sufficient to support the proposed project prior to issuance of building permit. All recommendations identified in the geotechnical investigation report prepared by Earth Investigations Consultants, dated August 17, 2014, shall be implemented as specified in the report unless determined no longer applicable as a result of the review of the 2014 geotechnical report. Additionally, any new recommendations that are identified as a result of the review of the 2014 geotechnical report shall be implemented.

Building Division of the Planning Department

- 11. The project requires review and approval of a demolition permit, including approval of haul routes, by the Building Official. Applicant shall apply for and receive approval of a demolition permit prior to commencing any demolition activity.
- 12. The project requires review and approval of a building permit by the Building Official. Applicant shall apply for and receive approval of a building permit prior to commencing any construction activity.

Engineering Division of Public Works Department

- 13. Construction shall be in conformance with the San Mateo Countywide Storm Water Pollution Prevention Program. Best Management Practices shall be implemented, and the construction BMPs plans sheet from the Countywide program shall be included in the project plans.
- 14. Roadways shall be maintained clear of construction materials, equipment, storage, and debris, especially mud and dirt tracked onto Kent Road. Dust control and daily road cleanup will be strictly enforced. A properly signed no-parking zone may be established during normal working hours only. Haul routes for demolition and construction must be approved by the Pacifica Engineering Division prior to the commencement of work.
- 15. Existing curb, sidewalk or other street improvements adjacent to the property frontage that are damaged or displaced shall be repaired or replaced as determined by the City Engineer even if damage or displacement occurred prior to any work performed for this project.
- 16. All recorded survey points, monuments, railroad spikes, pins, cross cuts on top of sidewalks and tags on top of culvert headwalls or end walls whether within private property or public right-of-way shall be protected and preserved. If survey point/s are altered, removed or destroyed, the applicant shall be responsible for obtaining the services of a licensed surveyor or qualified Civil Engineer to restore or replace the survey points and record the required map prior to occupancy of the first unit.
- 17. Applicant shall submit to Engineering Division the construction plans and necessary reports and engineering calculations for all on-site and off-site improvements to the satisfaction of the City Engineer. Such plans and reports shall include but are not limited to:
 - a. an accurate survey plan, showing:
 - i. survey marks and identifying the reference marks or monuments used to establish the property lines;
 - ii. property lines labeled with bearings and distances;
 - iii. edge of public right-of-way;
 - iv. any easements on the subject property
 - b. a site plan, showing:
 - i. the whole width of right-of-way of Kent Road, including existing and proposed improvements such as, but not limited to, pavement overlay, under-sidewalk drain, driveway approach, sidewalk, curb & gutter, existing underground utilities and trenches for proposed connections, boxes for underground utility connections and meters, existing power poles and any ground-mounted equipment, street monuments, any street markings and signage;
 - ii. the slope of Kent Road at the centerline;

iii. adjacent driveways within 25' of the property lines

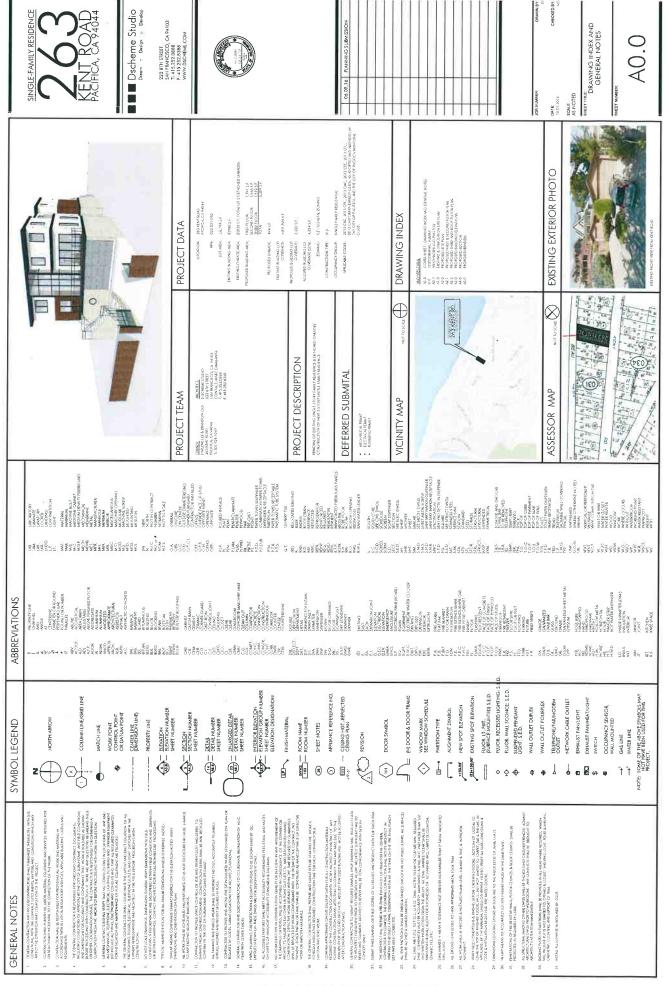
- iv. any existing fences, and any structures on adjacent properties within 10' of the property lines.
- v. All plans and reports must be signed and stamped by a California licensed professional.
- vi. All site improvements including utilities and connections to existing mains must be designed according to the City Standards and to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- 18. Per the adopted City of Pacifica Complete Street Policy, development shall include but not limited to pedestrian facilities. Applicant shall construct new curb, gutter and sidewalk and driveway approach ramp per City Standards 101A and 102A.
- 19. Applicant shall construct a parking turnout per City Standards 111.
- 20. An Encroachment Permit must be obtained for all work within public right-of-way. All proposed improvements within public right-of-way shall be constructed per City Standards.
- 21. No private structures, including but not limited to walls or curbs, fences, mailboxes, or stairs shall encroach into the public right-of-way.
- 22. New utilities shall be installed underground from the nearest joint pole or box.
- 23. The existing street pavement shall be cold-planed (ground) to a depth of 2" across the entire frontage of the property and out to the centerline of Kent road, or to the extent of the longest utility trench if beyond the centerline, and an overlay of Caltrans specification ½" Type 'A' hot mix asphalt concrete shall be placed. If, in the opinion of the City Engineer, damage to the pavement during construction is more extensive, a larger area may have to be ground and overlaid.

North County Fire Authority

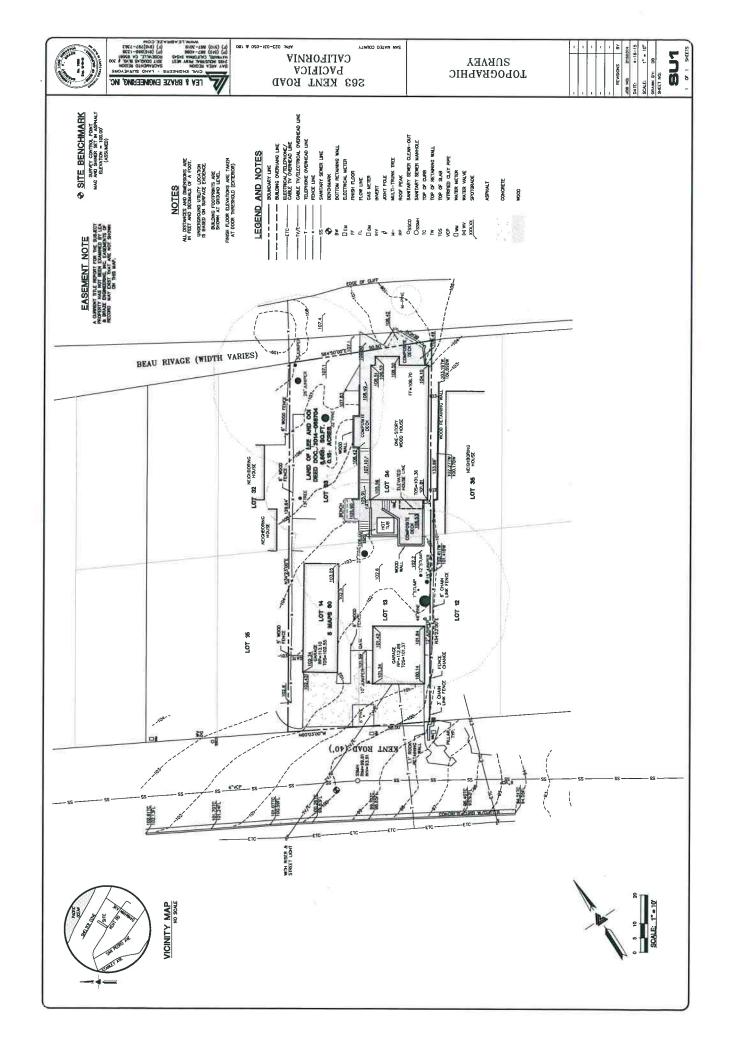
- 24. The Applicant shall submit plans for the required fire sprinklers per 2013 CFC Chapter 9 and Pacifica Municipal Code at the same time or before they submit for a building permit. Fire sprinkler plans shall include a horn strobe on the front of the building.
- 25. The Applicant shall provide a fire flow report from North Coast County Water District (NCCWD) showing a fire flow per 2013 CFC Appendix B, of 750 GPM for Residential structures over 3600 square feet with fire sprinklers
- 26. The Applicant shall provide a fire hydrant and show compliance with 2013 CFC Appendix C, Table C105.1 within 250 feet. If required, fire hydrant, shall be made serviceable prior to beginning construction

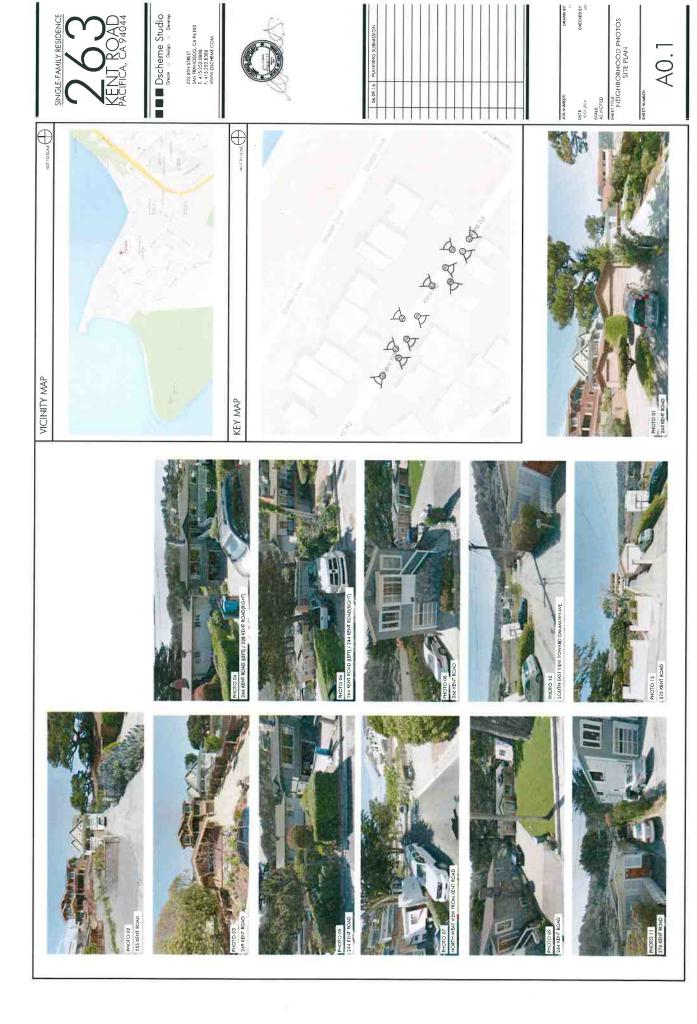
- 27. The Applicant shall provide clearly visible illuminated premises Identification (address) per 2013 CFC.
- 28. The Applicant shall install smoke detectors and CO monitors per 2013 CFC and 2013 CBC.
- 29. The Applicant shall conform to 2013 CFC chapter 33 for fire safety during all construction and demolition.
- 30. The Applicant shall not begin construction or demolition without approved plans and a permit on site at all times.

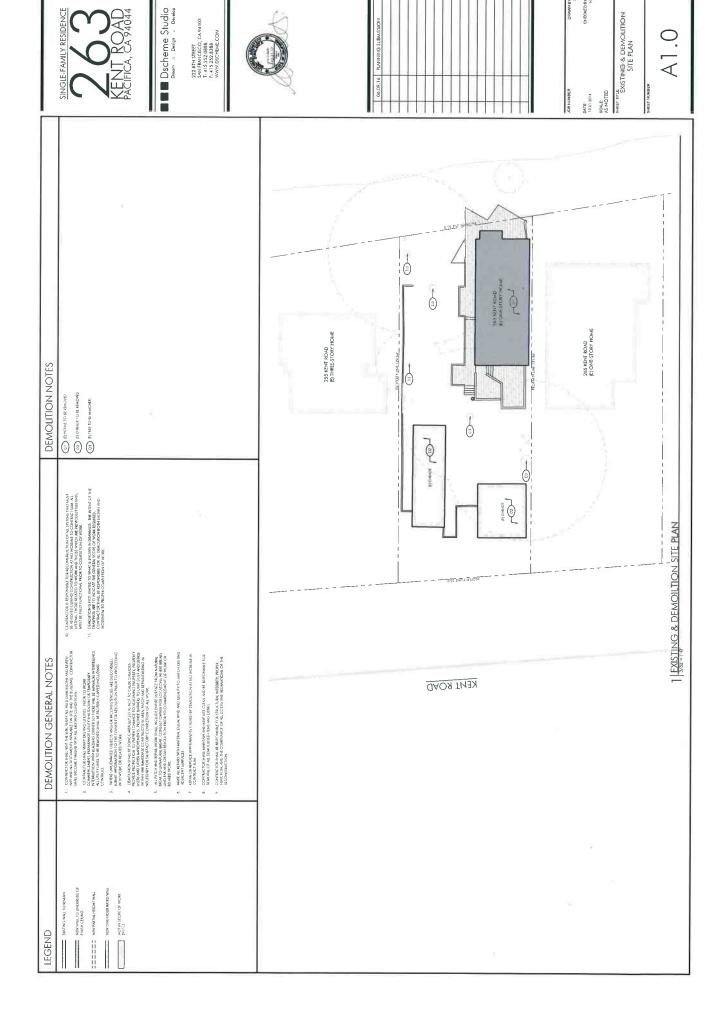
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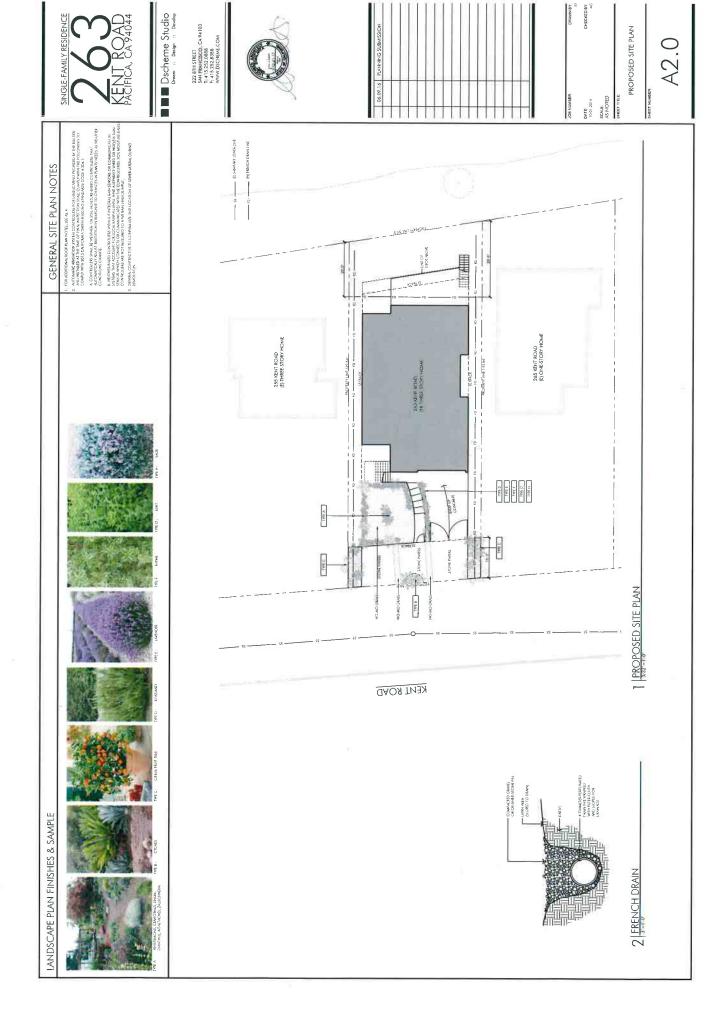


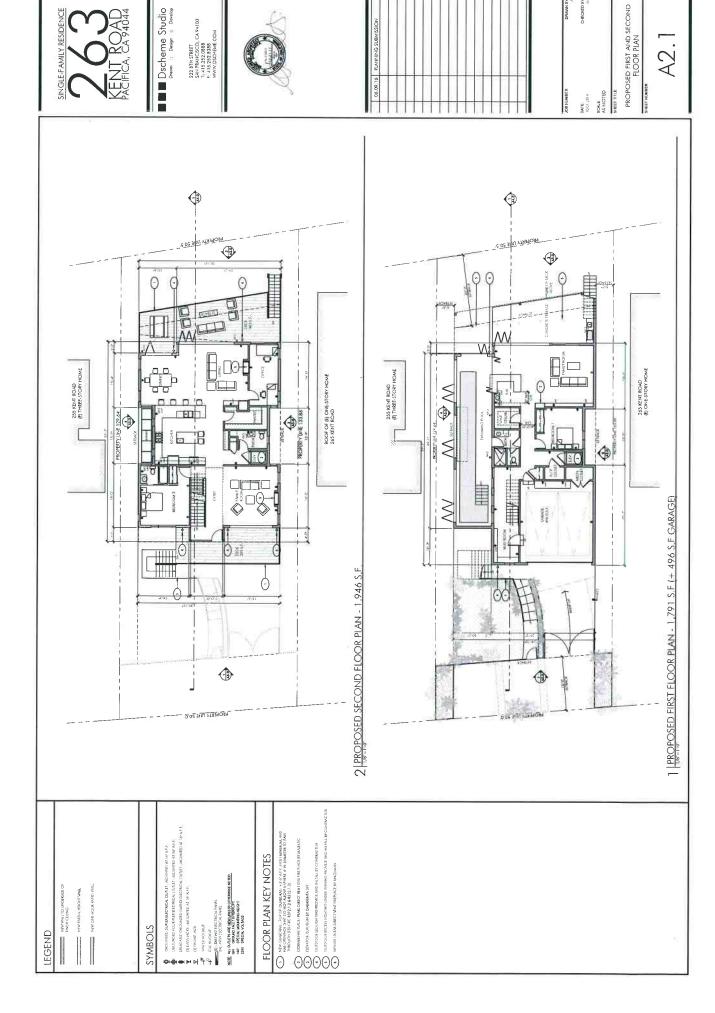
ATTACHMENT C

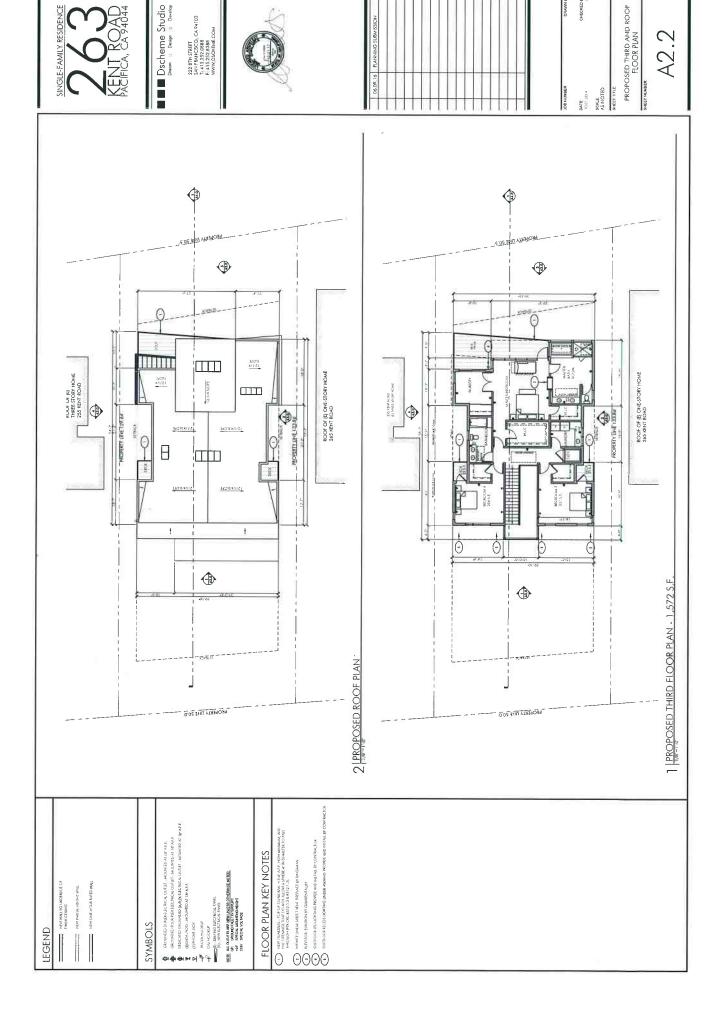


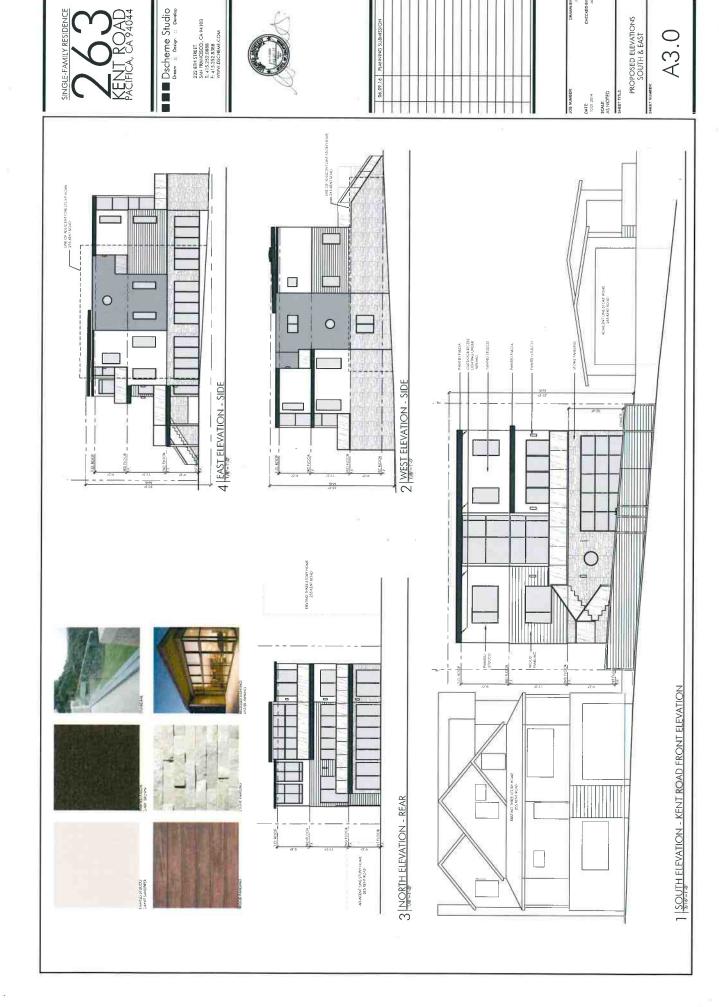












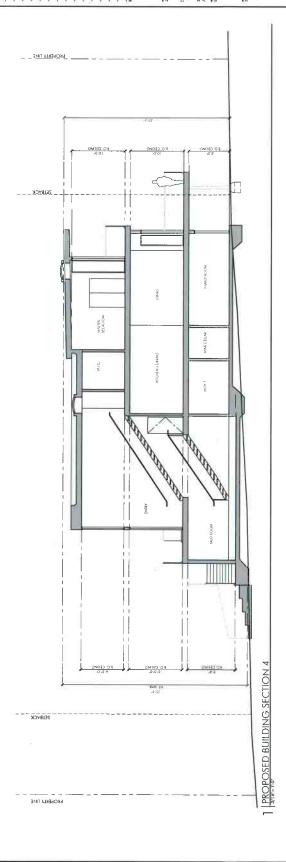


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PROPOSED SECTION

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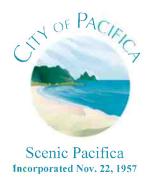












PLANNING COMMISSION Staff Report

DATE: November 7, 2016

FILE: AMEND UP-947-05 AMEND CDP-256-05

ITEM: 3

PUBLIC NOTICE: Notice of Public Hearing was published in the Pacifica Tribune on October 26, 2016, was mailed to 99 property owners and occupants within the 300 feet of the project site, and was posted at the project site.

APPLICANT: Doina Frentescu

Ericsson on behalf of AT&T 6140 Stoneridge Mall Rd. # 300

Pleasanton, CA 94588

925-918-5452

OWNER: GHG Pacific Ventures II LTD

1050 Ralston Ave. Belmont, CA 94002

650-802-1622

PROJECT LOCATION: 2580 Francisco Boulevard (APN: 016-400-060) – West Sharp Park

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Improve LTE 4G services in the area around the proposed modification by replacing three of the existing six roof mounted antennas located within two mock chimneys with three new larger antennas; adding three remote radio units (RRUs) and relocating three RRUs to the rooftop facilities; and replacing the two existing mock chimneys, each 5' by 5' by 6' (length by width by height; 150 ft^3) with one 5' x 8' x 9' (360 ft^3) mock chimney and one 8' x 10' by 9' (720 ft^3) mock chimney.

SITE DESIGNATIONS: General Plan: High Density Residential (HDR)

Zoning: R-3 (Multi-Family Residential)/ CZ (Coastal Zone Combining District)

RECOMMENDED CEQA STATUS: Class 1 Categorical Exemption, Section 15301(b).

ADDITIONAL REQUIRED APPROVALS: None. Subject to appeal to the City Council.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Approve, as conditioned.

PREPARED BY: Bonny O'Connor, Assistant Planner

PROJECT SUMMARY, RECOMMENDATION, AND FINDINGS

Table 1. Zoning Standard Conformance

<u>Standards</u>		Required	Existing	Proposed
Lot Size		5,000 square feet	16,574 square feet	No Change
Building Hei	ght	None applicable to major antennas ¹	49 feet ²	45 feet ³
Setbacks ⁴			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
West (Rea	ar)	20 feet	27 feet	27 feet
North (Sid	le)	5 feet	32 feet	32 feet
South (Sid	de)	5 feet	14 feet	14 feet
Notes:				- 124 - 124
1. The antennas are considered major antennas per PMC Section 9-4.2604(g).				
2. Height of existing tallest point of the building (elevator penthouse).				
3. Height of the proposed antennas, without enclosures.				

4. The proposed project would not occur along the eastern (Front) side of the lot.

PROJECT SUMMARY

1. General Plan, Zoning, and Surrounding Land Uses

The General Plan designation for the subject site is High Density Residential, and the zoning classification is R-3 (Multi Family Residential) with a coastal zone overlay. The property is located near the intersection of Lakeside and Francisco Boulevard and fronts both streets. All the properties directly surrounding the site are zoned R-3 with a High Density General Plan designation, except the property at 2590 Francisco Boulevard that is zoned P-D (Planned Development). The subject site not located in the appeal jurisdiction of the coastal zone.

2. Municipal Code

Staff analysis of the Pacifica Municipal Code (PMC) identifies two discretionary permits required prior to building permit issuance, including a use permit (UP) and coastal development permit (CDP).

A UP is required for all roof-mounted antenna structures in all zoning districts (PMC section 9.4.2606(c)(1)). In this case, the UP for the existing antenna structures (UP-947-05) would be amended to address the proposed modifications.

- Use Permit UP-947-05: The Planning Commission must make the following findings in order to approve UP [PMC Sec. 9-4.3303(a)]:
 - That the establishment, maintenance, or operation of the use or building applied for will not, under the circumstances of the particular case, be detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood or to the general welfare of the City;

- ii. That the use or building applied for is consistent with the applicable provisions of the General Plan and other applicable laws of the City and, where applicable, the local Coastal Plan; and
- iii. Where applicable, that the use or building applied for is consistent with the City's adopted Design Guidelines.

PMC Section 9-4.2614(b) identifies additional findings for a wireless communication facility (WCF) use permit:

- iv. That the project will not cause localized interference with reception of area television or radio broadcasts or other signal transmission or reception;
- v. That the information submitted proves that a feasible alternate site that would result in fewer visual impacts does not provide reasonable signal coverage; and
- vi. That the application meets all applicable requirements of Section 9-4.2608 of the Pacifica Municipal Code.

PMC section 9.4.4303(a) states that a CDP is required for development in the Coastal Zone. The existing antennas required a CDP since the improvement changed the nature of the use of the roof (9-4.4303(h)(3)(v)). The modification of the existing antennas requires the existing CDP to be amended.

- Coastal Development Permit CDP-365-16: The Planning Commission must make two findings in order to approve a CDP application (PMC Sec. 9-4.4304(k)):
 - The proposed development is in conformity with the City's certified Local Coastal Program;
 and
 - ii. Where the Coastal Development Permit is issued for any development between the nearest public road and the shoreline, the development is in conformity with the public recreation policies of Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act.

3. Project Description

A. Antennas

The project includes modifying antennas at two locations on the roof of 2580 Francisco Blvd to improve the performance and capacity of the existing 4G LTE network. The proposed project is not designed to expand coverage. The antennas are located in the opposing corners of the rear portion of the building's rooftop (see plan sheet A-1 in Attachment C), including in the northwest corner (Sector A and B) and in the southeast corner (Sector C). A more detail description of the antenna plans at each location is provided in Table 2.

Table 2. Existing and Proposed Antenna Equipment

Existing Equipment	Proposed Action	Proposed Equipment
Sector A and B		
Two AT&T LTE Panel Antenna	To be replaced	Two AT&T 12 Port Panel Antenna
Two AT&T UMTS 1C-4C Panel Antenna	To remain	
One DTMA	To remain	_
Two RRUS-11	To remain	_
One TMA	To remain	-
_	To be added	Two RRUS-12 ¹
-	To be added	Two RRU-32
Sector C		
One AT&T LTE Panel Antenna	To be replaced	One AT&T 12 Port Panel Antenna
One AT&T UMTS 1C-4C Panel Antenna	To remain	
One DTMA	To remain	-
One RRUS-11	To remain	_
_	To be added	One RRUS-12 ¹
_	To be added	One RRU-32
Notes:	1	
 Relocated from the existing equipment 	ment room.	

Sector A and B

The Sector A and B antennas are located in the northwest corner of the rooftop. The antennas would be mounted on two horizontal steel support structures held up by one 6' vertical high pole with an existing tripod support. The horizontal steel support structures are parallel to each other and are 7'-9'' each long. The antennas would be enclosed by an $8' \times 10'$ by 9' (length by width by height) chimney (720 ft³). The mock chimney is proposed to be painted the same color as the building, and with trim and a roof that matches the building.

Sector C

The Sector C antennas are located in the southeast corner of the rooftop. The antennas would be mounted on one horizontal steel support structure held up by one 6' vertical high pole with an existing tripod support. The horizontal steel support structure is 5' each long. The antennas would be enclosed by a 5' x 8' by 9' (length by width by height) chimney (360 ft³). The mock chimney is proposed to be painted the same color as the building, and with trim and a roof that matches the building.

B. Equipment

An existing equipment room is located on the ground floor of the property on the north side of the structure. This existing equipment room is used to house the non-antenna equipment on-site. The exterior of the equipment room would not be altered; however, the equipment on the interior would be changed. Three existing RBS cabinets would remain but would rearranged; three existing RRUS-12 would be removed from the equipment room and relocated near the antennas on the rooftop¹; an existing

¹ See Table 2.

battery pack would be removed and replaced with a proposed DC power plant with batteries; and an existing empty rack would be used for two new DUS-41. Electrical and telecommunications connections between the antennas and the equipment room would be provided with existing and new cables located within an existing cable tray.

C. Alternative Site Analysis

The applicant assessed several alternative locations to minimize the visual impacts of the enlarged sites. The alternative sites assessed included other rooftop locations in the vicinity of the project site, including 2040 Francisco Blvd., 2160 Francisco Blvd., and 2590 Francisco Blvd. The alternatives sites were determined not suitable because the rooftop was too low and would decrease the coverage; terrain made the rooftop too high which would cause shadowing in the coverage; or would not reduce visual impacts (Attachment F).

Additionally, the City conducted a visual impact analysis, which also identified alternatives to reduce the impact on visual resources. The analysis concludes that the antenna enclosures would not be compatible with the building design due to the height and size of the enclosures. Areas sensitive to impacts on surrounding visual resources, including the Palmetto Avenue and Clarendon Road intersection, Highway 1, and the Sharp Park Golf Course and club house, were analyzed. Limited locations along Highway 1 in close proximity to the site, and limited locations within the Sharp Park Golf Course in close proximity to the site (E.g., along the 18th hole, approximately 80 yards south of the tee) would provide views of the notable visual change, however, as further discussed in Attachment E, users in each of these locations would not typically be looking at the proposed project site at these limited locations. Therefore the impacts on visual resources of these sensitive areas would be negligible.

Recommendations from the visual impact analysis included relocating the antennas, using architecture to integrate the enclosures into the building, and reducing the height and size of the enclosures. Each of the recommendations and their feasibility are discussed further below.

Relocation

Setting the proposed equipment enclosures back from the roof corners would reduce the visibility of them from the street. At a minimum, setting back the enclosures on the roof such that their outward faces are aligned with the walls of the building would help to integrate them better with the architecture of the building. However, the applicant has stated that the antennas need to have "a certain position and height in order to cover the target area – this is due to existing obstructions such as terrain elevations, trees, etc. The enclosures were built around the antennas and currently they are aligned with the building wall on one side. Moving them, it will alter to coverage objective and the site will not serve its purpose." Therefore, the implementation of this recommendation is infeasible.

Architectural Integration

The inclusion of a 36-inch high parapet wall around the edges of the roof of the building would visually reduce the scale of the proposed project in relation to the building. However, this option would require an increase in the height of the host building as a result of the parapet. The host building is already 38 feet high. The addition of a parapet wall on top of a building that already exceeds the high standard for the R-3 zoning district would require a site development permit. Additionally, the visual impact of the

project, as condition, would not be proportional to the requirement of building a parapet around the entire building.

Reduction in Height and Size

Sector A and B antennas would be enclosed by an 8' x 10' by 9' (length by width by height) chimney (720 $\rm ft^3$). The proposed mock chimney dimensions would provide 6" of excess space in the length (excess length in the horizontal steel support structure would have to be trimmed), 4' of excess space in the width and 1'-2" of excess space in the height, concluding that a 7.5' x 6' x 8' chimney (360 $\rm ft^3$) could be used.

Sector C antennas would be enclosed by a 5' x 8' by 9' (length by width by height) chimney (360 ft^3). The proposed mock chimney dimensions would provide 1'-9" of excess space in the width and 1'-2" of excess space in the height, concluding that a 5' x 5.5' x 8' chimney (220 ft^3) could be used.

The applicant has stated that the current design of the antennas provide the most compact arrangement at each site. The applicant has also stated that alternative antenna models that provide the same function are the same size as the proposed and no alternative antenna model would allow for a more compact arrangement. Lastly, the applicant has stated that the proposed enclosures are designed for two new technologies (LTE 3C and 4C²). Although the current project involves antennas and equipment for only LTE 3C, the 4C technology project was just released by AT&T and it is projected for the 1st quarter 2017. AT&T is requesting the current enclosure sizes in order to also accommodate the 4C project which would require additional antennas and cables and RRUs and to avoid the potential need to resubmit an application to amend the Use Permit and Coastal Development Permit again in January 2017.

The applicant was unable to provide any data to support the assumption that the proposed enclosures would be the appropriate size for the future additions. Therefore, Condition No. 2 would require the antenna enclosures to be reduced in size to minimize the visual impacts of the current proposed project. The smaller enclosures would be a 50 percent reduction for Sector A and B antennas and a 39 percent reduction for Sector C antennas.

D. Article 26 Wireless Communications Facility Standards

Article 26 of the Zoning Regulations contains certain general standards applicable to all WCFs in all locations (PMC Section 9-4.2608). The applicable standards and the project's relationship to them are described below.

General Standards

- i. Setbacks. As shown in Table 2, the proposed antennas would meet the setback requirements of the R-3/CZ zoning districts.
- ii. Equipment Facilities. The equipment facility is located within the building on the ground floor of the property. The facility only houses equipment necessary for the site and does not

² The LTE 3C/4C technologies are under the umbrella of LTE 4G.

store unused equipment. The proposed project would not modify the exterior of the structure or alter its existing compatibility with the surrounding areas.

- iii. Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Emissions Standards. The applicant has provided a report which was prepared by a qualified professional engineer demonstrating that the proposed facility would comply with applicable FCC radio frequency emissions standards (Attachment D).
- iv. Localized Interference. The applicant has provided an assessment prepared by a qualified professional engineer demonstrating that the proposed WCF would have frequencies that vary between 700 MHz and 2300 MHz, which would not cause localized interference with the reception of television or radio broadcasts (Attachment D).
- v. Lighting. The proposed WCF would not include any lighting.

Design-related Standards

- Facility Concealment. The enclosures proposed to screen the antennas would completely screen the entire antenna structure. As further discussed throughout this staff report, the project as conditioned would minimize the visibility from surrounding areas and private or public rights-of-way.
- ii. Colors and Materials. The enclosures proposed would be the same color as the host building and would include matching architectural features, such as trim and roof as the host building.
- iii. Fencing or Walls. The enclosure proposed to screen the antennas would be the same color as the host building and would include matching architectural features, such as trim and roof as the host building.
- iv. Landscaping. Landscaping was determined not to be a feasible screening option because of the limitations of the site for new plantings as well as have landscaping tall enough or dense enough to adequately screen the roof.

4. Required Findings

- A. In order to approve the amendment to subject UP-947-05, the Planning Commission must make the following six findings required by PMC Sections 9-4.3303(a) and 9-4.2614(b):
 - i. That the establishment, maintenance, or operation of the use or building applied for will not, under the circumstances of the particular case, be detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood or to the general welfare of the City;

Discussion:

The proposed project would require a building permit prior to construction. The building permit process includes a detailed plan review for building and electrical code compliance, as well as field inspections of the work prescribed in the approved project plans to verify

proper performance of the work. This would ensure safe installation of the proposed WCF. Staff has included a condition of approval which requires the applicant to obtain a building permit prior to installation of the WCF. Condition No. 9 would require the applicant to notify the residents of 2580 Francisco Blvd. of the construction for the WCF and provide a contact number for residents to report concerns to the applicant during construction. Additionally, Condition No. 14 would not allow the applicant to block any of the resident's onsite parking.

The City cannot regulate the topic of RF emissions beyond requesting reasonable information to substantiate a project's compliance with FCC standards. The applicant has provided relevant information prepared by a qualified professional engineer to demonstrate compliance with Federal Communications Commission (FCC) RF emissions standards.

The applicant has stated that the antennas do not emit any noise and the changes made to the equipment room would not generate additional noise. Therefore, any noise generated would be similar to the existing use.

Based on the information provided by the applicant, staff's analysis of that and other information, and the conditions of approval proposed for this project, the project would not be detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood or to the general welfare of the City.

ii. That the use or building applied for is consistent with the applicable provisions of the General Plan and other applicable laws of the City and, where applicable, the local Coastal Plan;

Discussion: The proposed project is consistent with the following provisions of the General Plan, Local Coastal Plan, and other laws of the City.

The proposed project is consistent with the following provisions of the General Plan, Local Coastal Plan, and other laws of the City as discussed below and throughout this report.

General Plan

• Noise Element, Policy No. 2: Establish and enforce noise emission standards for Pacifica which are consistent with the residential character of the City and environmental, health, and safety needs of the residents.

The project would not emit additional noise above existing conditions. The new antennas do not emit any noise and the modifications made to the equipment room would not increase the existing noise level from the operation of the equipment. Because there would be no change to the existing noise levels, the project would not impact the existing residential character of the City and environmental, health, and safety needs of the residents as a result of noise emissions.

• <u>Historic Preservation Element, Policy No. 1:</u> Conserve historic and cultural sites and structures which define the past and present character of Pacifica.

Sharp Park Golf Course and club house, which are local historic landmarks are located across Lakeside Avenue from the proposed project. As further discussed in Attachment E, the views from the Sharp Park Golf Course and club house are distant and are also shielded by trees. The building and the antenna enclosures are visible from limited locations in the golf course, specifically in areas adjacent to the pathway in the golf course that runs along Lakeside Avenue. However, the locations with clear views of the building and antenna enclosures are not locations where golfers are typically stopped and looking around (e.g., tee, putting green). The project would not substantially alter the visual character of the area surrounding the Sharp Park Golf Course or club house.

• <u>Community Design Element, Policy No. 1</u>: Preserve the unique qualities of the City's neighborhoods.

The proposed project would be located in the West Sharp Park area between Montecito and Sharp Park Golf Course. The character of the West Sharp Park area is defined by the various low to moderate residential housing throughout the area. The proposed project would be located on the rooftop of the Cypress Point apartment building. The Cypress Point apartment building is believed to be the tallest building in the Sharp Park neighborhood and is bounded by Francisco Boulevard to the east and Lakeside Avenue to the west. Architecturally, it is a boxy building with a flat roof. The building is divided between the three-story front portion and the rear four-story portion located along Lakeside Avenue. Surrounding buildings are predominantly residential and vary between one to three story buildings. Both enclosures are located on the four story portion of the building. As discussed above in section 3.C of this staff report, the proposed enclosures would be out of scale with host building but would not affect the character of the surrounding low to moderate income residential housing. Implementation of Condition No. 2 would require the enclosures to be reduced in size.

The surrounding area also includes various locations that would be sensitive to visual impacts including the Sharp Park Golf Course and club house, Palmetto Avenue, Highway 1. The Sharp Park Golf Course grounds are located across Lakeside Avenue to the west-southwest and south of the site. Sharp Park Golf Course club house is located about a quarter mile south of the site. The Sharp Park Golf Course and club house are historic landmarks. The golf course grounds are bordered by a thick row of trees next to Lakeside Avenue. Highway 1 runs parallel to Francisco Boulevard to the east of the site. Highway 1, in the area of the site, is eligible for State Scenic Highway designation. The Palmetto Avenue corridor is a streetscape project with significant public investment. Entrance to the Palmetto Avenue corridor is located to the northwest of the site at the Clarendon Road and Palmetto Avenue intersection.

As further discussed in Section 3.C of this staff report and in Attachment E, the City conducted a visual impact analysis, which concluded that limited locations along Highway 1 in close proximity to the site, and limited locations within the Sharp Park Golf Course in close proximity to the site (e.g., along the 18th hole, approximately 80 yards south of the tee) would provide views of the notable visual change; however, users in each of these locations would not typically be looking at the proposed project site at

these limited locations. Therefore the impacts on visual resources of these sensitive areas would be negligible.

The proposed project, as conditioned would not affect the unique qualities of the City's West Sharp Park neighborhood.

<u>Community Design Element, Policy No. 3:</u> Protect the City's irreplaceable scenic and visual amenities

See discussion under Community Design Element, Policy No. 1.

Local Coastal Land Use Plan

• <u>Coastal Act Policy No. 24:</u> The scenic and visual qualities of coastal areas shall be considered and protected as a resource of public importance. Permitted development shall be sited and designed to protect views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas, to minimize the alternative of natural landforms, to be visually compatible with the character of surrounding areas, and, where feasible, to restore and enhance visual quality in visually degraded areas. [The remainder of this policy pertains to land designated as scenic the California Coastline Preservation and Recreation Plan, which does not apply to the project site].

See discussion under Community Design Element, Policy No. 1.

• <u>Coastal Act Policy No. 26(d):</u> New development shall where appropriate, protect special communities and neighborhoods which because of their unique characteristics are popular visitor destinations points for recreational uses.

See discussion under Community Design Element, Policy No. 1.

iii. Where applicable, that the use or building applied for is consistent with the City's adopted Design Guidelines;

Discussion: As further discussed in Attachment E, the proposed project is overall consistent with the City's adopted Design Guidelines with the exception of the scale and size of the proposed enclosures. Condition No. 2 would reduce the inconsistency of the scale and size of the proposed enclosures.

iv. That the project will not cause localized interference with reception of area television or radio broadcasts or other signal transmission or reception;

Discussion: The applicant's qualified professional engineer has assessed the communications technologies involved in the proposed WCF. Its analysis indicates that the technologies involved would not cause the type of interference described in this finding. Based upon the applicant's analysis prepared by a qualified professional engineer, it is staff's opinion that there is a sufficient basis for the Planning Commission to find that the project would not cause localized interference with reception of area television or radio broadcasts or other signal transmission or reception.

v. That the information submitted proves that a feasible alternate site that would result in fewer visual impacts does not provide reasonable signal coverage; and

Discussion: As discussed in Section 3.C of this staff report, alternative sites for the proposed project which would reduce the visual impact of the project, would not provide the same coverage compared to the proposed project.

vi. That the application meets all applicable requirements of Section 9-4.2608 of the Pacifica Municipal Code.

Discussion: As discussed in Section 3.D of this staff report, the proposed project would meet the applicable requirements of Section 9-4.2608 of the Pacifica Municipal Code.

- B. In order to approve the amendment to subject CDP-256-05, the Planning Commission must make the two findings required by PMC Section 9-4.4304(k). The following discussion supports the Commission's findings in this regard.
 - The proposed development is in conformity with the City's certified Local Coastal Program.

Discussion: The City's certified Local Coastal Program includes a Local Coastal Land Use Plan (LCLUP) that contains policies to further the City's coastal planning activities. See discussion under 4.A.ii of this staff report.

ii. Where the Coastal Development Permit is issued for any development between the nearest public road and the shoreline, the development is in conformity with the public recreation policies of Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act.

Discussion: The project site is not located between the nearest public road (Lakeside Avenue) and the shoreline; therefore, this Coastal Development Permit finding does not apply in this case.

6. CEQA Recommendation

Staff analysis of the proposed project supports a Planning Commission finding that it qualifies for a categorical exemption from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The project qualifies as a Class 1 exemption provided in Section 15301 of the CEQA Guidelines (Existing Facilities). Section 15301 states in part:

Existing Facilities

Class 1 consists of the operation, repair, maintenance, permitting, leasing, licensing, or minor alterations of existing public or private structures, facilities, mechanical equipment, or topographical features, involving negligible or no expansion of use beyond that existing at the time for the lead agencies determination. [...]

(b) Existing facilities of both investor and publicly owned utilities used to provide electric power, natural gas, sewerage, or other public utility services;

The subject proposal to modify existing WCF with new antennas and other equipment to improve the LTE 4G wireless service to the area. The existing use of the antennas of providing wireless phone service would not change. As further discussed throughout this staff report the expansion of the use, in terms of area, would be negligible as conditioned.

7. Staff Analysis

The purpose of the project is not to expand coverage of the wireless service but increase capacity of the 4G service to the existing covered area. Therefore it makes sense that the applicant wants to use the existing location for the antenna. The proposed size of the stealthing enclosures and the visual impact they create due to the scale and size of the enclosures is the main consideration of the proposed project. The applicant's proposed design to paint and include architectural features to blend the enclosures to the existing apartment building helps integrate the enclosures with the building. Condition No. 2, which requires the size and scale of the enclosures to be reduced would significantly decrease the visual impact of the enclosures. Additionally, the surrounding locations that would be sensitive to impacts on their visual resources would have limited views of the proposed project. Based on the evidence contained in the record and analyzed by staff, it is staff's opinion that there is substantial evidence to support all findings required for project approval.

8. Summary:

Staff has determined that, as conditioned, the project would satisfy all zoning regulations and applicable development standards, would be consistent with the General Plan, local Coastal Plan and, on balance, with the Design Guidelines. The project would result in the least impactful project design which would also meet the applicant's capacity objectives. The proposed project would not impact the character of the West Sharp Park neighborhood. Thus, staff recommends approval of the project subject to the conditions in Exhibit A of the Resolution.

COMMISSION ACTION

MOTION FOR APPROVAL:

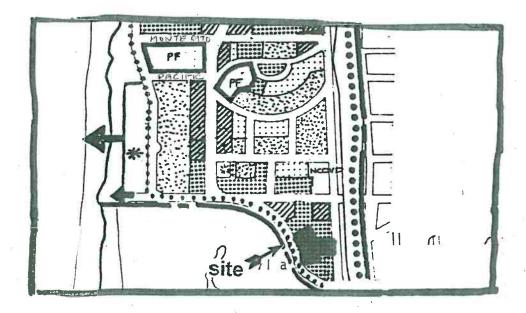
Move that the Planning Commission find the project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act; **APPROVE** amendment of Use Permit UP-947-05 and Coastal Development Permit CDP-256-05 by adopting the attached resolution, including conditions of approval in Exhibit A; and, incorporate all maps and testimony into the record by reference.

Attachments:

- A. Land Use and Zoning Exhibit
- B. Resolution of Approval and Conditions of Approval (Exhibit A)
- C. Site Plans
- D. Electromagnetic Energy Exposure Report
- E. Visual Impact Analysis
- F. Applicant's Alternative Site Analysis

General Plan Diagram

EXISTING LAND USE: High Density Residential



Neighborhood:

WEST SHARP PARK

Legend

- VERY LOW CREWENTY
- LOW CENSITY
- HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL
- COMMENCIAL
- GENERAL COMMERCIAL
- OPEN SPACE
- GREENEEUT
 - PROMINENT PICCELLINE
- SPECIAL AREA
- OPEN SPACE! PUBLIC FACILITY
- NEIGHBORHOOD PARK
- NOTIFI SOUTH
- PF PUBLIC FACILITY
- unumes

- FIRE STATION

Zoning Map Diagram

EXISTING ZONING

Multiple-Family Residential/Coastal Zone

R-3/CZ

Legend

ZONING DISTRICTS

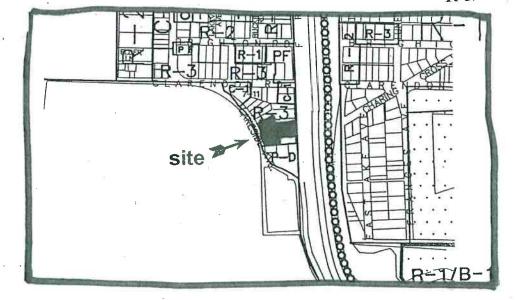
Single-Family Residential Two-Family Residential Multiple-Family Residential Multiple-Family Residential R-2 R-3.1 R-3-G Multiple-Family Residential Garden R-5 C-1 High Rise Apartment Neighborhood Commercial C-1-A C-2 C-3 Commercial Apartment Community Commercial Service Commercial Professional Office Commercial Recreation Controlled Manufacturing

Parking Agricultural A B. P-F P-O R-M Lot Size Overlay Public Facilities Planned Development Resource Management Open Space

Multiple-Family/Low Density Residential R-3/L.D. Single-Family Residential Hillside Coastal Zone Combining District Special Area Combining District R-1-H CZ

Hillside Preservation District

- Requires Vote to Rezone
 Vote Required for Residential Developme





LAND USE & ZONING EXHIBIT

City of Pacifica

Planning & Economic Development Department





Scale: N.T.S.

A RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF PACIFICA APPROVING THE AMENDMENT OF USE PERMIT UP-947-05 AND COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT CDP-256-05, SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS, FOR MODIFICATION OF A ROOF MOUNTED WIRELESS COMMUNICATION FACILITY AT 2580 FRANCISCO BLVD (APN 016-400-060), AND FINDING THE PROJECT EXEMPT FROM THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT (CEQA).

Initiated by: Doina Frentescu ("Applicant").

WHEREAS, an application has been submitted to replace three of the existing six roof mounted antennas located within two mock chimneys with three new larger antennas; adding three remote radio units (RRUs) and relocating three RRUs to the rooftop facilities; and replacing the two existing mock chimneys, each 5' by 5' by 6' (length by width by height; 150 ft³) with to one 5' x 8' x 9' (360 ft³) mock chimney and one 8' x 10' by 9' (720 ft³) mock chimney at 2580 Francisco Boulevard (APN: 016-400-060); and

WHEREAS, the project requires approval of a Use Permit because a UP is required for all roof-mounted antenna structures development in all zoning districts per PMC section 9.4.2606(c)(1); and

WHEREAS, the project requires approval of a Coastal Development Permit because the project involves development within the Coastal Zone; and, the project does not qualify as a category of exempted or excluded development; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica did hold a duly noticed public hearing on November 7, 2016, at which time it considered all oral and documentary evidence presented, and incorporated all testimony and documents into the record by reference.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica as follows:

- 1. The above recitals are true and correct and material to this Resolution.
- 2. In making its findings, the Planning Commission relied upon and hereby incorporates by reference all correspondence, staff reports, and other related materials.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica does hereby make the following findings pertaining to Use Permit UP-947-05:

i. That the establishment, maintenance, or operation of the use or building applied for will not, under the circumstances of the particular case, be detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood or to the general welfare of the City;

Single-Family Residence in Coastal Zone 2580 Francisco Blvd (APN 016-400-060) November 7, 2016 Page 2

Discussion:

The proposed project would require a building permit prior to construction. The building permit process includes a detailed plan review for building and electrical code compliance, as well as field inspections of the work prescribed in the approved project plans to verify proper performance of the work. This would ensure safe installation of the proposed WCF. Staff has included a condition of approval which requires the applicant to obtain a building permit prior to installation of the WCF. Condition No. 9 would require the applicant to notify the residents of 2580 Francisco Blvd. of the construction for the WCF and provide a contact number for residents to report concerns to the applicant during construction. Additionally, Condition No. 14 would not allow the applicant to block any of the resident's onsite parking.

The City cannot regulate the topic of RF emissions beyond requesting reasonable information to substantiate a project's compliance with FCC standards. The applicant has provided relevant information prepared by a qualified professional engineer to demonstrate compliance with Federal Communications Commission (FCC) RF emissions standards.

The applicant has stated that the antennas do not emit any noise and the changes made to the equipment room would not generate additional noise. Therefore, any noise generated would be similar to the existing use.

Based on the information provided by the applicant, staff's analysis of that and other information, and the conditions of approval proposed for this project, the project would not be detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood or to the general welfare of the City.

ii. That the use or building applied for is consistent with the applicable provisions of the General Plan and other applicable laws of the City and, where applicable, the local Coastal Plan;

Discussion: The proposed project is consistent with the following provisions of the General Plan, local Coastal Plan, and other laws of the City.

The proposed project is consistent with the following provisions of the General Plan, local Coastal Plan, and other laws of the City as discussed below and throughout this report.

General Plan

• Noise Element, Policy No. 2: Establish and enforce noise emission standards for Pacifica which are consistent with the residential character of the City and environmental, health, and safety needs of the residents.

Single-Family Residence in Coastal Zone 2580 Francisco Blvd (APN 016-400-060) November 7, 2016 Page 3

The project would not emit additional noise above existing conditions. The new antennas do not emit any noise and the modifications made to the equipment room would not increase the existing noise level from the operation of the equipment. Because there would be no change to the existing noise levels, the project would not impact the existing residential character of the City and environmental, health, and safety needs of the residents as a result of noise emissions.

• <u>Historic Preservation Element, Policy No. 1:</u> Conserve historic and cultural sites and structures which define the past and present character of Pacifica.

Sharp Park Golf Course and club house, which are local historic landmarks are located across Lakeside Avenue from the proposed project. As further discussed in Attachment E, the views from the Sharp Park Golf Course and club house are distant and are also shielded by trees. The building and the antenna enclosures are visible from limited locations in the golf course, specifically in areas adjacent to the pathway in the golf course that runs along Lakeside Avenue. However, the locations with clear views of the building and antenna enclosures are not locations where golfers are typically stopped and looking around (e.g., tee, putting green). The project would not substantially alter the visual character of the area surrounding the Sharp Park Golf Course or club house.

• <u>Community Design Element, Policy No. 1</u>: *Preserve the unique qualities of the City's neighborhoods.*

The proposed project would be located in the West Sharp Park area between Montecito and Sharp Park Golf Course. The character of the West Sharp Park area is defined by the various low to moderate residential housing throughout the area. The proposed project would be located on the rooftop of the Cypress Point apartment building. The Cypress Point apartment building is believed to be the tallest building in the Sharp Park neighborhood and is bounded by Francisco Boulevard to the east and Lakeside Avenue to the west. Architecturally, it is a boxy building with a flat roof. The building is divided between the three-story front portion and the rear four-story portion located along Lakeside Avenue. Surrounding buildings are predominantly residential and vary between one to three story buildings. Both enclosures are located on the four story portion of the building. As discussed above in section 3.C of the November 7, 2016 staff report, the proposed enclosures would be out of scale with host building but would not affect the character of the surrounding low to moderate income residential housing. Implementation of Condition No. 2 would require the enclosures to be reduced in size.

The surrounding area also includes various locations that would be sensitive to visual impacts including the Sharp Park Golf Course and club house, Palmetto

Single-Family Residence in Coastal Zone 2580 Francisco Blvd (APN 016-400-060) November 7, 2016 Page 4

Avenue, Highway 1. The Sharp Park Golf Course grounds are located across Lakeside Avenue to the west-southwest and south of the site. Sharp Park Golf Course club house is located about a quarter mile south of the site. The Sharp Park Golf Course and club house are historic landmarks. The golf course grounds are bordered by a thick row of trees next to Lakeside Avenue. Highway 1 runs parallel to Francisco Boulevard to the east of the site. Highway 1, in the area of the site, is eligible for State Scenic Highway designation. The Palmetto Avenue corridor is a streetscape project with significant public investment. Entrance to the Palmetto Avenue corridor is located to the northwest of the site at the Clarendon Road and Palmetto Avenue intersection.

As further discussed in Section 3.C of the November 7, 2016 staff report and in Attachment E, the City conducted a visual impact analysis, which concluded that limited locations along Highway 1 in close proximity to the site, and limited locations within the Sharp Park Golf Course in close proximity to the site (e.g., along the 18th hole, approximately 80 yards south of the tee) would provide views of the notable visual change; however, users in each of these locations would not typically be looking at the proposed project site at these limited locations. Therefore the impacts on visual resources of these sensitive areas would be negligible.

The proposed project, as conditioned would not affect the unique qualities of the City's West Sharp Park neighborhood.

• <u>Community Design Element, Policy No. 3:</u> Protect the City's irreplaceable scenic and visual amenities

See discussion under Community Design Element, Policy No. 1.

Local Coastal Land Use Plan

• Coastal Act Policy No. 24: The scenic and visual qualities of coastal areas shall be considered and protected as a resource of public importance. Permitted development shall be sited and designed to protect views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas, to minimize the alternative of natural landforms, to be visually compatible with the character of surrounding areas, and, where feasible, to restore and enhance visual quality in visually degraded areas. [The remainder of this policy pertains to land designated as scenic the California Coastline Preservation and Recreation Plan, which does not apply to the project site].

See discussion under Community Design Element, Policy No. 1.

• <u>Coastal Act Policy No. 26(d)</u>: New development shall where appropriate, protect special communities and neighborhoods which because of their unique characteristics are popular visitor destinations points for recreational uses.

See discussion under Community Design Element, Policy No. 1.

iii. Where applicable, that the use or building applied for is consistent with the City's adopted Design Guidelines;

Discussion: As further discussed in Attachment E, the proposed project is overall consistent with the City's adopted Design Guidelines with the exception of the scale and size of the proposed enclosures. Condition No. 2 would reduce the inconsistency of the scale and size of the proposed enclosures.

iv. That the project will not cause localized interference with reception of area television or radio broadcasts or other signal transmission or reception;

Discussion: The applicant's qualified professional engineer has assessed the communications technologies involved in the proposed WCF. Its analysis indicates that the technologies involved would not cause the type of interference described in this finding. Based upon the applicant's analysis prepared by a qualified professional engineer, it is staff's opinion that there is a sufficient basis for the Planning Commission to find that the project would not cause localized interference with reception of area television or radio broadcasts or other signal transmission or reception.

v. That the information submitted proves that a feasible alternate site that would result in fewer visual impacts does not provide reasonable signal coverage; and

Discussion: As discussed in Section 3.C of the November 7, 2016 staff report, alternative sites for the proposed project which would reduce the visual impact of the project, would not provide the same coverage compared to the proposed project.

vi. That the application meets all applicable requirements of Section 9-4.2608 of the Pacifica Municipal Code.

Discussion: As discussed in Section 3.D of the November 7, 2016 staff report, the proposed project would meet the applicable requirements of Section 9-4.2608 of the Pacifica Municipal Code.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica does hereby make the following findings pertaining to Coastal Development Permit CDP-256-05 for development within the Coastal Zone:

i. The proposed development is in conformity with the City's certified Local Coastal Program.

Single-Family Residence in Coastal Zone 2580 Francisco Blvd (APN 016-400-060) November 7, 2016 Page 6

Discussion: The City's certified Local Coastal Program includes a Local Coastal Land Use Plan (LCLUP) that contains policies to further the City's coastal planning activities. See discussion under 4.A.ii of the November 7, 2016 staff report.

ii. Where the Coastal Development Permit is issued for any development between the nearest public road and the shoreline, the development is in conformity with the public recreation policies of Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act.

Discussion: The project site is not located between the nearest public road (Lakeside Avenue) and the shoreline; therefore, this Coastal Development Permit finding does not apply in this case.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica does hereby find that the project is exempt from CEQA as a Class 1 exemption provided in Section 15301 of the CEQA Guidelines. Section 15301 states in part:

Section 15301. Existing Facilities

Class 1 consists of the operation, repair, maintenance, permitting, leasing, licensing, or minor alterations of existing public or private structures, facilities, mechanical equipment, or topographical features, involving negligible or no expansion of use beyond that existing at the time for the lead agencies determination. [...]

(b) Existing facilities of both investor and publicly owned utilities used to provide electric power, natural gas, sewerage, or other public utility services;

The subject proposal to modify existing wireless facility with new antennas and other equipment to improve the LTE 4G wireless service to the area. The existing use of the antennas of providing wireless phone service would not change. As further discussed throughout this resolution the expansion of the use, in terms of area, would be negligible as conditioned.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica approves amendment of Use Permit (UP-947-05) and Coastal Development Permit (CDP-256-05) for modification of existing wireless communication facilities by replacing three of the existing six roof mounted antennas located within two mock chimneys with three new larger antennas; adding three remote radio units (RRUs) and relocating three RRUs to the rooftop facilities; and replacing the two existing mock chimneys, each 5' by 5' by 6' (length by width by height; 150 ft³) with to one 5' x 8' x 9' (360 ft³) mock chimney and one 8' x 10' by 9' (720 ft³) mock chimney at 2580 Francisco Boulevard (APN 016-400-060) subject to conditions of approval included as Exhibit A to this resolution.

* * * * *

Passed and adopted at a regular meeting of the Planning Commission of the City of Pacifica, California, held on the 7th day of November 2016.

Single-Family Residence in Coastal Zone 2580 Francisco Blvd (APN 016-400-060) November 7, 2016 Page 7

Tina Wehrmeister, Planning Director	Michelle Kenyon, City Attorney
ATTEST:	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
	Josh Gordon, Chair
ABSTAIN, Commissioners:	
ABSENT, Commissioners:	
NOES, Commissioners:	
AYES, Commissioners:	

Exhibit A

Conditions of Approval: Amend Use Permit (UP-947-05) and Coastal Development Permit (CDP-256-05) for modifications of two roof-top mounted wireless communication facilities at 2580 Francisco Blvd. (APN 016-400-060)

Planning Commission Meeting of November 7, 2016

Planning Division of the Planning Department

- 1. Development shall be substantially in accord with the plans entitled "AT&T CNU05650/CCL05650, Sharp Park Hwy 1,Pacifica, CA 94044," dated September 12, 2016 and received by the City of Pacifica on September 29, 2016, except as modified by the following conditions.
- 2. The applicant shall reduce the enclosure for Sector A and B antennas to at least 7.5' x 6' x 8' (length by width by height; 360 ft³) and reduce the enclosure for the Sector C antenna to 5' x 5.5' x 8' (220 ft³).
- 3. That the approval or approvals is/are valid for a period of one year from the date of final determination. If the use or uses approved is/are not established within such period of time, the approval(s) shall expire unless Applicant submits a written request for an extension and applicable fee prior to the expiration date, and the Planning Director or Planning Commission approves the extension request as provided below. The Planning Director may administratively grant a single, one year extension provided, in the Planning Director's sole discretion, the circumstances considered during the initial project approval have not materially changed. Otherwise, the Planning Commission shall consider a request for a single, one year extension.
- 4. Prior to the issuance of a building permit, Applicant shall submit information on exterior finishes, including colors and materials, subject to approval of the Planning Director.
- 5. Applicant shall maintain its site in a fashion that does not constitute a public nuisance and that does not violate any provision of the Pacifica Municipal Code.
- 6. All outstanding and applicable fees associated with the processing of this project shall be paid prior to the issuance of a building permit.
- 7. Prior to issuance of a building permit, Applicant shall clearly indicate compliance with all conditions of approval on the plans and/or provide written explanations to the Planning Director's satisfaction.
- 8. The applicant shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the City, its Council, Planning Commission, advisory boards, officers, employees, consultants and agents (hereinafter "City") from any claim, action or proceeding (hereinafter "Proceeding") brought against the City to attack, set aside, void or annul the City's actions regarding any development or land use permit, application, license, denial, approval or authorization, including, but

not limited to, variances, use permits, developments plans, specific plans, general plan amendments, zoning amendments, approvals and certifications pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act, and/or any mitigation monitoring program, or brought against the City due to actions or omissions in any way connected to the applicant's project, but excluding any approvals governed by California Government Code Section 66474.9. This indemnification shall include, but not be limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the City, if any, and costs of suit, attorney fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by the applicant, City, and/or parties initiating or bringing such Proceeding. If the applicant is required to defend the City as set forth above, the City shall retain the right to select the counsel who shall defend the City.

- 9. The applicant shall provide the residents of 2850 Francisco Blvd with at least 1 week notice prior to the start of construction. The notice shall be mailed to each resident. The notice shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following information:
 - The anticipated start date of construction.
 - The anticipated end date of construction.
 - The anticipated hours of construction.
 - A description of any temporary inconveniences that the residents may experience (e.g., elevator may be temporarily unavailable, access way may be partially blocked)
 - A telephone number that residents can use to report concerns to the applicant during construction.
- 10. The project requires compliance with all applicable permit requirements listed under Pacifica Municipal Code 9-4.2608(f).

Building Division of the Planning Department

- 11. The project requires review and approval of a demolition permit by the Building Official. Applicant shall apply for and receive approval of a demolition permit prior to commencing any demolition activity.
- 12. The project requires review and approval of a building permit by the Building Official. Applicant shall apply for and receive approval of a building permit prior to commencing any construction activity.
- 13. Construction shall be limited to the hours of 7:00am to 7:00pm on Monday through Friday and 9:00am to 5:00 pm on Saturday and Sunday per Pacifica Municipal Code Section 8-1.06.
- 14. The applicant shall not block onsite parking for residences of the building for staging or temporary storage of equipment or materials. The applicant shall obtain an encroachment permit for any staging or storage of equipment right of way.



CNU05650/CCL05650

LTE 3C WCS (RFDS REV. 6.0, VER. 6.0, 04/05/16) SITE:CCL05650 FA. #:10102015 USID: 47714 PROJECT ID: 3701843559 PACE ID: MRSFR026808

SHARP PARK-HWY

2580 SAN FRANCISCO BLVD PACIFICA, CA 94044

DRIVING DIRECTIONS	FROM AT&T OFFICE - SACRAMENTO, C.	1, HEAD NORTH ON WAIT AVE TOWARD MARCON! AVE 2, USE THE ROHIT LANE TO MERGE ONTO 1-80 W VIA THE RAIL STATION	3. MERGE ONTO 1-B0 W 4. KEEP ROLLT TO STAY ON 1-B0 W. FOLLOW SIGNS FOR S (PARTIAL TOL. ROAD)
PROJECT DESCRIPTION	THIS IS AN UNMANNED TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY FOR AT&T MOBILITY CONSISTING OF THE INSTALLATION OF THE FOLLOWING:	1. NEW THREE (3) 12 PORT PANEL ANTENNAS TO REPLACE EXISTING ANTENNAS INSIDE EXISTING FRP CHIMNEYS ON BUILDING ROOFTOP.	 NEW THREE (3) RRUS—32 MOUNTED BEHING ANTENNAS INSIDE EXISTING FRP CHUNETS ON BUILDING ROOFTOP.

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S. MST FIE EITS J. AMES TO MAKE ENT IN TO WERGE DATO US.—TO S. TOWAND SAW JOSE/AMEDIT.

TOWAND SAW JOSE/AMEDIT.

S. LEST THE ROTH J. JAMES TO MAKE ENT AS IT DONE INTERSANT ZBG S.

J. WERGE FORM T. AMES TOWAND FOLLOW CO-1. S. FOLLOW SIGNS FOR PACEFUR AS TOWAND PLANCESCO. STONS FOR PACEFUR SAW STONS PROMISSED SAY PRANCESCO. SAY FOR SAY F IE RAMP TO LIGHT

TITLE SHEET, SITE INFORMATION AND VICINITY MAP

SHEET INDEX

T-2 GENERAL NOTES, LEGEND AND ABBREVIATIONS

T-3 RFDS AND COLOR CODES

(A-1 SITE PLAN A-2 EQUIPMENT PLAN

EXISTING THREE (3) RRUS-12ª IN EQUIPMENT ROOM TO BE RELOCATED NEAR ANTENNAS ON BUILDING ROOFTOP.

FACILITY IS UNIVANNED AND NOT FOR HUMAN HABITATION LANDICADED ACCESS AND REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CALIFORNIA ADMINISTRATIVE STATE COOR PART 2, TITLE 24, CHAPTER 118, SECTION 11038.

EXISTING BATTERY RACK INSIDE EQUIPMENT ROOM TO BE REMOVED AND REPLACED WITH NEW DC POWER PLANT WITH BATTERIES.

PROJECT INFORMATION

APPLICANT/LEASEE:
A1&T WOBILITY
2700 WATT AVENUE
SACRAMENTO, CA 95821

ENGINEER:
PRECORDOBATION
PRECORDOBATION
A
PRECORDOBATION
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SASS IVEN PRECORD
A
COUNTER:
COU

PROJECT TEAM

EXISTING RBS 2206 INSIDE EQUIPMENT ROOM TO BE RELOCATED

2580 SAN FRANCISCO BLVD PACIFICA, CA 94044 CRG & OACHTC VERTURES II LTD. 1050 RALSTON AVE BELMONT, CA 94002

PROPERTY DWNER:

SITE ADDRESS:

CITY OF PACIFICA 015-400-050

ZONING DISTRICT

ERCSSON FLO STONERIOGE MALL DR. SUITE 350 PLEASANTON, CA 94588 CONTACT: FRANK SCHABARUW PRONE: (530) 722—0743 EWAIL: (frank.schabarum@abeglobol.net

ERICSSON
HO STONERBOE MALL DR. SUITE 350
PLEASANTON, CA. 945BB
COUNTCT: LAWNER WALKER
PHONE: (916) 5601-11.23
EMALL: jenniferwolken@ericsson.com SITE ACQUISITION MANAGER:

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE:

URISDICTION:

ZONING MANAGER:

EXISTING TWO (2) 5'x5' FRP CHIUNEYS TO BE RELOCKED AND REPLACED BY NEW OFFER (1) 5'x8' AND ONE (1) 10'x8' FRP CHIUNHEYS ON BUILDING

NEW TWO (2) DUS-4/18 (DNE (1) TO REPUACE EXISTIND DUL ; DNE (1) MOUNTED DN NEW 6501 V2 CHASSIS] ON EXISTING 19" RACK INSIDE EXISTING EQUIPMENT ROOM.



RESIDENTIAL/TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY RESIDENTIAL/TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY

- AGL

ELEVATION:
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CURRENT USE:
NEW USE:

ERICSSON 614G STONRRIDGE WALL DR. SUITE 35G R.LGSWYON, CA 94588 CONNCT: FLOYD GREEN PHONE: ——— EMML: floyd-green@ericsson.com

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RAMON, CA 845.18
ITACT: SHARANPAL SINGH
IL: 853690@stt.com RF ENGINEER:
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5AN RAMON, CA 945;
CONTACT: SHARANPAL
EMAIL: 9839940 etter

CONSTRUCTION MANAGER:

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NETWORK OPERATIONS MANAGER: UTILITY COORDINATOR: PROGRAM REGIONAL MANAGER:

LIVERNORE, CA 94551
TEL (024) ERE-LAKE

CONTRACTOR SHALL VERFY ALL PLANS AND EXISTING DAMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS ON THE JOB SITE AND SHALL MAKDIATELY NOTRY THE ENDINEER IN WRITING OF ANY DISCREPANCIES BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK OR BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SAME.

GENERAL CONTRACTOR NOTES

DO NOT SCALE DRAWING

LANS PREPARED BY

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SUED FOR 100% CONSTRUCTION DRAWING

CNU05650/CCL05650 LT = 0.WCS SITE COL05650 FA, #1.0102016 USID-4774 SHARP PARK-HWY 1 Z805 SANTRANCISCO B.VD PAGIFICA, CA 94044

RRENT ISSUE DATE: 10/04/16

at&t

SACRAMENTO, CA 95821

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RAM & GROUNDING DETAILS

DUNDING PLAN

TITLE SHEET, SITE INFORMATION AND VICINITY MAP DATE SIGNED: 10/04/2016

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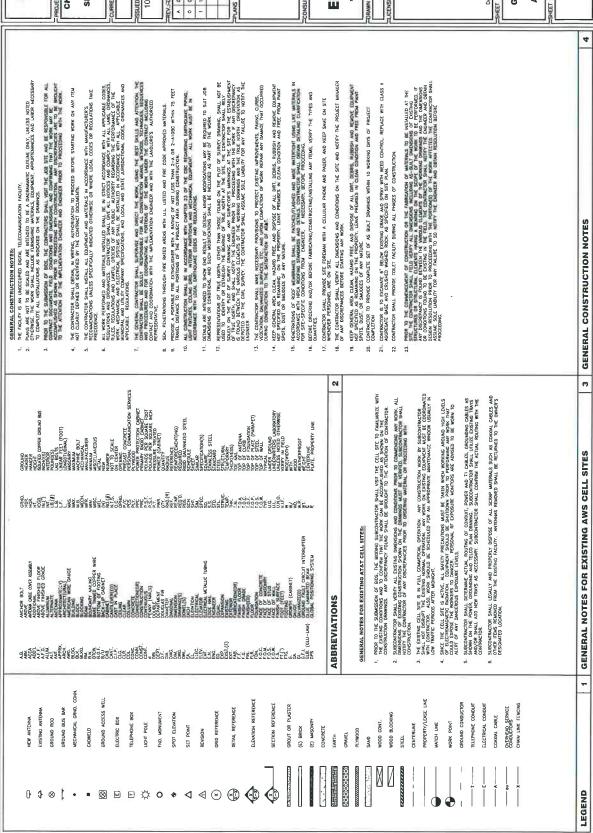
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ALL WORK AND MATERALS SHALL BE PERFORMED AND INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT EXTENSE OF THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS. NOTHING IN THESE PLANS ADDRESS FOR CONSTRUCTED TO PERMAT WORK AND CONFORMING TO INFESS CODES.

CODE COMPLIANCE

USA NORTHEN CALIFORNIA
AND NEVADA

1-800-227-2600 AT LEAST TWO DAYS OFFICE YOU FILE





CNUOS650/CCLOS650 LTE 30 WCS SITE: CCLOS650 FA. # 10102015 USID: 47714 SHARP PARK-HWY 1 2580 SAN FRANCISCO BLVD PACIFICA, CA 94044

RENT ISSUE DATE: 10/04/16

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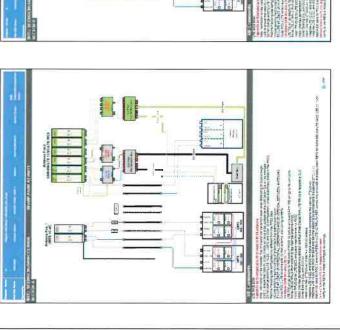
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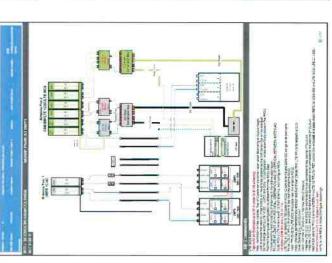
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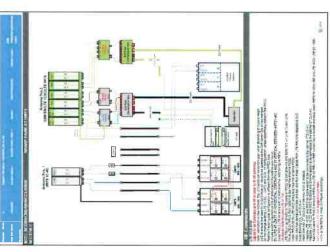
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GENERAL NOTES, LEGEND AND ABBREVIATIONS

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10/04/16

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FA. R. 10112015 ISBN 47714
SHARP PARK-HWY 1
280 SAN FAVILESO BLVD
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BLU/2 RED	0081 800	2 VIOLET	2 WHITE	2 VIO/1RED	12 WHT/1 RED	2 VIO/2 RED 2 WHT/2 RED	2 WHT/2 RED
T		1 X 1/RX 1	TX 2/RX 2	TX 3/RX 3	TX 4/RX 4	TX 5/RX 5	TX 6/RX 6
BLU/2 RED	CSM 850	3 WOLET	3 WHITE	3 410/1860	3 WHT/1 RED	3 VIO/2 RED	3 WHT/2 RED
2		- AU7 - AL				2 707	
NA D	1900 TAN	IX I/RX	KX 7	1 3/RX 3	KX 4	A 5/KA 5	KX D
BLU/2 RED	200	4 VIOLET	4 WHITE	4 VIO/1RED	4 VIO/1RED 4 WHT/1 RED 4 VIO/2 RED 4 WHT/2 RED	4 VIO/2 RED	4 WHT/2 RED
RX 6	One and	TX 1/RX 1	Rx 2	TX 3/RX 3	RX 4	TX S/RX S	RX 6
BLU/2 RED	OCO CIMO	5 VIOLET	S WHITE	S VIO/1RED	5 VIO/1RED 5 WHT/1 RED 5 VIO/2 RED 5 WHT/2 RED	5 VIO/2 RED	5 WHT/2 RED
	200	TX 1/RX 1	TX 1/RX 1 TX 2/RX 2	ш	TX 3/RX 3 TX 4/RX 4 TX 5/RX 5		I TX 6/RX 6
BLU/2 RED	CIE /00	E VIOLET	6 WHITE	B MO/1RED	B VIO/1RED 8 WHI/1 RED 5 VIO/2 RED 5 WHI/2 RED	6 VO/2 RED	5 WHT/2 RED
	O010/ 0021 311	1 X 1/RX 1	TX 2/RX 2	TX 3/RX 3	Tx 4/RX 4	TX S/RX S	TX 6/RX 6
SLU/2 RED	LIE 1/00/2100	7 VIOLET	7 WHITE	7 VIO/1RED	7 VIO/1RED 7 WHT/1 RED 7 VIO/2 RED 7 WHT/2 RED	7 VIO/2 RED	7 WHT/2 RED

UNTS 850

LTE 700

UMTS 1900

UMTS 1900 TX 1/RX 1 RX 2 TX 3/RX 3 RX 4 TX 5/RX 5 RX 6 + BROWN (4 ORANGE (4 BRW/1RED (4 ORN/1 RED (4 ORN/2 RED UMTS 850 TX 1/RX 1 RX 2 TX 3/RX 3 RX 4 TX 5/RX 5 RX 6 E BRU/1 RED 5 BRU/1 RED 5 BRU/2 RED 5 ORU/1 RED 6 BRU/2 RED 5 ORU/2 RED LTE 700 | 6 9ROWN | 15 GAMAGE | 6 BBW/T RED | 6 GBW/2 RED | 6 GBW/2 RED | LIE .1700/2100 TX 1/RX 1 TX 2/RX 2 TX 3/RX 3 TX 4/RX 4 TX 5/RX 5 TX 6/RX 6 T 8 RX 5/RX 6 T 8 RX 6/RX 6 T 8 RX 6/RX

GSW 850 0SM 1900

GSM 1900

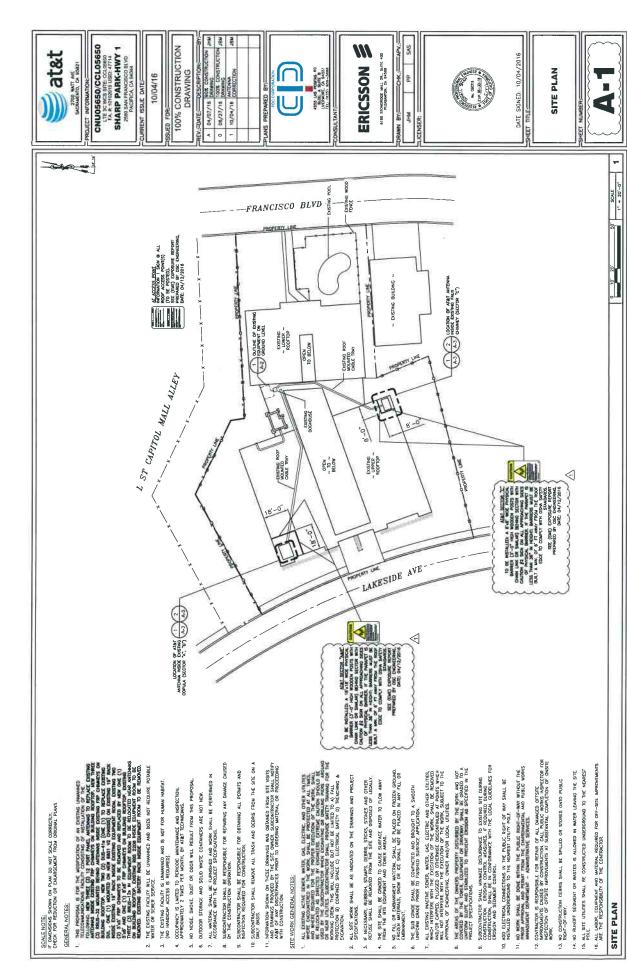
TX 1/RX 1 TX 2/RX 2 TX 3/RX 3 TX 4/RX 4 TX 5/RX 5 TX 6/RX 6 2 BRW/2 RED 2 GRW/2 RED 3 GRW/ TX 1/RX 1 TX 2/RX 2 TX 3/RX 3 TX 4/RX 4 TX 5/RX 5 TX 6/RX 6 3 BROWN 3 ORANGE 3 BRN/1RED 3 ORN/1 RED 3 BRN/2 RED 3 ORN/2 RED 3

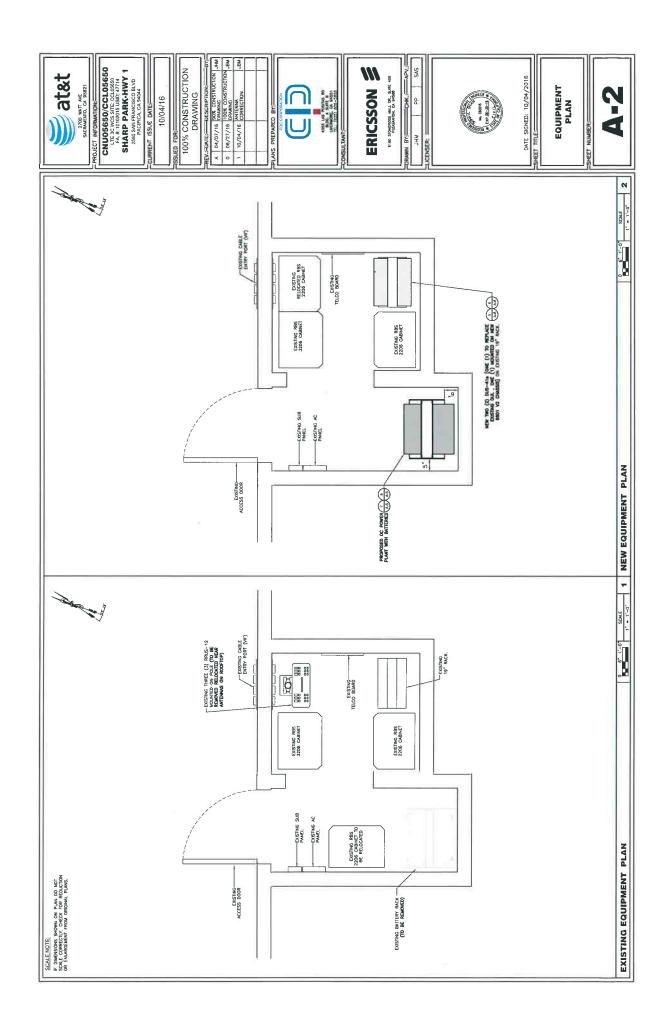
A SECTOR (ALPHA)

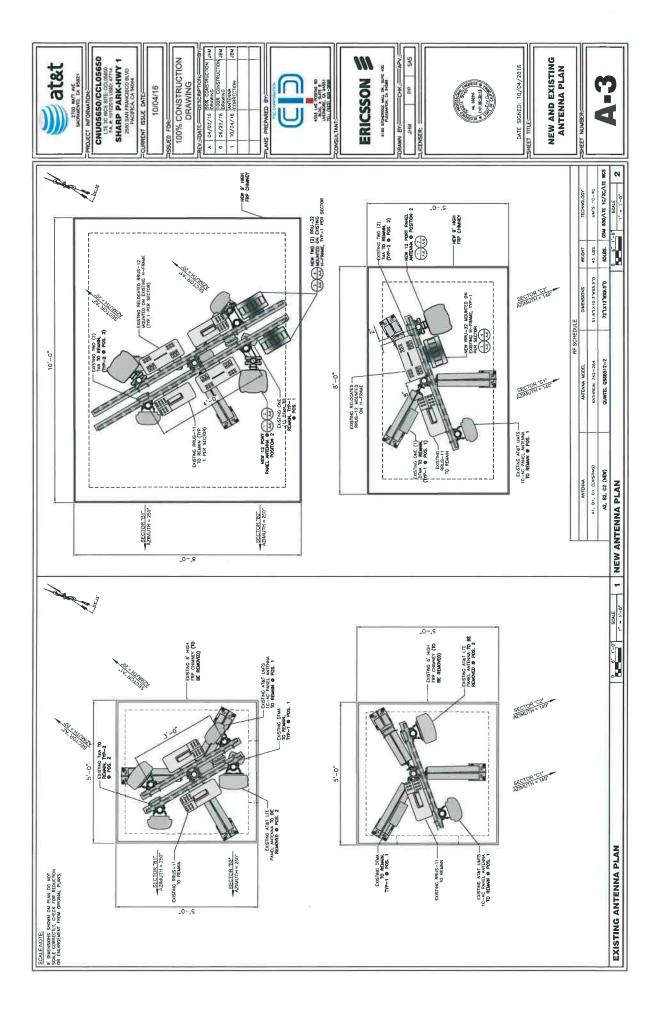
RFDS AND COLOR CODES

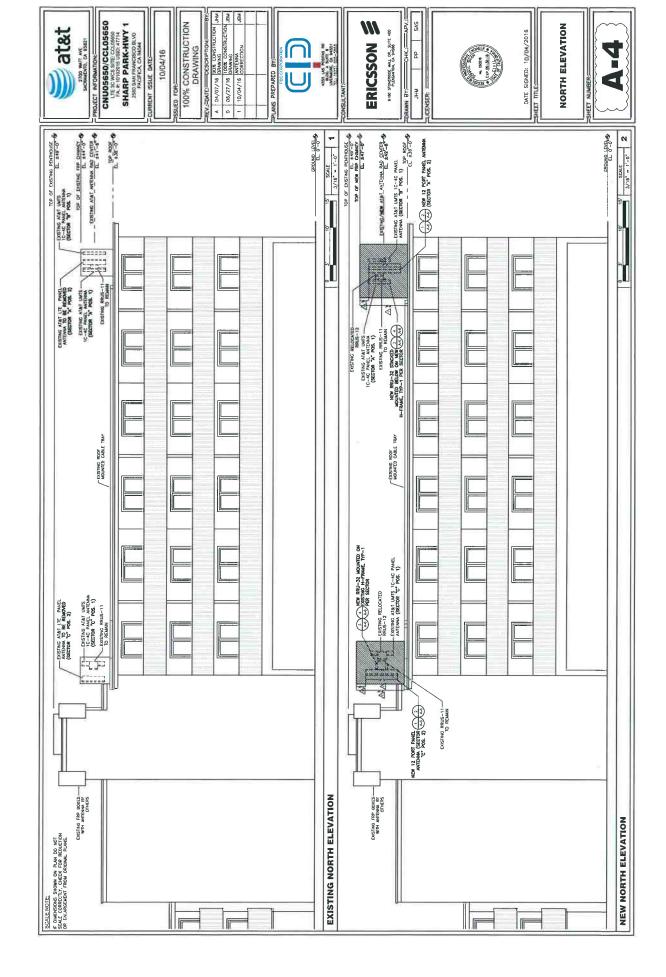
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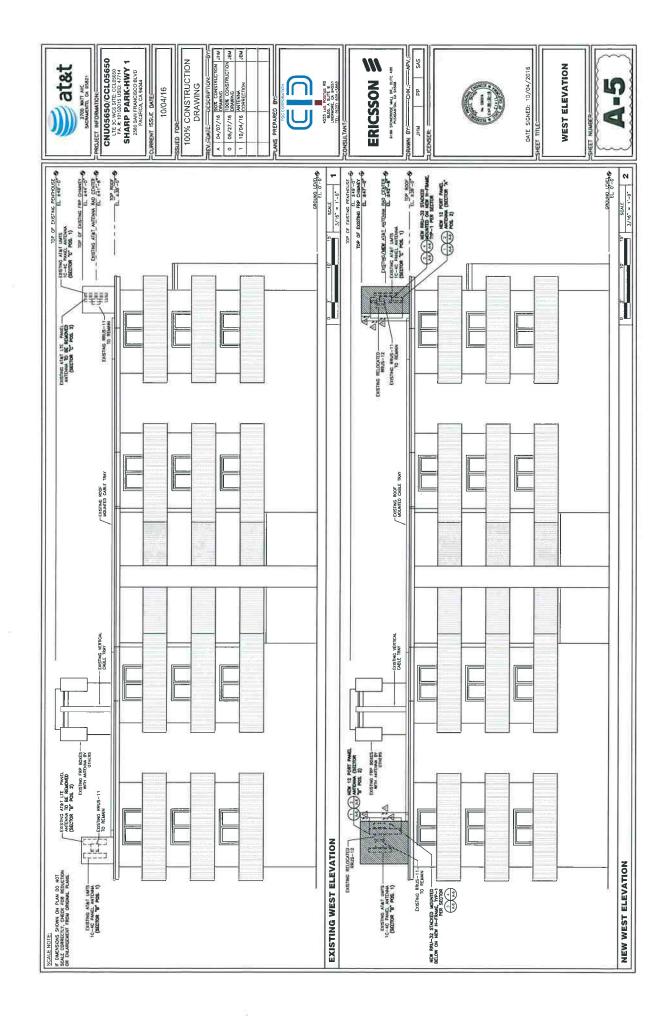
DATE SIGNED: 10/04/2016

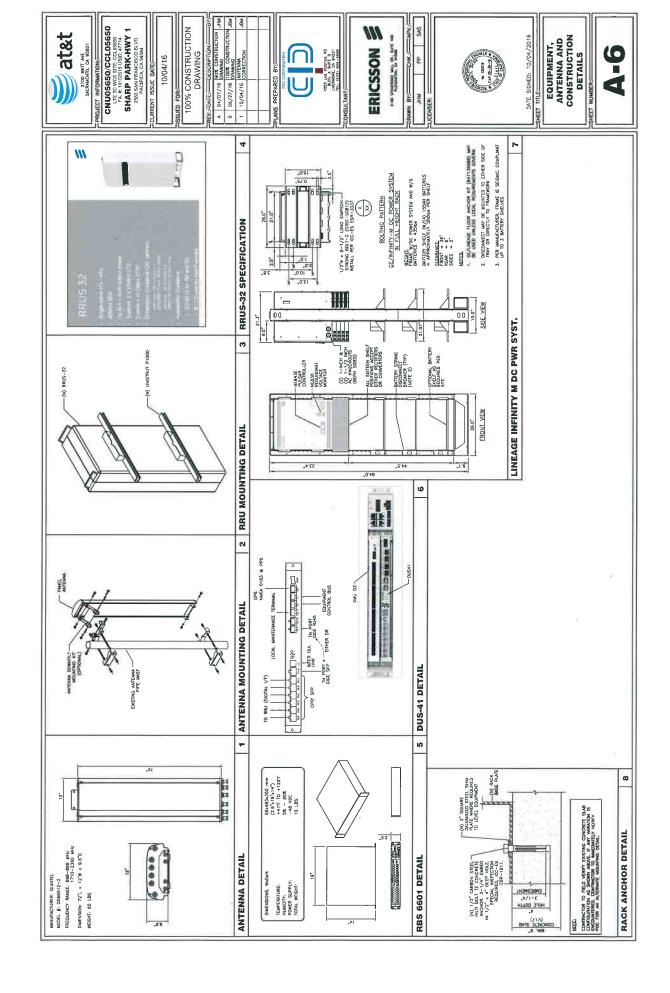












GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A LIGHT AND THE ADMISSION OF THE WASTONION WHITH A LINES THE SAME REQUIRES SHALL BE A MODERANCE WITH A LIKE AND REQUIRES OF THE WASTONION OF T
 - THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE A SITE VIST PRICH TO BOONG AND CONSTITUCION TO VERSIFY ALL EXCRITING COMBINIONS AND SHALL NOTHY THE ARCHITECT MANDENEY UPON DESCRIPENTES. THE CONTRACTOR ASSUMES ALL LABILITY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS PROVISION.
- THE EDITION OF THE WORK SHOUTHDRY AND SHEETINGS BY THE CHARLES AND STEETINGS BY THE CHARLES AND SHEETINGS BY THE SHEETINGS BY
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE A BIO FOR A COMPLETE AND OPERATIONAL SYSTEM, WHICH INCLUDES THE COST FOR MATERIAL AND LABOR.
 - WORKMANSHIP AND NEXT APPERRANCE SHALL BE AS WPORKMANSHIM AS THE DIFENTON. DESECTIVE ON DAMAGED WITERALS SHALL BE REPLACED OR REPLAKED PROBY TO AND CASEL AS AND ENGINEER. A WANNER ACCEPTABLE TO OWNER AND ENGINEER.
 - THE ENTIRE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM INSTALLED UNDER THIS CONTRACT SHALL BE DETWERED IN PROPER WORNING CHOISE, REPLACE, WITHOUT ADDITIONAL COST TO THE CONCRET, AND STECTURE WITHOUT AND SOUPPLEASE WITHOUT AND COUPLEASE WITHOUT COST TO THE CONCRETAINED STORY SYSTEM SOUR THE COST TO THE COST OF THAIL ACCEPTANCE. COMPLETE THE ENTRE INSTALLATION AS SOON AS THE PROPRIES OF THE WHOM WILL PREMIS AND OUTNOTE OF SERVICE WITH THE OWNER AND BUILDING WANDLES IN XOMANCE, WHIN THE OWNER AND BUILDING CECFTRICAL, SYSTEM.
 - ANY ERROR, DMISSION OR DESIGN DISCREPANCY ON THE DRAWNINGS SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ELIVINEER FOR CLARFFICATION OR CORRECTION BEFORE CONSTRUCTION.
 - - "PROVIDE": INDICATES THAT ALL ITEMS ARE TO BE FURNISHED, INSTALLED AND CONNECTED IN PLACE.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL SECURE ALL NECESSARY BUILDING PERMITS AND PAY ALL REQUIRED FEES.
- EQUIPMENT LOCATION
- A LOC TOWNINGS NOOTED DIAGNAMINGLY THE CESTED OF CONTINUES. SOUTHING THE AMERICAN TO BE IT CAN FOUND TO BE IT CONTINUES. SOUTHING THE AMERICAN THE A
 - MATTER EAST CAMEGES AT THE MEDICATE LOCATIONS OR MANAGEMENT, ARE METERSORY DRE TO REPORT THE METERSORY DRESSED AND MATTER THE MAY CAN THROUGH THE MANAGES SHALL BE MADE WITHOUT COST, PROPOSING THE CHANGES SHALL BETTORE THE CHANGE IS ORDERED SETTORE THE CHANGE TO THE MATTER MATTER THE MANAGEMENT AND MATTER TO SHALL THE MATTER THE
- D, COORDINATE THE WORK OF THIS SECTION WITH THAT OF ALL OTHER TRADES WHERE CONFLUES OCCUR, CONSULT WITH THE RESPECTIVE CONFIDENCE TO AGREEBER AS TO AWARGES RECESSION OF OFFICE PROPERSION OF THE PROPOSED OWNERS PROSEEDING. LIGHTING FIXTURES ARE SHOWN IN THEIR APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS ONLY. COORDINATE THE FIXTURE LOCATION WITH MECHANICAL EDUPPMENT TO AVOID INTERFERENCE.
 - SHOP DRAWINGS

- - BEFORE FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSURF THAT ALL COUIPMENT, SYSTEUS, FITLES, ETC, ARE WORKING SATSFACTORILY AND TO THE INTENT OF THE DRAWINGS.
 - THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR TAKING AND PAYING FOR ALL THE REQUIRED PERMITS, INSPECTI AND EXAMINATION WITHOUT ADDITIONAL EXPENSE TO THE OWNER.

- APPROVED GROUNDING SALL, ROYAGE A COUPLETE, AND APPROVED GROUNDING STATEM INCLUDION ELLEGROOM ELLEGROOM ELLEGROOM ELLEGROOM SALVEN GROUNDING SALVEN GROUNDING SALVEN GROUNDING SALVEN GROUNDING SALVEN GROUNDING
 - CONDUITS CONNECTED TO EQUIPMENT AND DEVICES SHALL BE METALICATY JOINED TOGETHER TO PROVIDE EFFECTIVE ELECTRICAL CONTINUITY.
- FEEDERS AND BRANCH CRCUIT WRING INSTALLED IN A NOWELTLE CONDUIT SWALL INCLODE A CODE SIZED SEQUENCE CONDUCTOR HAWG GREEN ASLATION. THE GROUND CONDUCTOR SHALL BE PROPERLY CONNECTED AT BOTH ENDS TO MANTAIN ELECTRICAL, COUNTINITY.
 - D. REFER TO GROUND BUS DETAILS, PROVIDE NEW GROUND SYSTEM COMPLETE WITH CONDUCTORS, GROUND ROD AND DESCRIBED TERMINATIONS.
- E. ALL GROUNDING CONDUCTORS SHALL BE SOLIDINING COPPER AND ANNEALED \$2 UNLESS NOTED OTHERWI
 - F. ALL NON-DIRECT BURED TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT GROUND CONDUCTORS SHALL BE #2 STRANDED, THEN (GREEN) WSULATION.
- G. ALL GROUND CONNECTIONS SHALL BE MADE WITH "HYGROLIND" COMPRESSION SYSTEM BURNDY CONNECTORS EXCEPT WHERE NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 1. PAINT AT ALL GROUND CONNECTIONS SHALL BE REMOVED CRONDING SYSTEM RESISTANCE SHALL NOT EXCEED
 NO HARE IT THE RESISTANCE SHALL NOT EXCEED
 MAINTY HE CHARLER FOR THANKE SESTINGER AND
 MAINTY HE CHARLER FOR THANKE SESTINGER AND
 MAINTY HE CHARLER SET OF PRINTS SHOWN OF INSTALLED
 WORK.
- UTILITY SERVICE
 STEPPONE AND ELECTROLA WETERNG FACURES
 STALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE
 STEPPONE UNIT COMPANIES. CONFORMED SMAL
 VERY SERVICE LOCKTORS AND REQUIREMENTS.
 STEPPONE OUTLINES.
 - CONFORM TO ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE SERVINE UTILITY COMPANIES.
- A. ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE NEW, CONFORMING WITH THE NEC, ANSI, NEWA, AND THEY SHALL BE U.L. USTED AND LABELED. 9. PRODUCTS
- B. COROUTT.

 B. CO
 - ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING SHALL HAVE U.L.
 MARE, FITINGS SHALL BE COMPRESSION
 TYPE. EMT SHALL BE USED ONLY FOR
 INTERIOR RUNS.
- FLEXIBLE METALLS, CONDUIT SHALL HAVE U.I.
 LUSTED LAGEL AND WAY BE USED, WHERE PERMITED
 BY CODE. FITTINGS SHALL BE "LAKE" OR
 "SOMEZE" TPPE. SEA! TIGHT FLEXIBLE CONDUIT.
 ALL CONDUIT IN EXCESS OF SIX FEET IN LENGTH
 SHALL HAVE PULL SIZE GROUND WIRE.
 - CONDUIT RUNS MAY BE SURFACE MOUNTED IN CELLING OR WALLS VALLES INDIVIDENTED THERMISE. CONDUIT INDIVIDENTED SHALL RUN PARALLEL OR AT RIGHT AMORES TO CELLING, ELDORR OF BEAMS, WERNY EXACT PROUNG OF ALL EXPOSED CONDUIT WITH ARCHITECT PROOR TO WISTALLING.
 - ALL UNDERGROUND CONDUITS SHALL BE PVC SCHEDULE 40 (UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE) AT A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 24" BELOW GRADE.
- ALL CONDUT ONLY (C.O.) SHALL HAVE PULL ROPE.
 COMMUNE RUN ON ROOPS SHALL RE INSTALLED ON A
 X 4 REDWOOD SLEEPERS, 6"-0" ON CHATEN, SET 3N
 NON-HARDENIG MASTIC.

- WHEN WER AND DEED SHALL BE CORPER, BOD YOUT, \$12.

 WHEN WHIN HIS DEED SHALL BE CORPER BOD YOU \$12.

 WHIN HIS DEED SHALL BE CONCUEDED \$1 WAS AND SHALLED BOD SHALLED BOD SHALLED BOD SHALLED BOD SHALLED BOD SHALLED BOD SHALLED BY COMMITTING BUT SHALLED BY SHALLED B
 - PROVIDE CALVANIZED COATED STEEL BOXES AND ACCESSORIES SIZED PER CODE TO ACCOMMODATE DEVICES AND WIRING.
- HOUSE SECRETARION GRADE

 HITH HITELD TABLES SHALL BE SPECFOLATION GRADE

 HITH HITELD TABLES SHALL BE SECRET WAS

 FORUMEND THE, INIM A-270R. HOUNT RECEPOLE IN

 TAL' ABOVE TRANSED TROOR NALES ONE-WISE

 NECEPOLES SHALL BE GRADION ANT INTERREPTER THE

 WITH SERVER AND THE GRADION ANT INTERREPTER THE

 WITH SERVER AND THE SHALL BE S
- TOGGLE SWITCHES SHALL BE 2D AAP, 120 VOLT AC, SPECFICATION GRADE WHITE (UNLESS NOTED DTHERW FINISH. MOUNT SWITCHES AT +48" ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR.
- ANTI-BIAN SOLDRIESS CHURESSON APPROFILD ANTI-BIAN SOLDRIESS CHURESSON APPROFICE FOR ANTI-BIAN SOLDRIESS CHURESSON APPROFICE FOR CHURESSON APPROFILE STEED AND SOLDRIESS CHURESSON APPROFILE STEED AND SOLDRIESSON APPROFILE CHURCH AND SOLDRIESSON APPROFILE CHURCH BREAKERS, MONAT OF THE THE SAME AND SOLDRIESSON APPROFILE STEED APPROFILE
- H. ALL CIRCUIT BREAKERS, MAGNETIG STARTERS AND OTHER ELECTRICAL, ELONGHENS TAKEL SAVE AN INTERRUPTING RATING, NOT LESS THAN MAXMUM SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT TO WHICH THEY MAY BE SUBJECTED.
 - I. GROUND RODS SHALL BE COPPER CLAD SIEEL, 5/8" ROUND AND 10' LONG, COPPERWELD OR APPROVED EQUAL.

1. Geometric Chrought 19 Principals 344. III is a Re undercriberty comment of the Chromotope of the Ch

17. POWER AND TELCO CARBS, SHALL BE DROUNDED (BONDED) TOGETHER.

18. NO "I, AND B" ALLOWED ON GROUNDING.

18. NO "I, SAND SS STANLESS STREEL CLAMP AND BRACS TAGS ON COAK ® ANTENNAS
AND DOCHOUSE.

INSTALLATION

- A PROMO CHARGES AND LEGENARY
 COUPLING SHOPPING OFFICES AND LEGENARY
 COMPANIES FROM MODEROSES AND STATES SUPPORT
 COMPANIES FROM MODEROSES AND STATES SUPPORT
 COMPANIES FROM MODEROSES AND STATES
 FROM MODEROSES OF STATES
 FROM THE STATES
 FROM
- B. CUTING, PATCHARG, CAMESS, OBDINGS, PROPORE LANGER TO LEARNING LINNEGESARY AND THE MOSTS, ANY MANAGE TO BLUMBY STRUCKER ELINNES ENDOSS, ANY MANAGE TO BLUMBY STRUCKING OBTAIN PERUSKON FROM THE ENGINEER CONTRACTOR OBTAIN PERUSKON FROM THE ENGINEER
- IN DIRLING HOLES INTO CONCRETE WHETHER FOR FASTERING OR ADMICISATION OF PASTERING OF ADMICISATION OF THE RANG. INFORMED THE CONCRETE WAS THE RANG. FOR CONCRETE WAS THE CHANGE OF THE CONCRETE WILL NOT BE DELIED INTO CUT OR DAMAGED UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES.
- LIDCATON OF TOJOHOS AND/OR REJATORCING STEE, AIF NO TOTANIZAY SOORNE AND THEFTONE, AND STEELS STARCHED FOR THE APPROPRIATE ULTIOUS AND SCOURLENT WAX "AND OR OHER DENCES THAT CAN ACCURATELY LOCALE THE REINFORCING AND/OR STEEL TEMOORS.
 - PENETRATIONS IN FIRE RATED WALLS SHALL BE FIRE STOPPED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE C.B.C.

11. PROJECT CLOSEOUT

- A LIPON COMPATION OF WAREN, CONTROLLED, COMMUNICATION OF STREET CHROLIN, AND FALL POTENTIAL CHROMISTICS TO A RAPIENCE. SIMBLE THE REPORTS TO PROJECT WANGER, CLEAN PREMISES OF ALL DEPENDENT OF THE WAREN AND LEAST WORK IN A COMPATITÉ AND UNDANAGER COMPITON.
 - B. PRONDE PROJECT MANAGER WITH ONE SET OF COMPLETE SECTENCY. AS INSTALLED. PORWINGS NT THE COMPLETION OF THE JOB SHOWING ACTUAL DIMENSIONS, ROUTINGS AND CIRCLITS.
- C. ALL BROCHURES, OPERATING MANUALS, CATALDG, SHOP DRAWINGS, ETC., SHALL BE TURNED OVER TO OWNER AT JOB COMPLETION.

at&t

L MARION CONCENTRAL FA AND SOLIO BARE TANGED COPPER WITE CONCENTRAL CONCENTRA

ALL DETAILS ARE SHOWN IN GENERAL TERMS, ACTUAL GROUNDING INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS AND CONSTRUCTION ACCORDING TO SITE CONDITIONS.

ROUNDING NOTES:

6. INSTALL GROUND CONDUCTORS AND GROUND ROD MINIMUM OF 1"-O" FROM EDUCE. STORED FOOTING, ON FENCE. 7. EXCHERAGE WELD GROUND CONNECTION TO FENCE POST: TREAT WITH ODD. GALVANTEES SPRIN.

CNUOSEST INFORMATION:
CNUOSESO/CCLOSESO
ITES WAS SITE CLIMBOD
FA. #: 10400018 USIC-#7774
SHARP PARK-HWY 1 2550 SAN FRANCISCO BL PACIFICA, CA 94044

RRENT ISSUE DATE: 10/04/16

100% CONSTRUCTION DRAWING

A EGUIPUTO GENERAL BAS RESOS, LIDCATO AI ESTIDA DE ANTERNA PERLA ASET TONA PERLA PARA PERLA PARA PERLA PERLA

ALL GROUNDING INSTALLATIONS AND CONNECTIONS SHALL BE MADE BY ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR.

OBSERVE N.E.C. AND LOCAL UTILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL SERVICE GROUNDING.



ERICSSON //

BIBD STONE/BOOK MALL DR., SUITE 400 PLEASANTDN, CA 94588

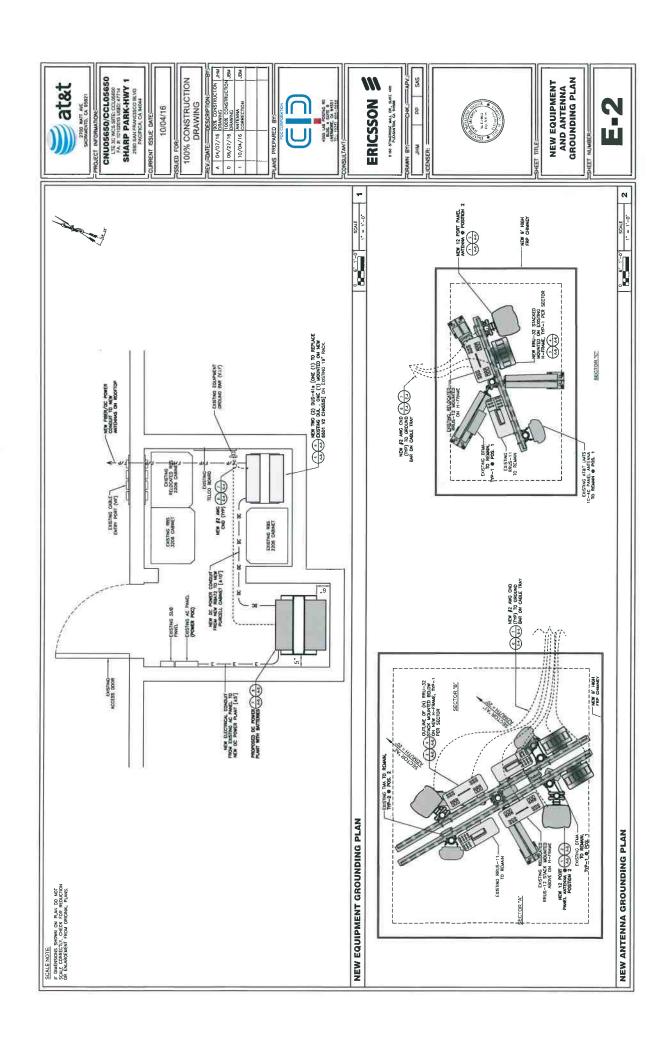
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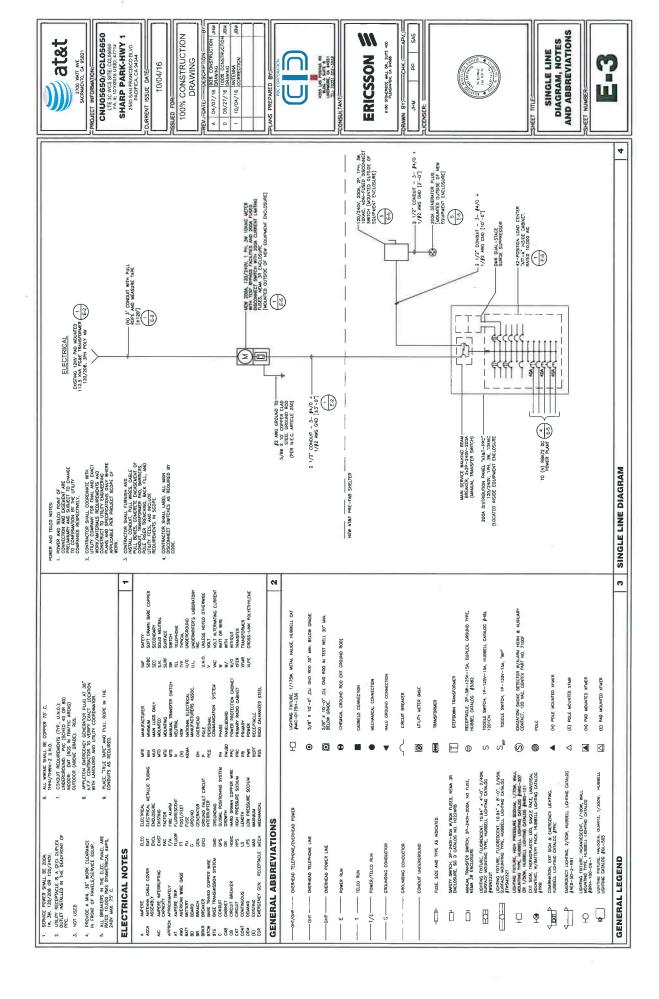


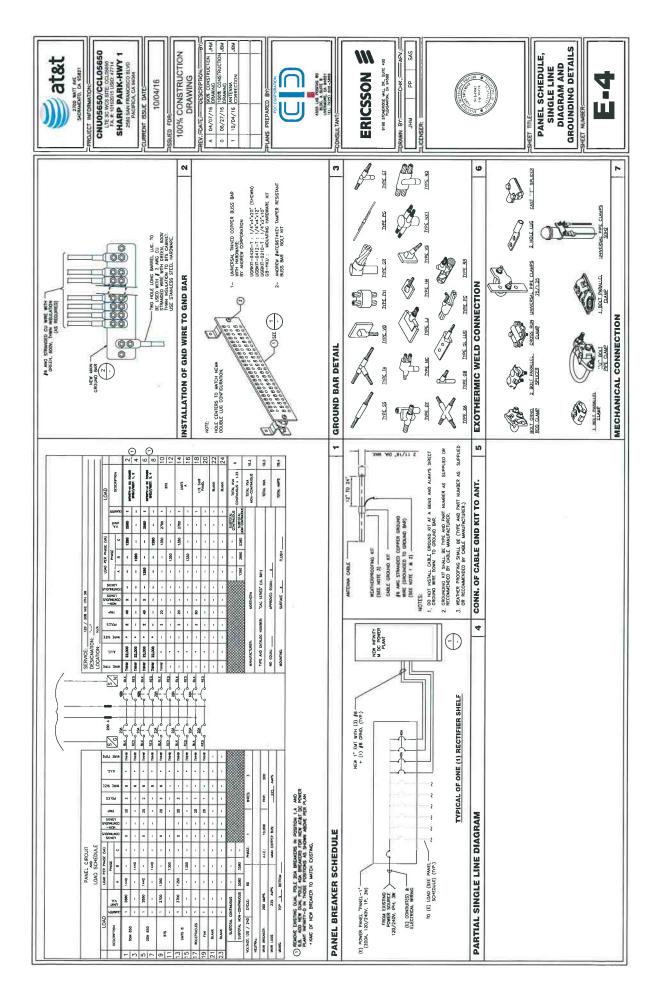
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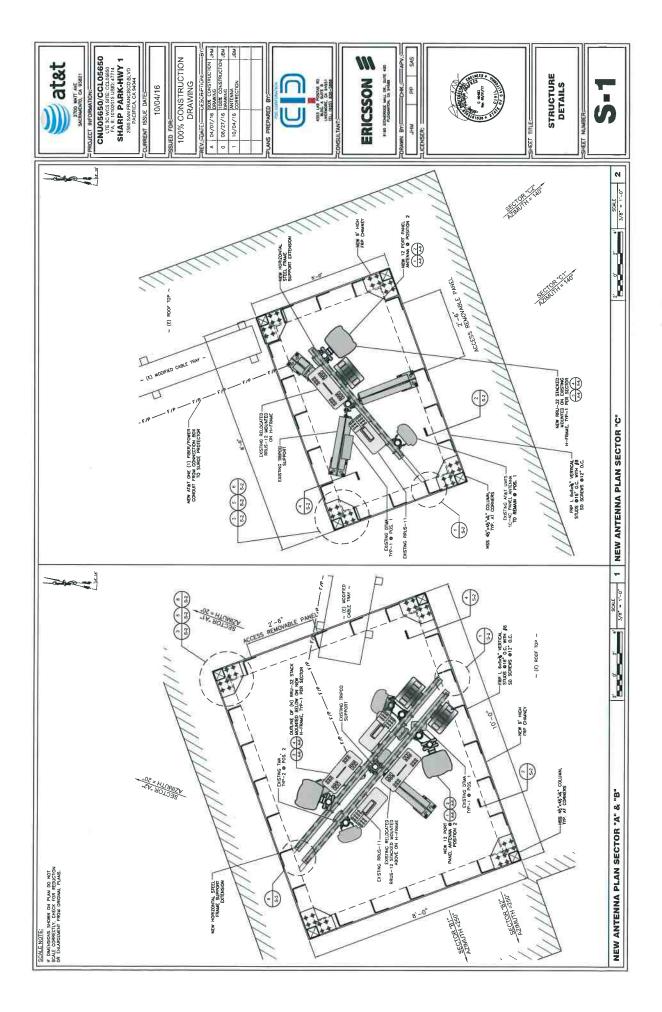
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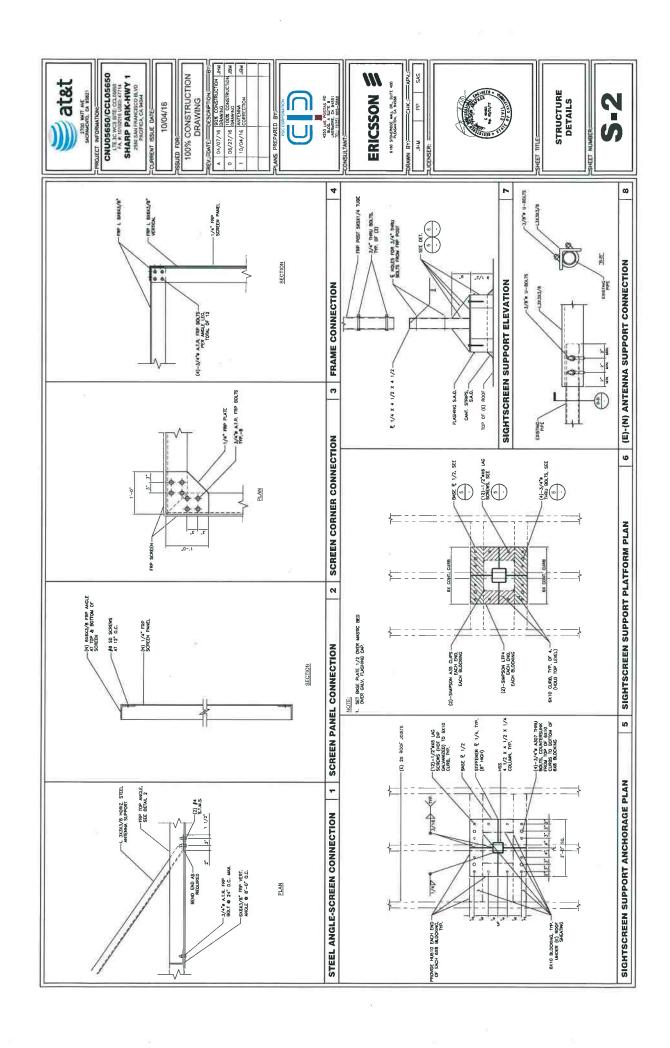












ELECTROMAGNETIC ENERGY (EME) EXPOSURE REPORT



 Site Name:
 Sharp Park – HWY 1

 Site ID:
 CCL05650

 USID:
 47714

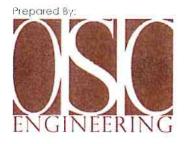
 FA Location:
 10102015

Site Type: Rooftop

Location: 2580 San Francisco Boulevard Pacifica, CA 94044

Latitude (NAD83): 37.6291083 Longitude (NAD83): -122.4906083

Report Completed: April 12, 2016
AT&T M-RFSC Casey Chan



Prepared for: AT&T Mobility c/o Caldwell Compliance, Inc. 6900 Koll Center Parkway. Ste. 401 Pleasanton, CA 94566

Site Overview and Description

- The antennas are mounted on a rooftop
- The site consists of three (3) sectors with a total of six (6) antennas
- There are no separate structures within forty (40) feet of the transmitting antennas
- The site is not co-located

TO SEE SEE	Sector A	Sector B	Sector G
Azimuth	20°	250°	140°
Number of antennas	2	2	2
Bottom tip of antenna above ground (ft.)	39.8 / 39	39.8 / 39	39.8 / 39
Bottomtip of antenna above roof (ft.)	1.8 / 1	1,8/1	1.8 / 1
Technology	GSM / UMTS / LTE	GSM / UMTS / LTE	GSM / UMTS / LTE
Antenna Make and Model	Kathrein 742-264 Quintel QS66512-2	Kathrein 742-264 Quintel QS66512-2	Kathrein 742-264 Quintel QS66512-2

Site Compliance Status	
(FCC & AT&T Guidelines)	Complement with a service and disconnections
(FCC & ATAT Guidelines)	Compliant with recommendations

Compliance Notes

Occupational Safety & Compliance Engineering (OSC Engineering) has been contracted by Caldwell Compliance, Inc. to conduct an RF (radio frequency) computer simulated analysis. The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has set limits on RF energy exposed to humans on a wireless cell site in order to ensure safety. The FCC has also mandated that all RF wireless sites must be in compliance with the FCC limits and a compliance check must be performed annually to ensure site compliance.

This report is an in depth analysis summarizing the results of the RF modeling provided to us by AT&T and in relation to relevant FCC RF compliance standards. A reanalysis is recommended upon the site going on air.

OSC Engineering uses the FCC OET-65 as well as AT&T Standards to make recommendations based on results and information gathered from drawings and Radio Frequency Data Sheets.

For this report, OSC Engineering utilized Roofview® software for the theoretical analysis of the AT&T Cellular Facility.

A site-specific compliance plan is recommended for each transmitting site. This report serves as a single piece of the overall compliance plan.

Information utilized for this report: RFDS: SAN-FRANCISCO-SACRAMENTO_SAN-FRANCISCO_CNU5650_2016-LTE-Next-Carrier_LTE...

DWGs: 3701843559_MRSFR026808_CCL05650_10102015_90% ZD 01-21-16 Redlined LTE 3C

Compliance Results of the Proposed Site (theoretical simulation)

Max RF Exposure Level from (AT&T antennas @ roof):

3765.7 % FCC General Population MPE Limit

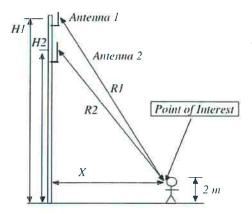
Max RF Exposure Level simulated (AT&T antennas @ ground):

10.8 % FCC General Population MPE Limit

FCC Regulations and Guidelines from OET 65

When considering the contributions to field strength or power density from other RF sources, care should be taken to ensure that such variables as reflection and re-radiation are considered. In cases involving very complex sites predictions of RF fields may not be possible, and a measurement survey may be necessary. The process for determining compliance for other situations can be similarly accomplished using the techniques described in this section and in Supplement A to this bulletin that deals with radio and television broadcast operations. However, as mentioned above, at very complex sites measurements may be necessary.

In the simple example shown in the below diagram, it is desired to determine the power density at a given location X meters from the base of a tower on which are mounted two antennas. One antenna is a CMRS antenna with several channels, and the other is an FM broadcast antenna. The system parameters that must be known are the total ERP for each antenna and the operating frequencies (to determine which MPE limits apply). The heights above ground level for each antenna, H1 and H2, must be known in order to calculate the distances, R1 and R2, from the antennas to the point of interest. ¹



OET Bulletin 65, Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields, Page 37-38
OSC Engineering Inc. | www.OSCengineering.com | 858 436 4120
Page 5/19

Computer Simulation Analysis

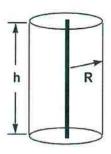
The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) governs the telecommunications services, facilities, and devices used by the public, industrial and state organizations in the United States.

"RoofView® is a software analysis tool for evaluating radiofrequency (RF) field levels at roof-top telecommunications sites produced by vertical collinear antennas of the type commonly used in the cellular, paging, PCS, ESMR and conventional two-way radio communications services."²

"RF near-field levels are computed from selected antennas by applying a cylindrical model that takes into account the antenna's aperture height, mounting height above the roof, azimuthal beam width for directional antennas and the location of the antennas on the roof Resulting, spatially averaged power densities are expressed as a percentage of a user selectable exposure limit depending on frequency. The entire roof is composed of one-square-foot pixels and RF fields are computed for each of these pixels for each selected antenna."

Computer simulations produced for clients are simulated with "Uptime = 100%". This means that all transmitters associated with an antenna are considered to be "on". 4

RoofView® uses a near-field method of computing the field based on assuming that the total input power delivered to the antenna, at its input terminal, is distributed over an imaginary cylindrical surface surrounding the antenna. The height of the cylinder is equal to the aperture height of the antenna while the radius is simply the distance from the antenna at which the field power density is to be computed. Within the aperture of the antenna, this approximation is quite accurate but as the antenna is elevated above the region of interest, the model output must be corrected for mounting height. §



$$S = \frac{P}{2\pi Rh}$$

² Roofview User Guide 4.15, Page 7, Richard A Tell Associates

³ Roofview User Guide 4.15, Page 7, Richard A Tell Associates

⁴ Roofview User Guide 4.15, Page 10, Richard A Tell Associates

⁵ Roofview User Guide 4,15, Page 45, Richard A Tell Associates

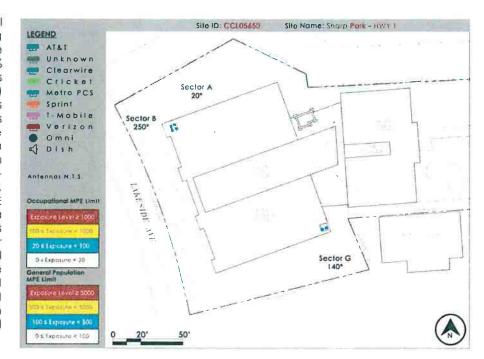
Antenna Inventory

All technical data and specifications shown below are collected from drawings and/or documents provided by the client, as well as from online databases and/or a visit to this facility. Unknown wireless transmitting antennas are simulated using conservative values when information is not available.

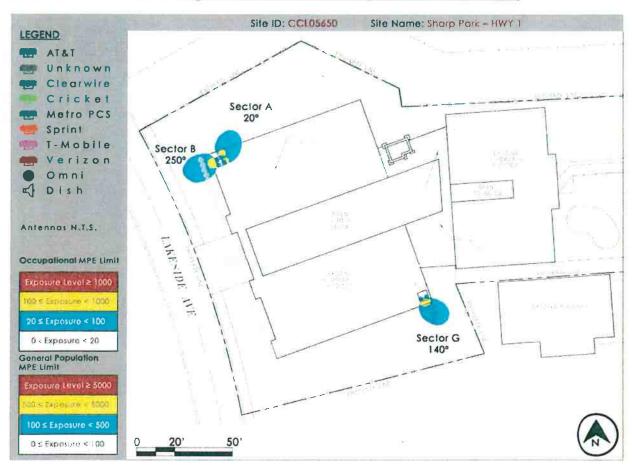
Antenna	Operator / Technology	Frequency (MHz)	Total ERP (Watts)	Antenna Gain (dBd)	Input Power (watts)	Loss (dB)	Antenna Type	Antenna Make	Antenna Model	Transmiller count	Azimuth ("T)	Antenna Aperture (ft)	Horizonia Beamwich	Ground (Z) (fi)	Roofiep (Z) (ft)
A1	AT&T UMTS	850	501.8	11.85	32.76	3.88	Panel	Kathrein	742-264	2	20	4,32	68	39.8	1.8
A1	AT&T UMTS	1900	590.7	14.65	20.24	5.97	Panel	Kathrein	742-264	2	20	4.32	65	39.8	1.8
A2	AT&T GSM	850	219.5	11.85	14.33	3.88	Panel	Quintel	Q\$66512-2	1	20	6	63	39	1
AZ	AT&T LTE	700	579.8	10.85	47.66	1.00	Panel	Quintel	Q\$66512-2	2	20	6	69	39	1
A2	AT&T LTE	1900	2313.9	13.85	95.32	1.00	Panel	Quintel	QS66512-2	2	20	6	70	39	1
A2	AT&T LTE	2300	1928.2	14.85	63.10	2.00	Panel	Quintel	QS66512-2	4	20	6	58	39	1
81	AT&T UMTS	850	501.8	11.85	32.76	3,88	Panel	Kathrein	742-264	2	250	4.32	68	39.8	1.8
B1	AT&T UMTS	1900	590.7	14.65	20.24	5.97	Panel	Kathrein	742-264	2	250	4.32	65	39.8	1.8
82	AT&T GSM	850	219.5	11.85	14.33	3.88	Panel	Quintel	Q566512-2	1	250	6	63	39	1
B2	AT&T LTE	700	579.8	10.85	47.66	1.00	Panel	Quintel	Q\$66512-2	2	250	6	69	39	1
В2	AT&T LTE	1900	2313.9	13,85	95.32	1.00	Panel	Quintel	Q566512-2	2	250	6	70	39	1
B2	AT&T LTE	2300	1928.2	14.85	63.10	2.00	Panel	Quintel	QS66512-2	4	250	6	58	39	1
G1	AT&T UMTS	850	501.8	11.85	32.76	3.88	Panel	Kathrein	742-264	2	140	4,32	68	39.8	1.8
G1	AT&T UMTS	1900	590.7	14.65	20.24	5.97	Panel	Kathrein	742-264	2	140	4.32	65	39.8	1.8
G2	AT&T GSM	850	219.5	11.85	14.33	3.88	Panel	Quintel	Q\$66512-2	1	140	6	63	39	1
G2	AT&T LTE	700	579.8	10.85	47.66	1.00	Panel	Quintel	Q566512-2	2	140	6	69	39	1
G2	AT&T LTE	1900	2313.9	13.85	95.32	1.00	Panel	Quintel	Q\$66512-2	2	140	6	70	39	1
G2	AT&T LTE	2300	1928.2	14.85	63.10	2.00	Panel	Quintel	QS66512-2	4	140	6	58	39	1

Theoretical Simulation Result Diagram - Cumulative Ground Level (Max Emission = 10.8% GP)

For the purpose of theoretical simulation, OSC Engineering models antennas as if they are operating at full power (100% capacity). This assumption yields more conservative (higher) results. On-site measurements may yield different results, as antennas do not always operate at full capacity. To the right is a result diagram of the site in question. The diagram is a colorcoded map per ND-00059 levels, which coincide with FCC MPE Limits. Any exposure resulting in a level higher than 100% exceeds the Limits and requires further action, such as barriers. A level exceeding 100% does not make a site out of compliance. All results are given in General Population percentages even when a site may be considered Occupational.



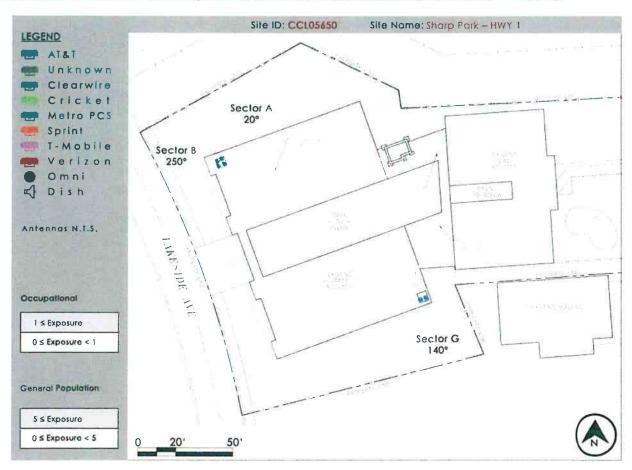
Theoretical Simulation Result Diagram - Cumulative Roof Level (Max Emission = 3765.7% GP)



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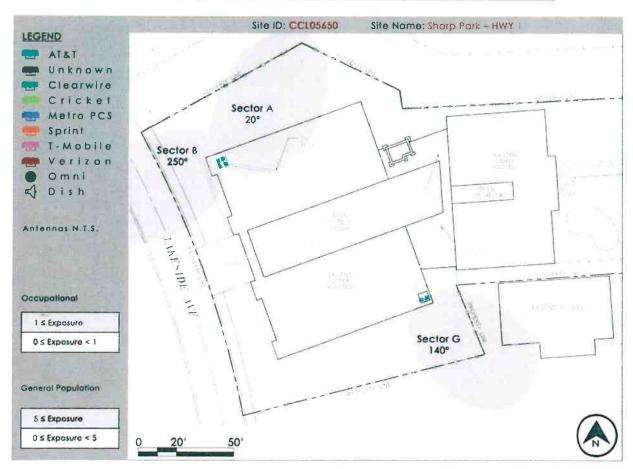
Theoretical Simulation Result Diagram - AT&T Mobility only Ground Level (Max Emission = 10.8% GP)



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Theoretical Simulation Result Diagram - AT&T Mobility only Roof Level (Max Emission = 3765.7% GP)



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Certification

The undersigned is a Professional Engineer, holding a California Registration No. 19677

Reviewed and approved by:

John B. Bachoua, PE

Date: April 12, 2016

The engineering and design of all related structures as well as the impact of the antennas on the structural integrity of the design are specifically excluded from this report's scope of work. This report's scope of work is limited to an evaluation of the Electromagnetic Energy (EME) RF emissions field generated by the antennas listed in this report. When client and others have supplied data, it is assumed to be correct.

FCC MPE Limits (from OET-65)

OSC Engineering uses the FCC's and clients' guidelines to model the computer simulation. Explained in detail in Office of Engineering & Technology, Bulletin No. 65 ("OET-65") "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Radiation".

Occupational/controlled⁶ exposure limits apply to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment and in which those persons who are exposed have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Occupational/controlled exposure limits also apply where exposure is of a transient nature as a result of incidental passage through a location where exposure levels may be above general population/uncontrolled limits (see below), as long as the exposed person has been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means. As discussed later, the occupational/controlled exposure limits also apply to amateur radio operators and members of their immediate household.

General population/uncontrolled? exposure limits apply to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Therefore, members of the general public would always be considered under this category when exposure is not employment-related, for example, in the case of a telecommunications tower that exposes persons in a nearby residential area.

⁶ OET-65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields pg. 9.

⁷ OET-65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields pg. 9.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)8

"The FCC Exposure limits are based on data showing that the human body absorbs RF energy at some frequencies more efficiently than at others. The most restrictive limits occur in the frequency range of 30-300MHz where whole-body absorption of RF energy by human beings is most efficient. At other frequencies whole-body absorption is less efficient. and, consequently, the MPE limits are less restrictive."9

(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range [MHz]	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (3) (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time E 2 H 2 or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842/1	4.89/1	(900/f ²)*	6
32-300	61.4	0.153	1.0	6
300-1500	44		1/300	6
1500-100,000	w.e.	**	5	6

(B) Limits for General Population /Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range iMHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (3) (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time E 2, H 2 or 3 (minutes)		
0.3-1.34	614	63	(100)*	30		
1.34-30	824/1	2.19/1	(180/f2	30		
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30		
300-1500		-	f/1500	30		
1500-100,000			0.1	30		

f= Frequency in MHz

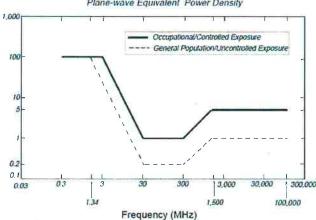
[&]quot;Plane-wave equivalent power density

OET-65 "FCC Guidelines Table 1 pg. 72,
 OET-65 "FCC Guidelines for Evaluating Exposure to RF Emissions", pg. 8

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) continued 10

Figure 1. FCC Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Plane-wave Equivalent Power Density



"MPE Limits are defined in terms of power density (units of milliwatts per centimeter squared: mW/cm²), electric field strength (units of volts per meter: V/m) and magnetic field strength (units of amperes per meter: A/m). In the far-field of a transmitting antenna, where the electric field vector (E), the magnetic field vector (H), and the direction of propagation can be considered to be all mutually orthogonal ("[plane-wave" conditions], these quantities are related by the following equation:

$$S = \frac{E^2}{3770} = 37.7H^2$$

where: S = power density (mW/cm2)

E = electric field strength (V/m)

H = magnetic field strength (A/m)

¹⁰ OET-65 "FCC Guidelines Table 1 pg. 72.

Limitations

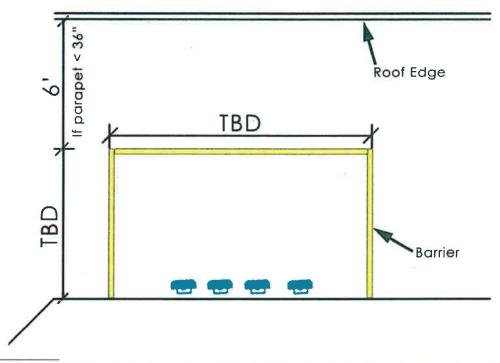
OSC Engineering completed this evaluation analysis based on information and data provided by the client. The data provided by the client is assumed to be accurate. Estimates of the unknown, standard, and additional transmitting sites are noted and based on FCC regulation and client requirements. These are estimated to the best of our professional knowledge. This report is completed by OSC Engineering to determine whether the wireless communications facility complies with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Radio Frequency (RF) Safety Guidelines. The Office of Engineering and Technology (OET-65) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Radiation has been prepared to provide assistance in determining whether proposed or existing transmitting facilities, operations or devices comply with limits for human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) fields adopted by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC)¹¹. As each site is getting upgraded and changed, this report will become obsolete as this report is based on current information per the client, per the date of the report. Use of this document will not hold OSC Engineering Inc. nor it's employees liable legally or otherwise. This report shall not be used as a determination as to what is safe or unsafe on a given site. All workers or other people accessing any transmitting site should have proper EME awareness training. This includes, but is not limited to, obeying posted signage, keeping a minimum distance from antennas, watching EME awareness videos and formal classroom training.

¹¹ OET-65 "FCC Guidelines for Evaluating Exposure to RF Emissions", pg. 1
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EH&S and OSHA Barrier Consideration

Environmental, Health and Safety (EH&S) guidelines prohibit construction of RF safety barriers that extend to, or are within the 6-ft setback from. Unprotected roof edges but do not meet the OSHA fall protection requirements of 29 CFR 1910.23 and 29 CFR 1926.500 through 1926.503. The following details are intended to assist AT&T RF safety engineers and RSVs in meeting the AT&T Mobility RF safety compliance guidelines as defined in ND-00059. Whereas, AT&T employees and contractors working within 6 ft. from an unprotected roof edge must follow OSHA guidelines with respect to fall protection and roof line safety. 12

For Clarity: Unprotected roof edge refers to a parapet less than thirty-six (36) inches in height.



¹² RF Safety Barrier 6-ft Rule v3_ehscmts_EHS cmts_ws, "Installing Radio Frequency (RF) safety barriers on roofs with unprotected edges job aid" Page 1 Overview
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AT&T Antenna Shut-Down Protocol

AT&T provides Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) procedures in Section 9.413 (9.4.1- 9.4.9) in the ND-00059. These procedures are to be followed in the event of anyone who needs access at or in the vicinity of transmitting AT&T antennas. Contact AT&T when accessing the rooftop near the transmitting antennas. Below is information regarding when to contact an AT&T representative.

9.4.7 Maintenance work being performed near transmitting antennas

Whenever anyone is working within close proximity to the transmitting antenna(s), the antenna sector, multiple sectors, or entire cell site may need to be shut down to ensure compliance with the applicable FCC MPE limit. This work may include but is not limited to structural repairs, painting or non-RF equipment services by AT&T personnel/contractors or the owner of a tower, water lank, rooftop, or other low-centerline sites. The particular method of energy control will depend on the scope of work (e.g., duration, impact to the antenna or transmission cabling, etc.) and potential for RF levels to exceed the FCC MPE limits for General Population/Uncontrolled environments

9.4.8 AT&T Employees and Contractors

AT&T employees and contractors performing work on AT&T cell sites must be trained in RF awareness and must exercise control over their exposure to ensure compliance with the FCC MPE limit for Occupational/Controlled Environments ("Occupational MPE Limit").

The rule of staying at least 3 feet from antennas is no longer always adequate to prevent exposure above the Occupational MPE Limit. That general rule was applied early in the development of cellular when omni-directional antennas were primarily used and later when wide-beamwidth antennas were used. That application was then appropriate for the Occupational exposure category. However, the current prevalence of antennas with 60- and 70- degree horizontal half-power beamwidths at urban and suburban GSM and UMTS/HSDPA sites raises some question about the continued reliability of the 3-foot rule. Antennas with low bottom-tip heights and total input powers around 70-80 W can produce exposure levels exceeding the Occupational MPE Limits at 4 feet, and these levels can be augmented by emissions of co-located operators. Therefore, AT&T employees and contractors should apply the above general work procedures and use an RF personal monitor to assess exposure levels within the work vicinity.

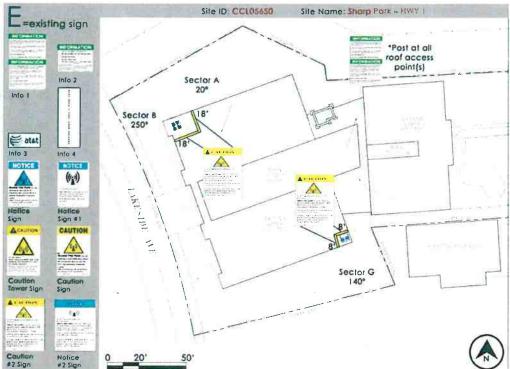
9.4.9 Other Incidental Workers

All other incidental workers who are not trained in RF safety are considered general public and subject to the FCC MPElimits for General Population/Uncontrolled Environments. In such instance, the M-RFSC (primary contact) or R-RFSC (secondary contact) must refer to the Mobility RF site survey plan to assess the potential RF exposure levels associated with the antenna system. If capable of exceeding the FCC General Population/Uncontrolled MPE limit, then local sector/site shutdown is necessary. The FE/FT must also follow the local shutdown procedure and use their RF personal monitor as a screening tool for verification, as necessary.

¹³ ND-00059_Rev_5.1 "Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) Procedures" Page 45.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Access Point Information 1 Sign @ all roof access point(s) (to be posted)
- AT&T Sector A and B
 To be installed: a 18' X
 18' wide physical barrier
 behind sector with
 Caution #2 sign on all
 approaching sides of
 physical barrier
 If the parapet is less
 than 36" in height:
 Barriers must be built a
 minimum of 6 feet away
 from the roof edge to
 comply with OSHA
 safety standards
- AT&T Sector G
 To be installed: a 8' X 8' wide physical barrier behind sector with Caution #2 sign on all approaching sides of physical barrier If the parapet is less than 36" in height: Barriers must be built a minimum of 6 feet away from the roof edge to comply with OSHA safety standards



If work is being performed in the vicinity of the transmitting antennas, site shut-down procedures must be followed. See page entitled <u>AT&T Antenna Shut-down protocol</u> for further information.

VISUAL IMPACT ANALYSIS WIRELESS CELLULAR SITE MODIFICATION, 2580 FRANCISCO BLVD., PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA

Purpose

This visual impact analysis is provided to assist the City in determining potential visual impacts from a proposed cellular antenna expansion project and associated enlargement of the antenna enclosure at 2580 Francisco Boulevard, as viewed from the following locations:

- 1. Highway 1 (Cabrillo Highway)
- 2. Entrance to the Palmetto Avenue corridor (Palmetto Avenue at Clarendon Road)
- 3. Historic Sharp Park Golf Course and club house.

Methodology

The analysis was conducted to determine the visibility and visual character of the existing development and proposed project as viewed from Highway 1, the entrance to the Palmetto Avenue corridor and the Sharp Park Golf Course and club house. The project visibility on Highway 1 was evaluated for a quarter mile in either direction to capture the dynamic view shed from passing motorists.

The visual character of the proposed project was evaluated based on key considerations in visual design of wireless facilities and the City Design Guidelines. The findings of this analysis are presented below.

Findings

The Visual Impact Analysis shows the following:

- The proposed antenna enclosures will be prominent features of the skyline in close proximity to the site. However they will typically not be viewed as such by motorist travelling on Highway 1 corridor considering the line of sight and speed of the motorists.
- 2. Views of the proposed project from the entrance to the Palmetto Avenue corridor are shielded by existing landscaping.
- 3. Views of the proposed project from the Sharp Park Golf Course clubhouse are distant and shielded by mature trees.
- 4. Views from Sharp Park Golf Course are generally shielded by mature trees. Proposed project will be prominently visible from the grounds across Lakeside Avenue, in the vicinity of the site. However, views to the building where golfers typically stop and may look at the surroundings are either shielded by landscaping or not in the typical user's line of sight.
- 5. When visible in the line of sight, the proposed project would appear out of scale as elements of the host building and surrounding context.
- 6. A key consideration in stealth design for wireless antennas is that the design looks reasonably similar to the feature they intend to replicate. However, the proposed enclosures fail to replicate the appearance of chimneys even though that appears to be intent of the project design as referred to in the project application.

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7. The visual impacts of the proposed project may be reduced by downsizing the enclosures or setting them back from the roof corners to reduce their visibility and better integrating them with the architecture of the host building.

The findings of the visual impact analysis are consistent with the City's Design guidelines; project consistency with the Design Guidelines may only potentially be achieved with modifications to the proposed project design as described above in Finding # 7.

The Project

Based on the project plans, the project involves modifications to existing roof mounted cellular antennas located on a 38-foot tall apartment building at 2580 Francisco Boulevard. The existing antennas constitute three sectors for a total of six antennas (four port). These antennas are enclosed in two columnar enclosures, referred to as chimneys in the project application. A single 'chimney' (Enclosure #1) accommodates two antennas and another four antennas are accommodated in a double 'chimney' (Enclosure # 2). Enclosure # 1 is located on the southern side of the building in a corner location facing Francisco Boulevard and Highway 1. Enclosure # 2 is located at the northwestern corner of the building on the side facing Lakeside Avenue to the rear of the property. The existing enclosures are 5-feet by 5-feet and 6-feet in height above the roof.

The project would enlarge the two enclosures to accommodate larger antennas and associated equipment. In Enclosure # 1 an existing antenna will be replaced with a larger antenna (12 port) and in Enclosure #2 two existing antennas will be replaced with larger antennas (12 port). The project will also include installing three Remote Radio Units (RRUs) near antennas inside these enclosures. The size of Enclosure # 1 will be increased to 5-feet by 8-feet by 9-feet in height. Enclosure # 2 will be increased to 8-feet by 10-feet by 9-feet in height. The project includes replacement of equipment inside the existing equipment room on the first floor level of the building.

Setting and Existing Character

The Cypress Point apartment building is located in the Sharp Park Neighborhood in a triangular area bounded by Francisco Boulevard to the east, Clarendon Road to the north, Lakeside Avenue to the west and Laguna Avenue to the south west. The building is divided between the three-story front portion and the rear four-story portion located along Lakeside Avenue. Both Enclosure #1 and #2 are located on the four story portion of the building. (Figure 1. Setting and Existing Character)

Cypress Point is believed to be the tallest building in the Sharp Park neighborhood. Architecturally, it is a boxy building with a flat roof. The built context of the site is characterized by one to three story predominantly residential buildings. The Sharp Park Golf Course grounds are located across Lakeside Avenue to the west-southwest and south of the site. Sharp Park Golf Course club house is located about a quarter mile south of the site. The Sharp Park Golf Course and clubhouse are a historic landmark. The golf course grounds are bordered by a thick row of trees next to Lakeside Avenue. Highway 1 runs parallel to Francisco Boulevard to the east of the site. Highway 1, in the area of the site, is eligible for State Scenic Highway designation. The Palmetto Avenue corridor is a streetscape project with significant public investment. Entrance to the Palmetto Avenue corridor is located to the northwest of the site at the Clarendon Road and Palmetto Avenue intersection.



Figure 1. Setting and Existing Character.

The antenna enclosures and host building are visible from various locations on north and south bound Highway 1. Exhibit 1 depicts these views as seen by motorists driving on north and southbound Highway 1. The views of the building and the antenna enclosures from entrance to the Palmetto Avenue corridor are shielded by trees (Exhibit 2). The views from the Sharp Park Golf Course club house and areas of the course near the club house and to the west are distant and are also shielded by trees. The building and the antenna enclosures are visible from limited locations in the Golf Course, specifically in areas in proximity to the site adjacent to the pathway in the golf course that runs along Lakeside Avenue. (Exhibit 3)

Visual Impact Analysis

Key Considerations

The visual impact analysis begins with a good understanding of the site and surroundings. It includes an understanding of the proposed project design and an evaluation of the facility siting with the existing structure and environment by means of placement, architectural compatibility, camouflage, color and landscaping.

Visual impacts of wireless communication facilities can be minimized through the following measures:

- Appropriate placement with consideration of visual prominence
- Compatibility of scale, shape, mass and form within their context.
- Use of materials and colors similar to those found on the subject building and in the context that serve to obscure the facility.
- Stealth designs that look reasonably similar to building features they intend to replicate.
- Maintenance and enhancement existing vegetation and provision of new landscape material to screen proposed facilities, where necessary.

Visual Characteristics: Site and the Project

The building covers the majority of the site and is architecturally blocky with a flat roof that includes exaggerated overhangs. The existing antenna enclosures are columnar in shape and project 6-feet above the roof line. The enlarged enclosures will feature a 50 percent increase in height, from 6-feet to 9-feet, which is a substantial increase. They will be bulkier with a 60 percent (Enclosure #1) and a 220 percent (Enclosure #2) increase in their size. The applicant has proposed to cover the enclosures, include a trim and paint color to match the building in an attempt to integrate them with the building.

Visual Impact Assessment

The columnar shape and form of the antenna enclosures is consistent with the blocky form of the building. However, as elements of the overall architecture, the proposed enclosures appear out of proportion with the rest of the building due to their height, size and bulk in proportion to the building scale. As architectural features, they appear more like elevator shafts/small rooms on the building rather than chimneys in this context. Their location at the roof corners above the overhangs is also a factor in their visual prominence in the context of lower surrounding buildings.

Highway 1 Impacts.

The viewers from this location are motorists travelling on Highway 1. The existing enclosures are visible from the highway as shown in Exhibit 1, particularly in areas where there are gaps in the rows of mature trees. Based on the visual study from Highway 1, the impact of the proposed project would not be substantial from distant views considering the distance and the speed of motorists traversing this stretch of the highway. The antenna enclosures, although more prominently visible closer to the site, would not register as such in the line of sight of the motorists as shown in the views through gaps in landscaping on northbound Highway 1 and views from southbound Highway 1 at the overpass above Clarendon Avenue (See, Exhibit 4, Location 6 N and Location 5 S). Exhibit 5 and 6 include visual simulations, provided by the applicant, depicting the existing and enlarged enclosures from Highway 1 as they would appear in close proximity to the site. These exhibits depict the antenna enclosures looking at the site, which would not be the viewing angle for motorists travelling down Highway 1 at this point.

Entrance to Palmetto Avenue.

The viewers from the entrance to the Palmetto Avenue corridor are pedestrians and motorist. Views of the site, the host building and antenna enclosures from this location are shielded by existing mature trees. Adverse visual impacts from this location are not anticipated as a result of the presence of existing landscaping.

Sharp Park Golf Course and club house.

Views from the Sharp Park Golf course clubhouse are mitigated by distance and mature trees. Views from the Sharp Park Golf course are generally mitigated by mature trees as well distance in the areas of the golf course closer to the club house and further away to the west. The proposed project will be prominently visible from Sharp Park Golf Course grounds across Lakeside Avenue, closer to the site, as shown from Location 1, Exhibit 3. However, the views to the building in areas north of the club house where golfers typically stop and may look at the surroundings are either shielded by landscaping or not in the typical user's line of sight (Location 2-4, Exhibit 3). For example. Location 2, Exhibit 3 is the location of the 18th hole tee, 350 yards from the 18th hole green. Golfers would thus walk by location 1 looking south and not east in the direction of the building.

City Design Guidelines

City of Pacifica has adopted Design Guidelines as one step in the effort to maintain the quality of the City's development where desirable attributes exist and to improve the quality of development where such attributes are lacking. The following City Design Guidelines pertaining to site planning, building design and landscaping are relevant to this project. Major areas of evaluation for project consistency with the Design Guidelines include the following:

Site Planning.

i. Screening. Exterior trash and storage areas, service yards, landing docks and ramps, electrical utility boxes, etc., should be screened from view of all nearby streets and adjacent structures in a manner that is compatible with building and site design. Such facilities should be conveniently located, but must not interfere with the circulation and parking on the site.

The purpose of the existing enclosures and their proposed enlargement is to screen and conceal roof mounted wireless antennas. However, while the proposed project would succeed in hiding the antennas, the scale and size of these screening elements is not compatible with the building design. As previously indicated, stealth designs should look reasonably similar to building features they intend to replicate. The proposed enlargement of the existing enclosures is out of scale with the building due to their bulk and size and these elements do not possess the appearance of chimneys for a residential building.

The enclosures are prominently visible from Highway 1 through the gaps in rows of mature trees as one approaches the site. Enclosure # 2 is prominently visible from limited areas of the Sharp Park Golf Course in proximity of the site across Lakeside Avenue. The enclosures are also visible from Lakeside Avenue and Francisco Avenue. The proposed enlargement would further exaggerate their visibility. The project would not interfere with circulation and parking on the site.

Building Design.

The City's building design guidelines are directed at buildings, whereas the proposed project is intended as screening for wireless antennas mounted on the roof of the building. However, these guidelines can be applied to this project as it proposes the appearance of an architectural feature in its design (stealth design).

ii. Design. The style and design of new buildings should be in character with that of the surrounding neighborhood. This does not mean that new buildings should be identical to existing buildings on neighboring lots, but that new buildings should complement, enhance, and reinforce the positive characteristics of surrounding development. This can be accomplished by incorporating the dominant architectural features of an area into the design of new development. Such features may include bay windows, chimneys, balconies, porches, roof shapes, and other architectural details and materials.

Additions to an existing structure should also retain and/or be consistent with the positive architectural features of the original structure.

In terms of building design, the columnar shape and form of the said enclosures is consistent with the blocky form of the building and the project includes trim details and color that match the existing building. However, as architectural features, they appear more like elevator shafts/small rooms on the building as they are out of proportion with the residential scale of the building for these features to classify as chimneys in this context.

iii. Scale. An important aspect of design compatibility is scale. Scale is the measure of the relationship of the relative overall size of one structure with one or more other structures. Scale is also used to refer to a group of buildings, a neighborhood, or an entire city. A development can be "out of scale" with its surroundings due to its relative height, bulk, mass, or density.

A structure which is out of scale with its site and neighborhood threatens the integrity of the overall streetscape, and residential projects, particularly single-family dwellings, which are much larger than neighboring structures are therefore discouraged. The City's height limitation is a maximum only, and the maximum height may often be inappropriate when considered in the context of surrounding development and topography. The "carrying capacity" of a given site is also an important factor in determining appropriate scale and lot coverage. As with the height limitation, the City's lot coverage limitation is a maximum only.

The buildings in the vicinity of the project site are one to three story structures. The building on the project site is the largest and tallest building in the area. Each floor of this building is approximately 9'-6" high. The enlarged enclosures would project nine (9) feet above the building and would be about a floor in height. The bulk of the enclosures would also increase with a 60 percent increase in the size of Enclosure #1 and 100 percent increase in the height of Enclosure #2 rendering them out of scale with the building on the project site and surrounding lower buildings.

iv. Details. Use architectural features and details to help create a sense of human scale. Wall insets, balconies, window projections, etc., are examples of building elements which may help reduce the scale of larger buildings.

The proposed project includes a trim on all sides that matches the trim of the building, although this detail does not appear to reduce its scale as this detail does not appear to visually reduce the height or size of the enclosures.

v. Materials. Compatibility of materials is an essential ingredient in design quality. In areas with either historic or architecturally significant structures, the use of similar exterior construction materials should be used in new construction in order to maintain neighborhood character. Consistency and congruity of materials and design elements on individual structures is also important.

The proposed enclosures would be constructed of Fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) material for the exterior skin, which is the same material used for the existing enclosure structures. Based on the visual simulations provided by the applicant, this material as textured and painted would blend in with the host building. The Sharp Park Golf Course clubhouse is a historical structure, however, adverse impact on this building is not anticipated as a result of the distance between the clubhouse and the proposed project

vi. Color. Building color should be compatible with the neighborhood and should reinforce and complement the visual character of the building's environment. Multiple colors applied to a single building should relate to changes of material or form.

The project proposes colors that match the colors on the building and, in that regard, the project blends in with the building.

Landscaping.

Although the functional character of the proposed project is to serve as screening for the wireless antennas on the roof of the building, an evaluation of the consistency of the project with the landscaping guidelines looks upon the proposed project an architectural features based upon their visual character. Hence the finding pertaining to the purpose of landscaping, as discussed below, is relevant in this context.

vii. Purpose. Landscaping should not be used to screen or hide an otherwise unacceptable building. Building Architecture should stand on its own, with landscaping incorporated as an integral element of overall project design."

No landscaping is proposed or existing landscaping removed within the scope of this project. The proposed project is screened from view by mature trees from the entrance to the Palmetto Avenue corridor, Sharp Park Golf Course club house, and certain locations along Highway 1, and the Sharp Park Golf Course. However, the architecture would not stand on its own as the proposed enclosures would appear out of scale in their surroundings and out of proportion with the host building.

Recommendations.

This study identifies the following options that may be considered for reducing the visual impacts of the proposed project:

<u>Relocation</u>: The proposed antenna enclosures should be setback from the roof corners. At a minimum, they should be setback on the roof such that their outward faces are aligned with the walls of the building. This measure would also help to integrate them better with the architecture of the building. (Exhibit 7)

<u>Architectural Integration</u>: Inclusion of a 36-inch high parapet wall around the edges of the roof of the building would visually reduce the scale of the proposed project in relation to the building. However, this option would require an increase in the height of the host building as a result of the parapet. (Exhibit 8)

<u>Reduction in height and size</u>: This measure would need further exploration to ensure a balance between the visual and functional requirements of the project. It may be possible to choose alternative antennas and equipment for desired wireless service that allows for a reduction in the size and height of the proposed project.

Additional landscaping is not identified as a feasible option because of the limitations of the site for new plantings. In addition, the height of the building makes it difficult to have landscaping tall enough or dense enough to adequately screen the roof.

Conclusions

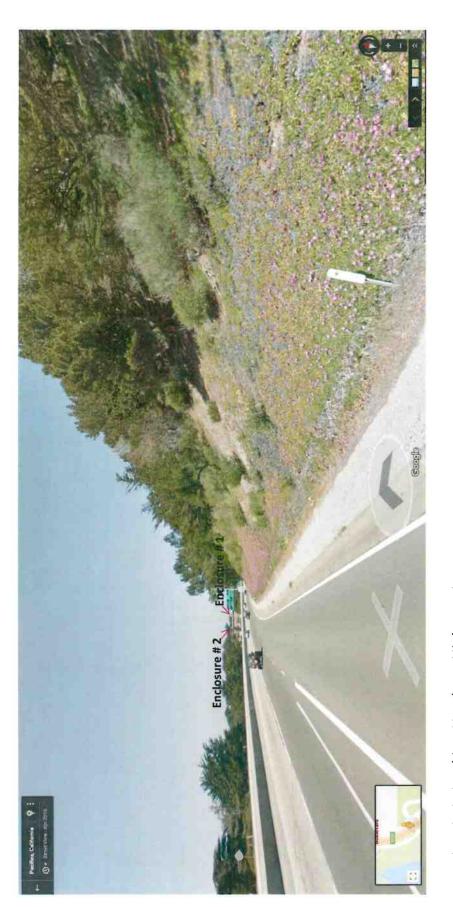
The scale and size of the proposed antenna enclosures would not be compatible with the building design. The intent of the existing stealthing enclosures is to appear as residential chimneys. Due to the increased size of the proposed enclosures, they do not possess the appearance of chimneys for a residential building, but more like elevator shafts/small rooms on the roof of the building. Implementation of the recommendations above would reduce the impact from the scale and size of the proposed enclosures.

Areas sensitive to impacts on surrounding visual resources, including the Palmetto Avenue and Clarendon Road intersection, Highway 1, and the Sharp Park Golf Course and club house were analyzed. Limited locations along Highway 1 in close proximity to the site, and limited locations within the Sharp Park Golf

Course in close proximity to the site (E.g., 18th hole, approximately 80 yards south of the tee) would provide views of the notable visual change, however, as further discussed above, typical users in each of these locations would not typically be looking at the proposed project site. Therefore the impacts on visual resources of these areas would be negligible, with the implementation of the recommendations provided above.

Exhibit 1

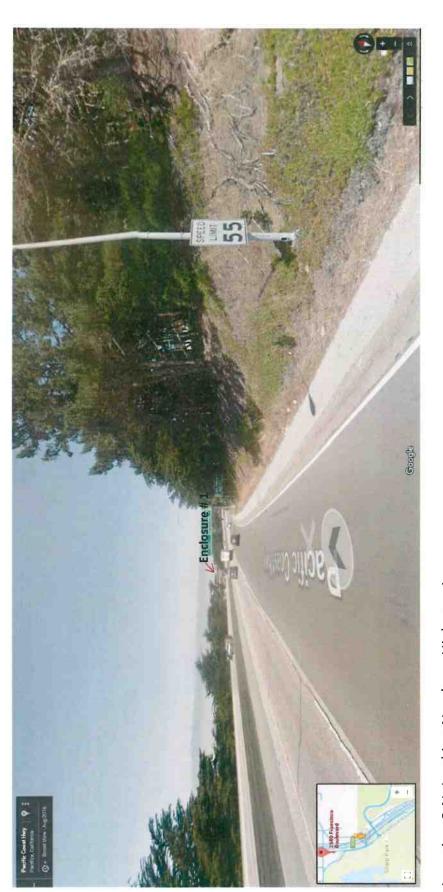
Project Visibility: North and Southbound Highway 1 Corridor



Location 1 N. Looking North on Highway 1.



Approximate Location Key



Location 2 N. Looking North on Highway 1



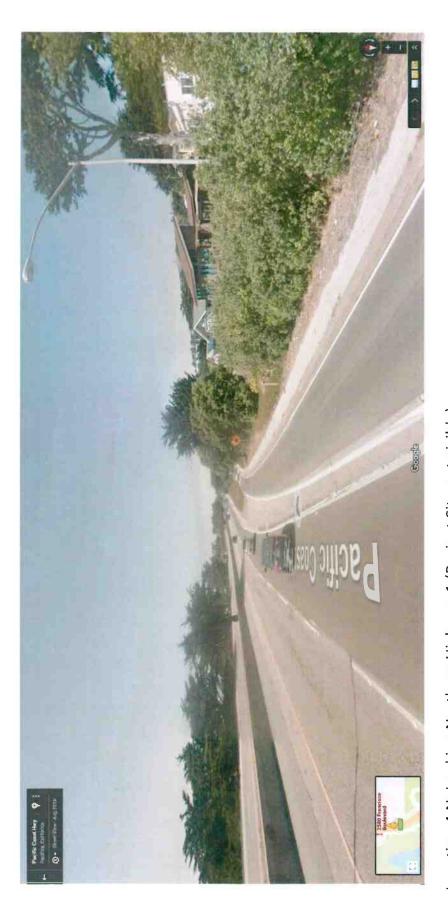
Approximate Location Key



Location 3 N. Looking North on Highway 1



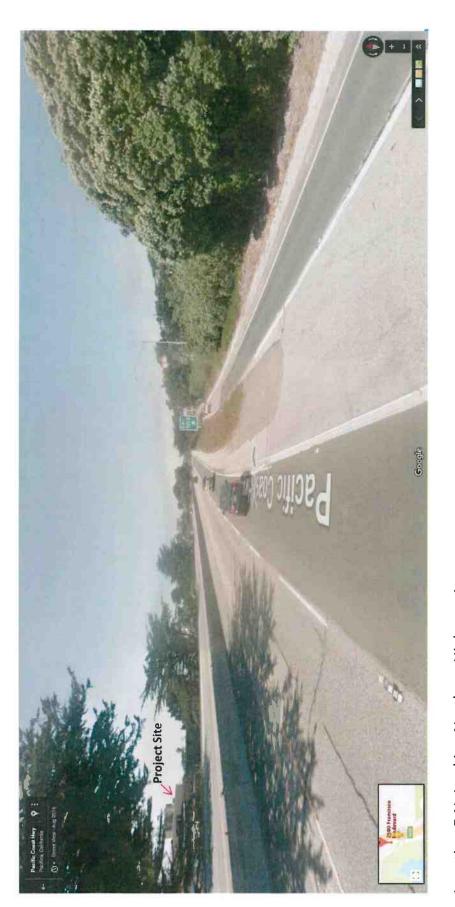
Approximate Location Key



Location 4 N. Looking North on Highway 1 (Project Site not visible)



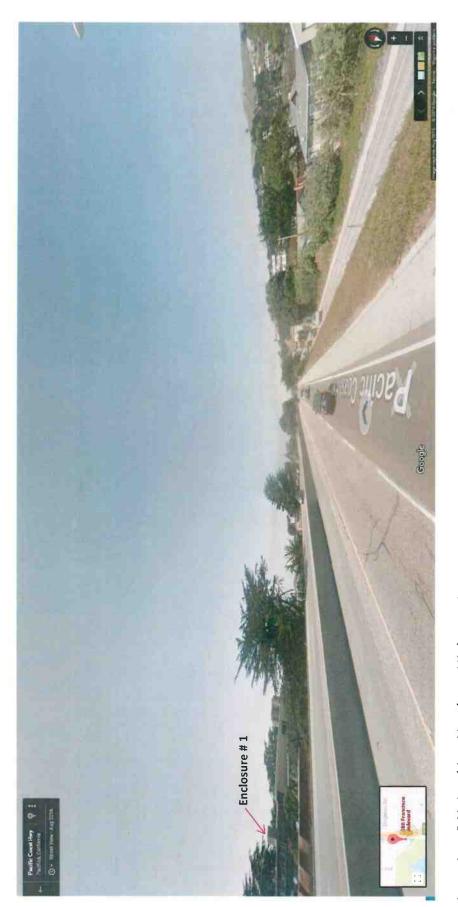
Approximate Location Key



Location 5 N. Looking North on Highway 1



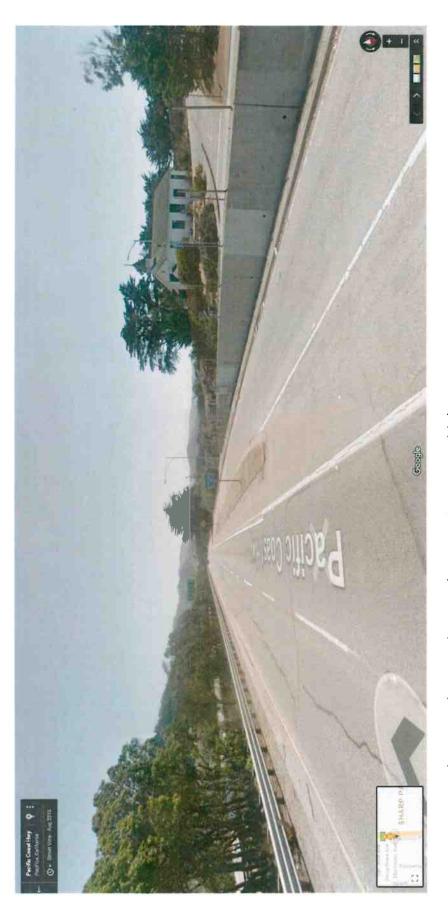
Approximate Location Key



Location 6 N. Looking North on Highway 1



Approximate Location Key 🦰



Location 1 S. Looking South on Highway 1 (Project Site not visible)



Approximate Location Key



Location 2 S. Looking South on Highway 1 (Project Site not visible)



Approximate Location Key



Location 3 S. Looking South on Highway 1



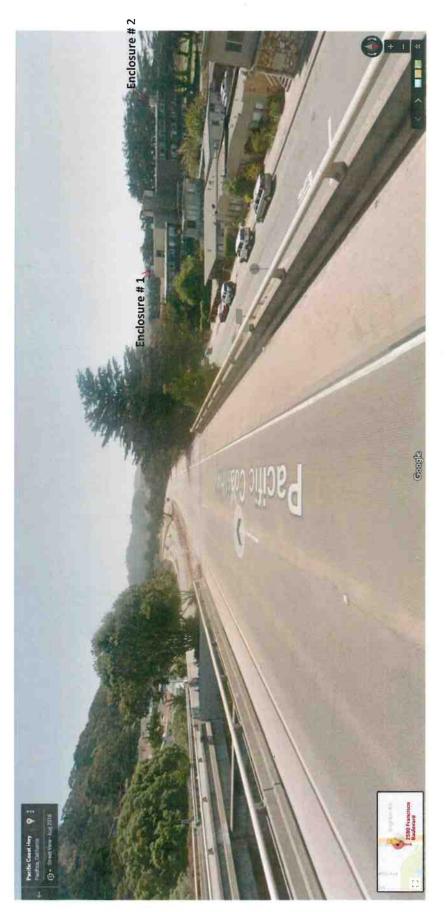
Approximate Location Key



Location 4 S. Looking South on Highway 1



Approximate Location Key ---



Location 5 S. Looking South on Highway 1



Approximate Location Key



Location 6 S. Looking South on Highway 1



Approximate Location Key —

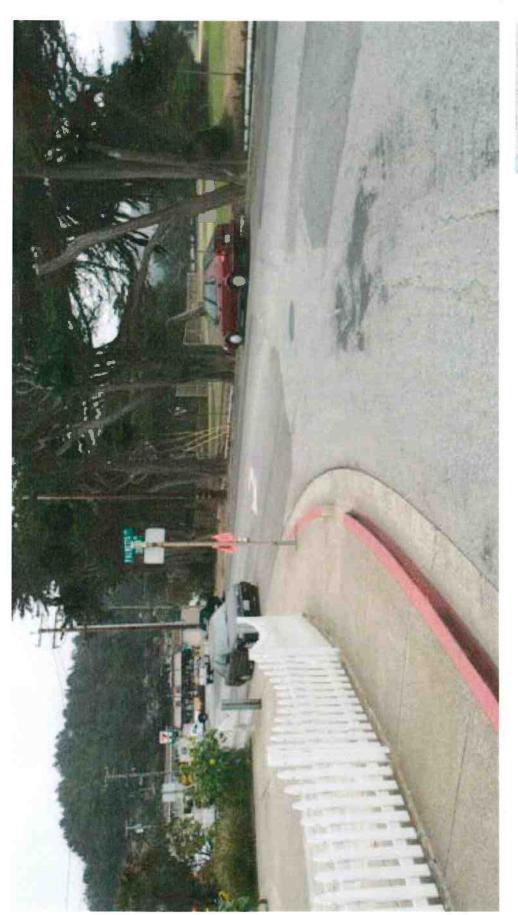
Exhibit 2

Project Visibility: Entrance to Palmetto Avenue Corridor

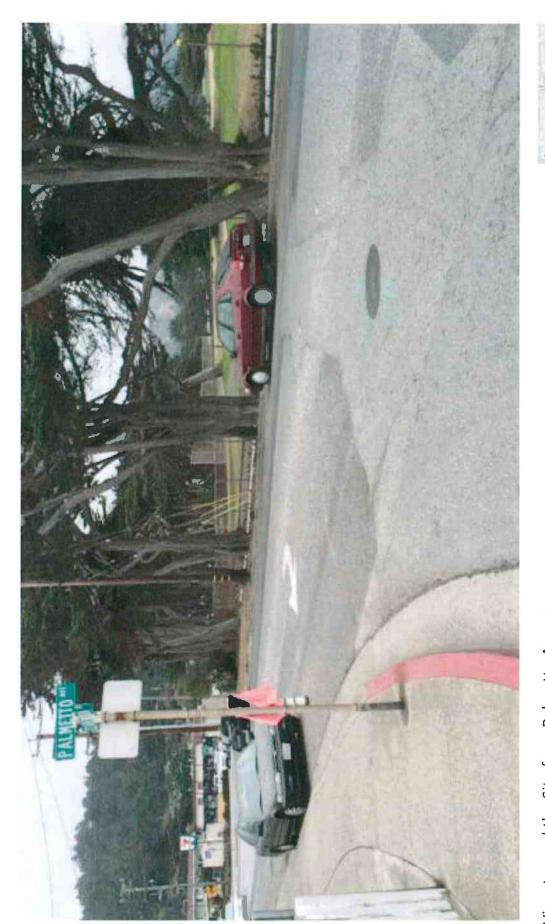




View toward the Site from Palmetto Avenue and Clarendon Road



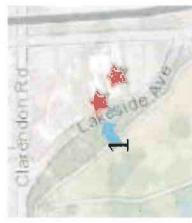
View toward the Site from Palmetto Avenue



View toward the Site from Palmetto Avenue

Exhibit 3

Project Visibility: Sharp Park Golf Course and Golf Course Club House



Location 1. View toward the Site from Sharp Park Golf Course

Location Key



Location 2. View toward the Site from Sharp Park Golf Course

Location Key



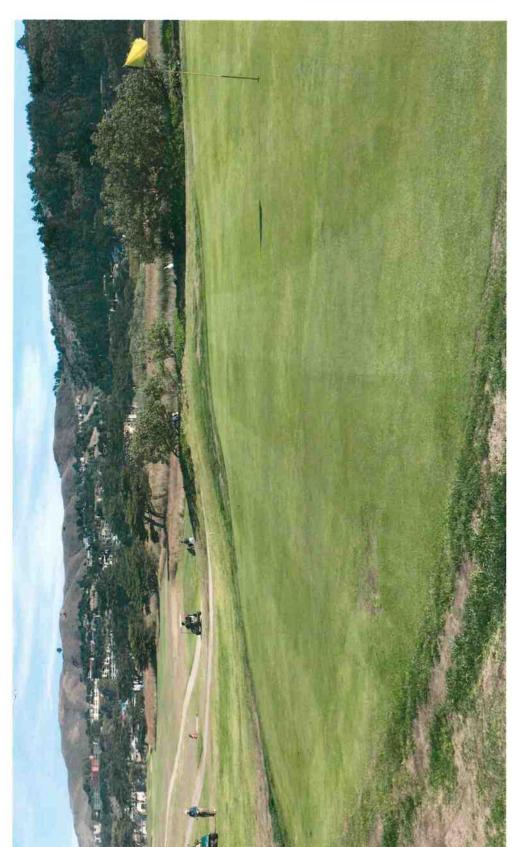


Location 3. View toward the Site from Sharp Park Golf Course



Location 4. View toward the Site from Sharp Park Golf Course

Location Key



Location 5. View toward the Site from Sharp Park Golf Course



Location Key





View toward the Site from Sharp Park Golf Course club house





Location Key

View toward the Site from Sharp Park Golf Course club house



View toward the Site from Sharp Park Golf Course club house

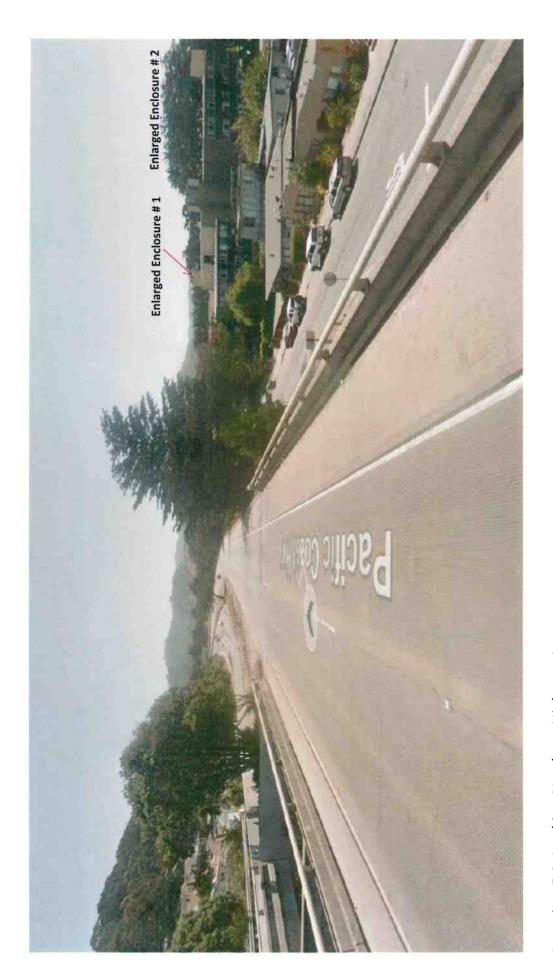
Location Key

Exhibit 4

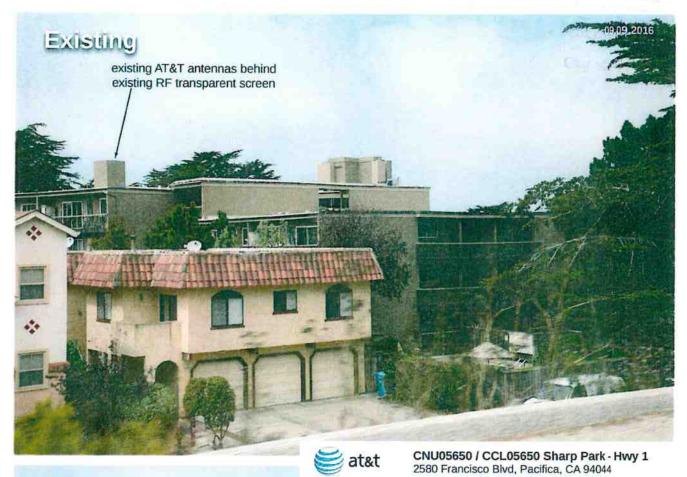
Visual Impact: Northbound and Southbound Highway 1 corridor

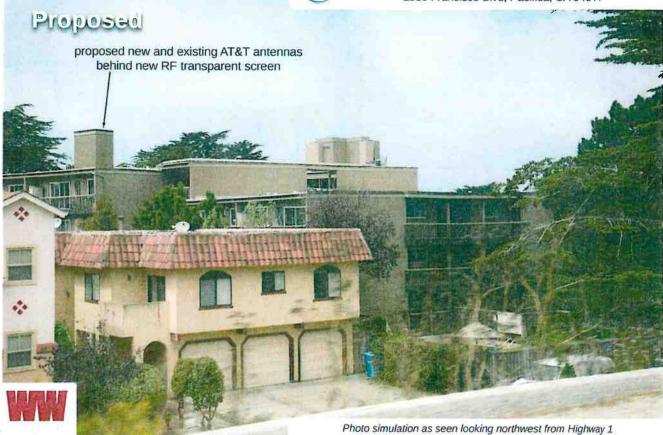


Location 6 N. Looking North on Highway 1



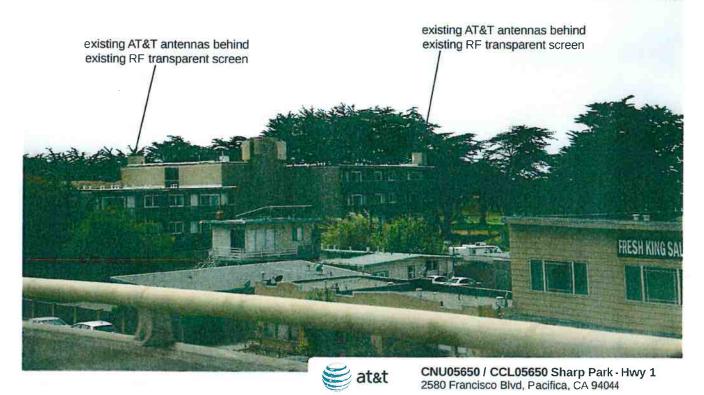
Location 5 S. Looking North on Highway 1



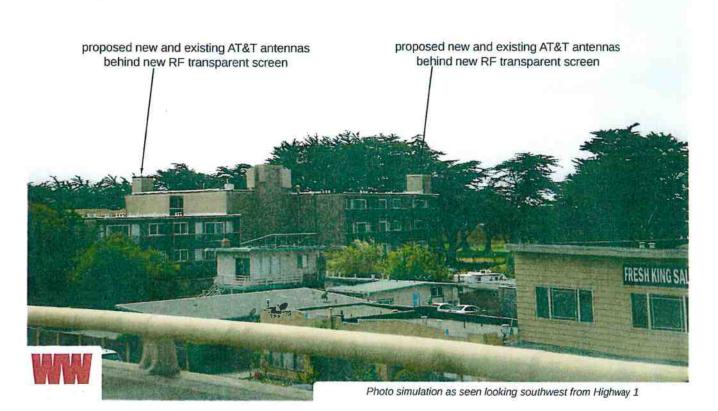




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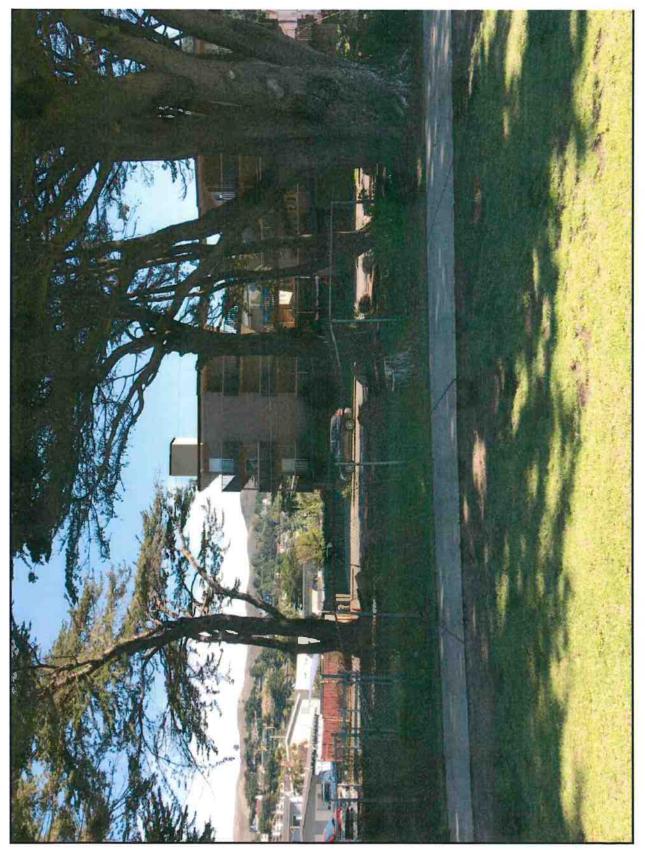


Exhibit 7. Photo simulation looking east across Lakeside Avenue with recommended relocation of equipment

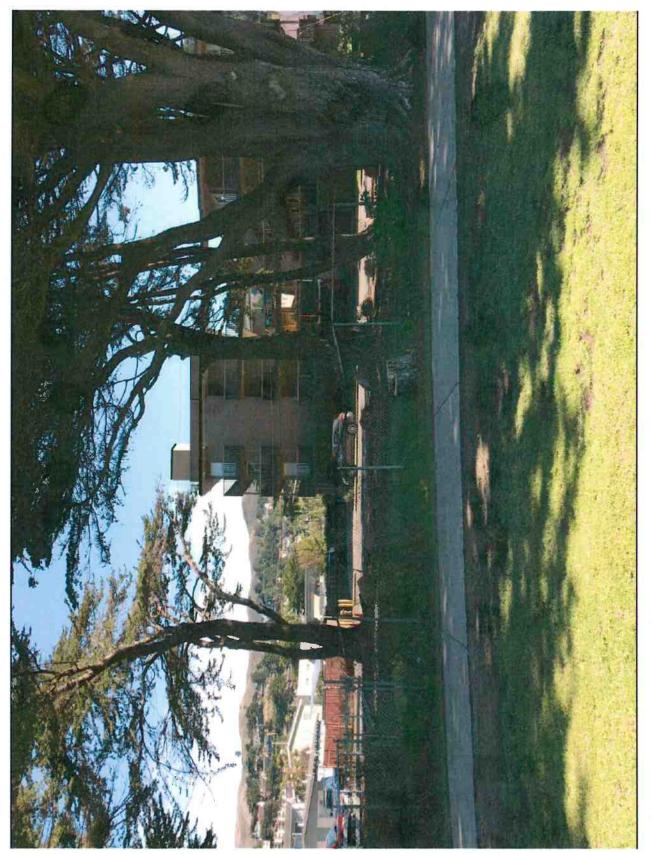


Exhibit 8. Photo simulation looking east across Lakeside Avenue with recommended relocation and parapet



Ericsson on behalf of

ALTERNATIVE SITE ALALYSIS

CCL056500 - 3C Modification Project 2580 Francisco Blvd. Pacifica APN 016-400-060

JUL 2 8 2015

AT&T is proposing to modify its existing site located on a rooftop of a three story building at 2580 Francisco Blvd. in Pacifica.

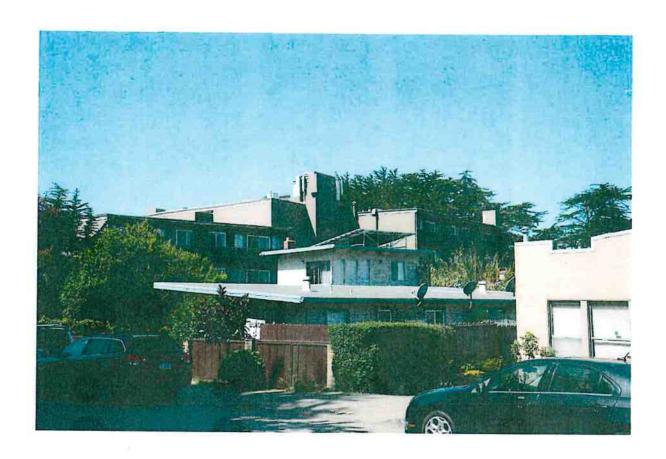
The existing cell site consists of three sectors with (2) four port antennas per sector for a total of (6) four port antennas mounted inside two foe chimneys, both chimneys are 5' x 5' and 6' in height. Two of the sectors, ((4) four port antennas) are combined into a single chimney.

The modification consists of replacing (1) four port antenna per sector with (1) twelve port antenna for a total of (3) twelve port antennas, and adding (3) RRUs, inside the foe chimneys. In order to accommodate the new larger and taller antennas, and the new RRUs, AT&T is proposing to enlarge the size of the foe chimneys to 5' x 8' and 8' x 10' and 9' in height. The new antennas are 6' high and the additional chimney height is necessary to accommodate the mount and the cables attached at the bottom of the antennas.

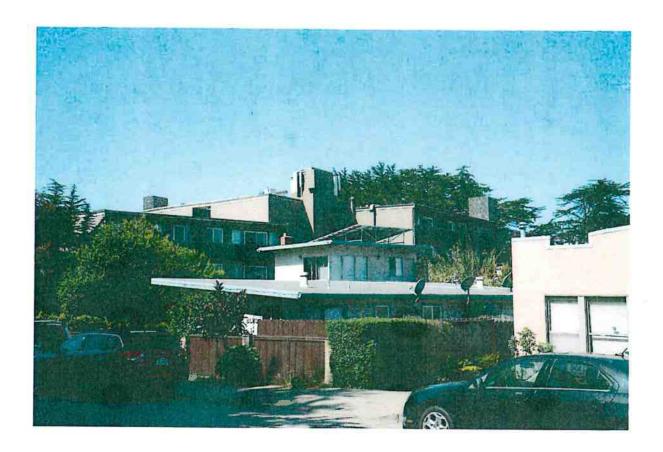
Below is a site view from Francisco Blvd. showing the existing and proposed chimneys.

6140 Stoneridge Mall Road, Suite 350 Pleaseanton, CA 94588

EXISTING



PROPOSED



More views are available, please see attached.

This modification is necessary in order to increase the speed for data and increase the capacity for data and voice. Below are propagation maps showing the "before and after" coverage which is not significant because as mentioned above, the objective is to increase capacity and speed, and not coverage.

Indoor LTE 4G Service Coverage BEFORE Antenna Mods: CCL05650 July 14, 2016



Indoor LTE 4G Service Coverage AFTER Antenna Mods: CCL05650 July 14, 2016



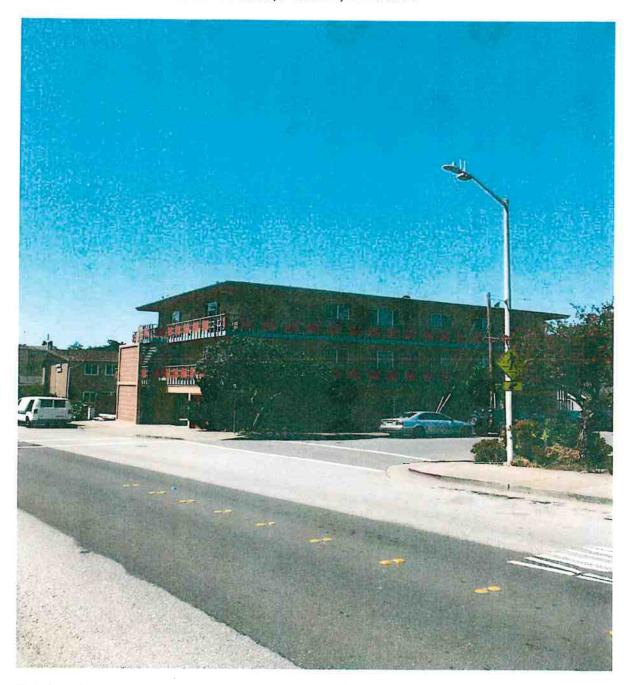
AT&T RF STATEMENT

The proposed modification at: 2580 San Francisco Blvd Pacifica, CA 94044, is necessary in order to improve the performance and capacity of the existing 4G LTE network. Currently the site is configured as a two carriers (channel) LTE base station. This means that over half of the potential performance of the 4G LTE network was currently not realized. This is especially impactful for those who rely on the ATT network for broadband data services and who increasingly use their mobile phones as their primary communication device (landlines to residences have decreased significantly) and rely on their mobile phones to do more (E911, GPS, web access, text, etc.). The proposed modification will provide substantial improvement in service to residents in the area that will allow them to fully experience the advantage of ATT's high speed 4G LTE

4G LTE is capable of delivering speeds up to 10 times faster than industry-average 3G speeds. LTE technology also offers lower latency, or the processing time it takes to move data through a network, such as how long it takes to start downloading a webpage or file once you've sent the request. Lower latency helps to improve the quality of personal wireless services. What's more, LTE uses spectrum more efficiently than other technologies, creating more space to carry data traffic and services and to deliver a better overall network experience. AT&T designs and builds and expands its wireless network as necessary to satisfy its customer service standards, which ensure customers receive reliable high speed data.

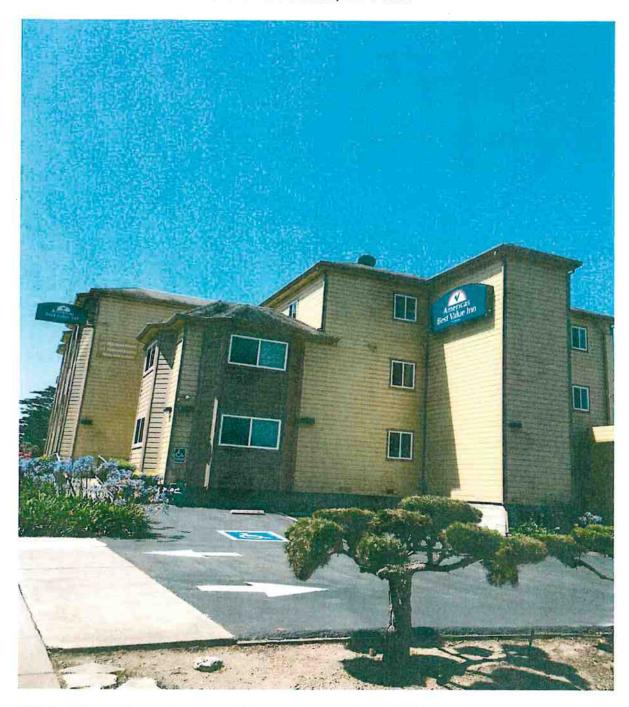
In order to minimize the visual impact of the enlarged site, AT&T has considered alternative locations:

Location # 1: 2040 Francisco Blvd, Pacifica, CA 94044



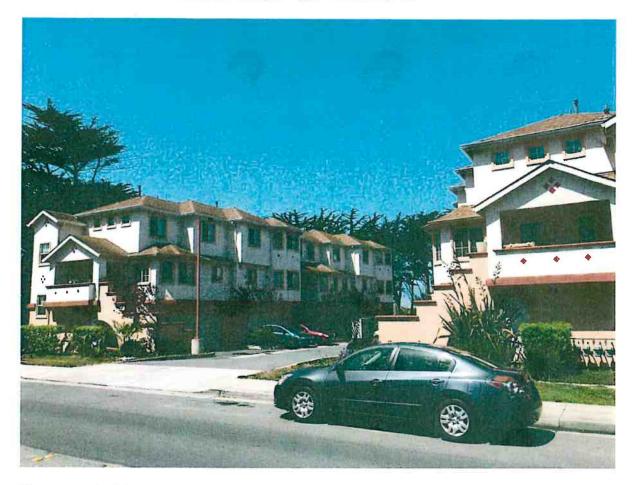
This location was not considered because the low height of the building will not serve the project objective. The lack of height would decrease the existing coverage.

Location # 2: 2160 Francisco Blvd Pacifica, CA 94044



This building is located on top of the terrain elevation which makes it too high for our objective. The additional height in the terrain would cause shadowing in the coverage.

Location # 3: 2590 Francisco Blvd, Pacifica, CA 94044



These two buildings are located next to our exiting site. Because of the architectural similarities we concluded that a new cell site will alter the visual integrity and architecture of the buildings.